

# **AV CONCEPT HOLDINGS LIMITED**

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司) Stock Code 股份代號: 595

ANNUAL REPORT 2021 FERE



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# Financial Highlights 財務重點

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′million	2020	2019	2018	2017
			二零二零年	二零一九年	二零一八年	二零一七年
			HK\$'million	HK\$'million	HK\$'million	HK\$'million
		百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元
Revenue	收益					
<ul> <li>– Semiconductor distribution</li> <li>– Consumer product and</li> </ul>	<ul><li>一半導體分銷</li><li>一消費類產品及</li></ul>	1,190.4	1,259.2	1,602.4	1,592.1	1,304.9
product sourcing business	產品採購業務	47.1	74.9	88.5	66.9	36.8
– Venture capital	一創投	-	_	_	0.8	-
– Others	一其他	3.7	3.2	7.9	3.1	0.7
		1,241.2	1,337.3	1,698.8	1,662.9	1,342.4
Profit/(loss) before interest, tax, depreciation, amortisation and non-cash items	除利息、税項、折舊、 攤銷及非現金項目前 溢利/(虧損)					
– Corporate	一公司	(33.9)	(33.8)	(26.0)	(34.3)	(22.2)
– Venture capital	一創投	(19.4)	(16.0)	(20.0)	(54.5)	(22.2)
– Semiconductor distribution	一半導體分銷	354.7	192.1	154.5	161.5	227.2
– Consumer product and	一消費類產品及					
product sourcing business	產品採購業務	(16.5)	(25.0)	(20.4)	(4.7)	(7.6)
– Others	一其他	(13.5)	(7.4)	(10.1)	(10.1)	(6.4)
		271.4	109.9	69.9	160.3	205.0
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	(3.6)	(4.8)	(4.3)	(3.6)	(3.0)
Profit for the year attributable to	以下人士應佔本年度溢利					
– Owners of the Company	山下八 <u>工</u> 應旧平平反 <u>一</u> 不 一本公司擁有人	269.8	93.5	57.3	163.3	276.1
– Non-controlling interests	一非控股權益	(0.3)	(2.7)	(2.1)	(0.4)	270.1
	7月上以催血	(0.5)	(2.7)	(2.1)	(0.4)	
		269.5	90.8	55.2	162.9	276.1
Dividend	股息					
– Proposed final	- 建議末期	27.3	22.7	18.2	18.5	15.5
Dividend per share (HK cents)	每股股息(港仙)					
– Proposed final	一建議末期	3.0	2.5	2.0	2.0	2.0



# Financial Highlights 財務重點

		2021 二零二一年	2020	2019	2018	2017
			二零二零年	二零一九年	二零一八年	二零一七年
		HK\$'million	HK\$'million	HK\$'million	HK\$'million	HK\$'million
		百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元
Total assets	資產總值	1,586.6	1,393.8	1,317.0	1,405.8	1,280.9
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債	1,440.2	1,198.4	1,132.5	1,106.9	1,094.0
Total equity	權益總額	1,425.0	1,181.0	1,115.6	1,086.7	1,078.3
	世书立印任名信		1015	76 5	126.6	440.4
Borrowings and lease liabilities	借款及租賃負債	1.6	104.5	76.5	136.6	118.4
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及等同現金項目	124.3	87.7	106.0	233.9	111.6
Equity investments at fair value	透過損益按公平價值列賬					
through profit or loss	之股本投資	-	-	-	99.3	102.1
Financial assets at fair value	透過損益按公平價值列賬					
through profit or loss (included	之金融資產(計入流動資					
in current assets)	產)	48.2	79.8	117.6	-	
		172.5	167.5	223.6	333.2	213.7
Total debt to total equity	債務總額與權益總額之					
	比率	0.1%	9%	7%	13%	11%
Current assets to current liabilities	流動資產與流動負債之 比率	176%	176%	215%	195%	335%
Cash and cash equivalents and	<sup>比平</sup> 每股現金及等同現金項目	170%	170%	21370	195%	555%
financial assets at fair value	及透過損益按公平價值					
through profit or loss (included	列賬之金融資產(計入					
in current assets) per share (HK\$)	流動資產)(港元)	0.19	0.18	0.25	0.36	0.23
Total equity per share (HK\$)	每股權益總額(港元)	1.57	1.30	1.23	1.18	1.16
Revenue to property, plant and	收益與物業、廠房及					
equipment and right-of-use assets (x)	) 設備以及使用權資產 比率(倍)	20.2	27.0	42.0	26.1	24.2
Revenue to inventories (x)	山平(后) 收益與存貨比率(倍)	38.3 36.8	37.8 16.2	42.9 27.3	36.1 10.4	34.2 17.2
Revenue to trade receivables (x)	收益與應收貿易賬款	50.0	10.2	27.5	10.4	17.2
	収益央應収員勿販減 比率(倍)	35.6	16.9	23.9	24.5	27.2
Revenue to trade payables, deposits	收益與應付貿易賬款、	55.0	10.5	23.3	24.5	21.2
received and accrued expenses (x)	已收按金及應計費用					
	比率(倍)	43.4	30.8	35.3	13.0	24.2
Revenue to borrowings (x)	收益與借款比率(倍)	N/A	13.7	23.5	12.4	11.6
	- · ····	不適用				



# **Corporate Information** 公司資料

# **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

# **Executive Directors**

Dr. So Yuk Kwan *(Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)* Mr. So Kevin Chi Heng Mr. So Chi Sun Sunny

# **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

Dr. Lui Ming Wah, sBS, JP Mr. Charles Edward Chapman Mr. Lai Yat Hung Edmund Mr. Wong Ka Kit (resigned on 28 August 2020)

# CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER AND COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Chan Chi Hang

# **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Dr. Lui Ming Wah, sBS, JP (*Chairman*) Mr. Charles Edward Chapman Mr. Lai Yat Hung Edmund Mr. Wong Ka Kit (resigned on 28 August 2020)

# **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Dr. Lui Ming Wah, sBS, JP (*Chairman*) Mr. Charles Edward Chapman Mr. Lai Yat Hung Edmund Mr. Wong Ka Kit (resigned on 28 August 2020)

# NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Dr. Lui Ming Wah, sBS, JP (*Chairman*) Mr. Charles Edward Chapman Mr. Lai Yat Hung Edmund Mr. Wong Ka Kit (resigned on 28 August 2020)

# **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE**

Dr. Lui Ming Wah, SBS, JP *(Chairman)* Mr. Charles Edward Chapman Mr. Lai Yat Hung Edmund Mr. Wong Ka Kit (resigned on 28 August 2020)

# **REGISTERED OFFICE**

P. O. Box 309 Ugland House Grand Cayman, KY1-1104 Cayman Islands

# 董事會

<mark>執行董事</mark> 蘇煜均博士*(主席兼行政總裁)* 蘇智恒先生 蘇智燊先生

# 獨立非執行董事

呂明華博士,sBS·太平紳士 Charles Edward Chapman先生 黎逸鴻先生 黃家傑先生(於二零二零年八月二十八日辭任)

# 首席財務總監兼公司秘書

陳志恒先生

# 審核委員會

呂明華博士,SBS·太平紳士(主席) Charles Edward Chapman先生 黎逸鴻先生 黃家傑先生(於二零二零年八月二十八日辭任)

# 薪酬委員會

呂明華博士,sBS·太平紳士(主席) Charles Edward Chapman先生 黎逸鴻先生 黃家傑先生(於二零二零年八月二十八日辭任)

# 提名委員會

呂明華博士,sBS·太平紳士(主席) Charles Edward Chapman先生 黎逸鴻先生 黃家傑先生(於二零二零年八月二十八日辭任)

# 企業管治委員會

呂明華博士,sBS·太平紳士(主席) Charles Edward Chapman先生 黎逸鴻先生 黃家傑先生(於二零二零年八月二十八日辭任)

# 註冊辦事處

P. O. Box 309 Ugland House Grand Cayman, KY1-1104 Cayman Islands



# Corporate Information 公司資料

# HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

6th Floor Enterprise Square Three 39 Wang Chiu Road Kowloon Bay Hong Kong

# **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited Hang Seng Bank Limited United Overseas Bank Limited DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited China Construction Bank (Asia) Corporation Limited Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited Chong Hing Bank Limited

# **LEGAL ADVISOR**

Angela Ho & Associates

# AUDITOR

Ernst & Young Certified Public Accountants Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor

# CAYMAN ISLANDS SHARE REGISTRAR

Maples Fund Services (Cayman) Limited PO Box 1093, Boundary Hall Cricket Square Grand Cayman, KY1-1102 Cayman Islands

# HONG KONG SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE (BRANCH REGISTRAR)

Tricor Tengis Limited Level 54, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

# **STOCK CODE**

595

# WEBSITE

www.avconcept.com

# 總辦事處及主要營業地點

香港 九龍灣 宏照道39號 企業廣場三期 6樓

# 主要往來銀行

香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司 渣打銀行(香港)有限公司 恒生銀行有限公司 大華銀行有限公司 星展銀行(香港)有限公司 中國建設銀行(亞洲)股份有限公司 中國工商銀行(亞洲)有限公司 創興銀行有限公司

# 法律顧問

何文琪律師事務所

# 核數師

安永會計師事務所 執業會計師 註冊公眾利益實體核數師

# 開曼群島股份過戶登記處

Maples Fund Services (Cayman) Limited PO Box 1093, Boundary Hall Cricket Square Grand Cayman, KY1-1102 Cayman Islands

# 香港股份過戶登記處(分處)

卓佳登捷時有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心54樓

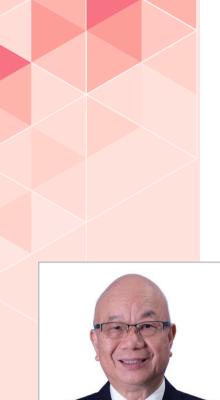
# 股份代號

595

網址 www.avconcept.com

# CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

主席致辭





Dr. So Yuk Kwan 蘇煜均博士 Chairman 主席

# **Chairman's Statement** 主席致辭

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I am honored to present the annual results of AV Concept Holdings Limited ("AV Concept" or the "Company") together with its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2021 (the "year under review").

The pandemic bluntly shut down the world, however, major economies showed their underlying strength in the face of the unprecedented crisis. Daily lives may have been severely disrupted, but most economic activities soon adapted to the new normal. In a year defined by COVID-19 disruptions, global economy has proven remarkably adaptable with a nearly full return of national outputs. During the year under review, the Group recorded a revenue of approximately HK\$1,241.2 million (2020: HK\$1,337.3 million), profit attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$269.8 million (2020: HK\$93.4 million) and a gross profit of approximately HK\$55.0 million (2020: HK\$30.3 million).

本人謹代表董事會欣然向股東提呈AV Concept Holdings Limited(「AV Concept」或「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零二一年三月 三十一日止年度(「回顧年度」)之全年業績。

疫情肆虐令世界停擺,但主要經濟體在前所未有的危機面前展現了內在的實 力。市民日常生活可能受到嚴重干擾,但大多數經濟活動很快就適應了新常 態。被新型冠狀病毒疫情定義的一年裏,全球經濟體現顯著的適應能力,國 家生產力幾乎完全恢復。回顧年度內,本集團錄得收益約為1,241,200,000 港元(二零二零年:1,337,300,000港元),本公司擁有人應佔溢利約為 269,800,000港元(二零二零年:93,400,000港元),毛利約為55,000,000港 元(二零二零年:30,300,000港元)。



# Chairman's Statement 主席致辭

According to a report published by Gartner, an international research and advisory firm, in January 2021, worldwide semiconductor industry has stabilized towards end of 2020 with memory chips slightly rebounded under the increased server build, personal computer and ultramobile demand from the shift to home working and learning. Market widely expects the adoption of Internet of Things, 5G and automotive sector will continue to be the major development trends of the semiconductor industry.

The global pandemic has transformed the role and importance of digital experiences in customers' lives. Despite e-commerce is at its all-time high starting 2021, it is obvious not all e-commerce newcomers had the infrastructure in place to deliver a world-class customer experience. Brands have been heavily investing in richer, more personalized experiences for customer acquisition and retention. Fueled by legacy wholesalers, global retail giants, and product categories not traditionally purchased online, customer acquisition costs are being driven up massively. The rising investment costs alongside the uncertainty in digital advertising are becoming new challenges for retailers to keep up.

We all agree 2021 started in a bullish mood. Prospects have improved with widespread expectations of global economy beginning to emerge from the shadow of COVID-19 and realise a rebound. Global governments believe the world will eventually benefit from widespread vaccination rollouts, both directly in fewer illnesses and indirectly as lockdowns and fears subside. As the new year unfolds, we are also seeing new challenges impacting the semiconductor boom in 2021 including heightened geopolitical uncertainties as well as continued concerns over supply chain resilience. We believe, with our prudent attitude, extensive experience and innovative thinking, we will firmly set our eyes on the rapidly evolving change scenario, work best to achieve business growth and deliver reasonable returns to shareholders.

Lastly, I would like to extend my gratitude to the Board, the management team and our staffs for their enthusiasm, commitment and diligence. My appreciation also goes to our shareholders, customers, suppliers and business partners for their ongoing trust and support.

**So Yuk Kwan** *Chairman* Hong Kong 25 June 2021 根據國際研究諮詢公司Gartner 於2021年1月發布的 報告顯示,全球半導體行業在 2020 年底轉趨穩定, 在轉向遠程工作及線上學習帶動的伺服器構建、個人 電腦和超移動的需求增加帶動下,存儲芯片更略有反 彈。市場普遍預計物聯網、5G和汽車主流應用將繼 續成為半導體行業的未來主要發展趨勢。

環球疫情徹底改變消費者的數字體驗。儘管電子商貿 額從2021年開始已在歷史高位,但顯然並非所有電子 商貿新手都具備提供一流客戶體驗的設備。各品牌需 大力投放資源為客戶提供更人性化體驗,以獲取新客 戶兼保留舊有客戶。因此,在傳統批發商、全球零售 巨頭和非在線購物商的推動下,獲取新客戶的成本正 在大幅上升。不斷上升的投資成本以及數碼廣告費用 投放的不確定性,正為零售商帶來新挑戰。

我們都認同二零二一年在看漲情緒中開始。隨著全球 經濟開始走出疫情的陰霾並逐步反彈,前景有所改 善。全球各地政府相信世界將受惠於廣泛的疫苗接 種,確疹人數將進一步受控,各地封關的隱憂及不安 情緒隨之消退。然而,我們同時看到了影響半導體發 展的新挑戰,地緣政治不確定性加劇以及對供應鏈彈 性的持續擔憂均於新一年繼續困擾市場。我們相信, 憑藉本集團審慎的態度、豐富的經驗和創新的思維, 我們將堅守崗位,努力應對瞬息萬變的形勢,積極實 現業務增長,爭取為股東帶來合理回報。

最後,本人謹藉此機會衷心感謝公司董事會、管理團 隊及全體員工的熱情、承諾和勤奮。同時十分感謝各 位股東、客戶、供應商及商業合作夥伴一直以來的鼎 力支持和信任。

*主席* **蘇煜均** 香港 二零二一年六月二十五日

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# **BUSINESS REVIEW AND PROSPECTS**

The following sets out the financial highlights for the year ended 31 March 2021, with the comparative figures for the corresponding financial year of 2020.

# 業務回顧及前景

下表載列截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度之財務 重點,連同二零二零年財政年度同期之比較數字。

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′million 百萬港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'million 百萬港元
Revenue by segment Semiconductor distribution	<i>按分部劃分之收益</i> 半導體分銷	1,190.4	1 250 2
Consumer product and product sourcing business	十 寺 臣 刀 朝 消費類產品及產品採購業務	47.1	1,259.2 74.9
Venture capital	<i>相負親進面及進面孫購未防</i> 創投	(15.3)	(15.3)
Others	其他	3.7	3.2
		1,225.9	1,322.0
Profit/(loss) before interest, tax, depreciation, amortisation and non-cash items	除利息、税項、折舊、攤銷及非現金項目 前溢利/(虧損)		
Corporate	公司	(33.9)	(33.8)
Venture capital	創投	(19.4)	(16.0)
Semiconductor distribution	半導體分銷	354.7	192.1
Consumer product and product sourcing business	消費類產品及產品採購業務	(16.5)	(25.0)
Others	其他	(13.5)	(7.4)
		271.4	109.9
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷		
Corporate	公司		
Venture capital	創投	(1.3)	(1.4)
Semiconductor distribution	半導體分銷	(1.5)	(1.4)
Consumer product and product sourcing business	1] 一等題 7	(0.1)	(0.8)
Others	其他	(0.1)	(0.3)
Total depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷總額	(3.6)	(4.8)
		(5.6)	(4.0)
Profit before interest and tax	除利息及税項前溢利	277.7	95.9
Interest expenses	利息開支	(1.0)	(3.8)
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入		0.4
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	276.7	92.5
Income tax	所得税	(7.2)	(1.7)
Profit for the year	年內溢利	269.5	90.8
Profit for the year attributable to:	以下人士應佔年內溢利:		
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	269.8	93.5
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(0.3)	(2.7)
		269.5	90.8

# **BUSINESS REVIEW**

Following the outsized contraction of economic activity in 2020, global output and demand is likely to rebound strongly in 2021 and onwards. The broadening rollout of vaccines and continued fiscal and global monetary policy support are further boosting the acceleration of economic growth from the second quarter of year 2021. Coming off a low base, world gross domestic product ("GDP") growth in 2021 is expected to be the highest in more than a decade. Economic activity in the U.S. is likely to reach pre-recession levels during the second half of this year, whereas China may record GDP growth above 8% in 2021. Still, some of the pessimistic assessments of the pandemic's effect on the economy has also surfaced, such as geopolitical concerns, inflation as well as COVID-19 variants which may bring negative impact on the industry outlook.

During the year under review, in light of the challenging external environment and the volatile global economic environment, the Group's revenue by segment was HK\$1,225.9 million (2020: HK\$1,322.0 million) decreased by around 7%. Among which semiconductor distribution business recorded a revenue of HK\$1,190.4 million (2020: HK\$1,259.2 million), consumer product and product sourcing business recorded a revenue of HK\$47.1 million (2020: HK\$74.9 million), venture capital business recorded a loss of HK\$15.3 million (2020: HK\$15.3 million) and internet social media business recorded a revenue of HK\$3.7 million (2020: HK\$3.2 million).

## **Semiconductor Distribution Business**

Despite the impact of COVID-19 on the global economy, the semiconductor market recorded strong performance in 2020. While demand by industry was uneven throughout the year due to global lockdowns, remote work and education, as well as shifts in consumer buying behaviour, the global semiconductor revenue grew to US\$464 billion in 2020, an increase of 10.9% compared to 2019, according to International Data Corp ("IDC").

The world is currently in the midst of global semiconductor shortage sparked by the major disruptions in supply chains caused by different factors such as the pandemic and geopolitics. While shortages initially occurred in automotive semiconductors, the impact is being felt across all boards including servers, electronics, personal computers, and smartphones to a great extent. In view of the unprecedented chip shortage, world chip manufacturers and semiconductor players are working on re-establishing flexible and agile supply chains to navigate the changes.

During the year under review, the semiconductor distribution business recorded a turnover of HK\$1,190.4 million (2020: HK\$1,259.2 million) which is mainly contributed by the subsidiary in Singapore that focuses business in Southeast Asian countries such as India, Thailand, Malaysia and Philippines. The main products sold to the Singapore market are memory chips followed by thin film transistor liquid crystal displays and panels which are widely used in LCD televisions.

## 業務回顧

隨著經濟活動在二零二零年出現大幅收縮後,全球產 出和需求可能會在二零二一年開始出現強勁反彈。由 於疫苗的廣泛接種以及持續的財政和全球貨幣政策支 持,進一步推動了全球二零二一年第二季度經濟增長 的加速。由於基數較低,二零二一年的全球國內生產 總值([GDP])增長預計將達到十多年來的最高水平。 今年下半年,美國的經濟活動可能重回衰退前的水 平,而中國亦有望在二零二一年實現8%以上的GDP 增長。儘管如此,一些就新型冠狀病毒疫情對經濟影 響的悲觀評估也雙雙出現,包括地緣政治問題、通貨 膨脹以及新型冠狀病毒變種病毒等,均可能對行業前 景帶來負面影響。

回顧年度內,面對充滿挑戰的外部環境以及全球 經濟環境持續動盪多變,本集團分部營業額為 1,225,900,000港元(二零二零年:1,322,000,000港 元),下降約7%。其中半導體分銷業務錄得營業額 1,190,400,000港元(二零二零年:1,259,200,000 港元),消費類產品及產品採購業務錄得收益 47,100,000港元(二零二零年:74,900,000港元), 創投業務錄得虧損15,300,000港元(二零二零年: 15,300,000港元)及互聯網社交媒體業務錄得收益 3,700,000港元(二零二零年:3,200,000港元)。

## 半導體分銷業務

儘管新型冠狀病毒疫情對全球經濟產生了影響,但半 導體市場在二零二零年表現強勁。雖然全球各國封 關、遠程工作和線上授課以及消費者購買行為的轉 變,行業需求失衡,但根據國際數據公司(「IDC」)的 數據顯示,二零二零年全球半導體收入增加至4,640 億美元,較二零一九年增長10.9%。

由於新型冠狀病毒疫情和地緣政治等因素影響導致供 應鏈嚴重中斷,目前全球出現半導體短缺。雖然汽車 半導體最早出現短缺,但卻很大程度上同時影響了所 有板塊,包括伺服器、電子產品、個人電腦和智能手 機。鑑於芯片出現前所未有的短缺,全球芯片製造商 和半導體廠商正在努力重建靈活的供應鏈以應對變 化。

回顧年度內,半導體分銷業務仍然錄得營業額 1,190,400,000港元(二零二零年:1,259,200,000港 元)。其中,新加坡附屬公司仍然是本集團的主要收 益貢獻者。新加坡業務專注於東南亞國家如印度、泰 國、馬來西亞及菲律賓等。銷往新加坡市場的主要產 品是廣泛用於智能手機的存儲芯片,其次為液晶電視 的薄膜晶體管液晶顯示器及面板。

During the year under review, the joint venture of the Group, AVP Electronics Limited and its subsidiaries ("AVPEL Group") continued to record satisfactory results. Its turnover, though not being consolidated into the Group's consolidated financial statements, recorded 9.6% increase to HK\$28,612 million (2020: HK\$26,095 million). Profit sharing of AVPEL Group is increased when comparing to the previous period due to a better turnover and gross profit margin for AVPEL Group during the year under review. The main customers of AVPEL Group are China's major mobile phone manufacturers and mobile phone component suppliers. AVPEL Group mainly engaged in the distribution of Samsung Electronics including (i) CMOS image sensors (ii) multi-layer packaged chips, and (iii) ARM processors.

The consumer semiconductor market segment rebounded in 2020 upon the easing of pandemic. According to IDC, robust sales of game consoles, tablets, wireless headphones and earbuds, smart watches, and Over-the-Top streaming media devices fuelled global segment growth by 7.7% year over year to US\$60 billion. Mobile phone semiconductor revenues will grow by 23.3% in 2021 to US\$147 billion. The geopolitical tensions between the US and China are forcing the latter to develop competencies in this segment. Over the last few years, China has greatly enhanced its capability in chip manufacturing and has announced the US\$1.4 trillion investment plan to develop the semiconductor industry till year 2025. China's Dual Circulation initiative and strategy to make significant investments in this segment helped it reach key milestones.

## **Consumer Product and Product Sourcing Business**

This business segment is managed by one of the subsidiaries, E-GoGo Limited ("E-GoGo"). During the year under review, with the Group's strategic development and planning, E-gogo Holdings Limited ("E-gogo Holdings") which was direct controlled by E-GoGo before, has introduced a new investment partner in the third quarter during the year under review. As a result, E-gogo Holdings is now being one of the associate companies under the Group.

In terms of the consumer product business, we mainly carry on different kinds of electronic products following the latest technology gadgets which target the markets in Hong Kong, Macau, Singapore, Malaysia, Thailand and Indonesia. E-GoGo also actively develops online and offline product sourcing business. During the year under review, the business of consumer product and product sourcing recorded a turnover of HK\$47.1 million (2020: HK\$74.9 million). Hong Kong consumer retail demand is projected to stay weak in 2021 due to subdued local demands, and those riding on the tourism sectors are also expected to be sourer due to various global travel and quarantine restrictions. On the digital front, more physical retailers in Hong Kong have escalated efforts in setting up online sales channels to catch up the trend and stay resilient under the turmoil. On the other hand, Southeast Asia's e-commerce is on the ascent. With no end in sight to this pandemic within Asia, more retailers are expected to shift online. Thus, pandemic has catalyzed the digital mass migration, pushed e-commerce to the forefront and catapulted the region into a digital-first world.

回顧年度內,本集團的合營企業同憶有限公司及 其附屬公司(統稱「同憶集團」)錄得理想的業績。 其營業額雖無合併到本集團綜合財務報表,但錄 得9.6%漲幅至28,612,000,000港元(二零二零年: 26,095,000,000港元)。本集團於同憶集團所分佔溢 利與過往期間相比有所增加,主要由於同憶集團於回 顧年度內錄得更高營業額及毛利率。同憶集團的主要 客戶是中國的主要手機製造商和手機元件供應商。同 憶集團主要從事分銷三星電子包括(i)影像傳感器(ii)多 制層封裝芯片和(iii)ARM處理器。

隨著新型冠狀病毒疫情緩和,消費半導體市場在二零 二零年出現反彈。根據IDC的數據,遊戲機、平板電 腦、無線耳機和耳塞、智能手錶和過頂服務串流媒 體設備的強勁銷售帶動全球細分市場同比增長7.7% 至600億美元。二零二一年手機半導體收入更將增長 23.3%至1,470億美元。美國和中國之間的地緣政治 緊張局勢迫使中國加大於半導體領域的發展。過去幾 年,中國大幅提升了芯片製造能力,並宣佈了直至二 零二五年總值1.4萬億美元的芯片投資計劃。同時, 中國的雙循環計劃亦有助其達到芯片發展的關鍵里程 碑。

## 消費類產品及產品採購業務

本集團的消費類產品及產品採購業務現由附屬公司 E-GoGo Limited(「E-GoGo」)負責整體營運。回顧 年度內,隨著本集團的戰略發展和規劃,之前由 E-GoGo直接控制的E-gogo Holdings Limited(「E-gogo Holdings」)於回顧年度第三季度內引入了一名新的投 資者。E-gogo Holdings現為本集團的其中一間聯營公 司。

消費類產品方面,主打各類電子產品,包括小型家 電及最新潮流科技,主攻香港、澳門、新加坡、馬 來西亞、泰國及印尼。E-GoGo亦積極發展線上線下 產品採購服務。回顧年度內,消費類產品及產品採 購業務錄得營業額47,100,000港元(二零二零年: 74,900,000港元)。由於本地需求疲弱,預計二零 二一年消費零售需求亦難以扭轉劣勢,同時由於全球 各種旅遊和檢疫限制,預計旅遊業的需求也將維持弱 勢。在電子商務方面,香港更多實體零售商加大建立 網上銷售渠道的力度,以配合潮流並在動盪中保持彈 性。另一方面,東南亞的電子商務繼續崛起。由於亞 洲的新型冠狀病毒疫情暫沒有緩和跡象,預計會有更 多的零售商轉向線上經營。因此,新型冠狀病毒疫情 促進了數字化的大規模轉移,將電子商務推向了前 沿,帶動亞洲發展為電商主導地區。

## **Internet Social Media Business**

During the year under review, revenue from 830 Media Limited ("830 Media") was HK\$3.7 million (2020: HK\$3.2 million), which was contributed from 830 Lab Limited ("830 Lab") and Whizoo Media Limited ("Whizoo Media").

830 Lab is dedicated on helping clients to build online presence for their business. The services provided by 830 Lab include website design and development, online content creation in terms of both photography and videography. Whizoo Media is an internet social media company that specializes in video production of popular topics and publishes these original creative videos on major social media platforms including Facebook, YouTube, Instagram, etc. to attract the young audience to become loyal subscribers.

During the year under review, Whizoo Media received high recognition among commercial partners and has started cooperation with well-known international and local brands and organizations, such as K11, Nestlé, Lipton, Pizza Hut, Dutch Lady, Whisper, First Aid Beauty, BIODERMA, Sun Life Financial, Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Authority, Vocational and Professional Education and Training, Investors and Financial Education Council and other brands and institutional clients through different levels of onestop creative content solutions and introductions of related products or services on the Facebook page and YouTube channel of Whizoo Media. Business environment remained difficult during the year under review. With corporate brands continuously shifting business priorities, realigning business needs and successively reduced advertising expenditures, Whizoo Media has been negatively affected and is ramping up efforts in preparation on the recovery.

On the other hand, with Whizoo Media's operating strategy and experience, 830 Media also launched the Facebook page "He She Kids" for parents. The page is developing rapidly and is popular among parents. It shares various of parenting information and videos for parents.

In addition to its commitment to develop original brands, 830 Media has also invested in OneShot Concept Limited ("OneShot"), an associate company which owns the "冬 OT" brand, for a more diversified development strategy in the internet social media business. OneShot aims at providing customers with a variety of media services through its creativity, especially focusing on social media-based content marketing and dedicated to providing innovative solutions for marketing campaigns. In addition, OneShot also provides photo production and video production related services for a wide range of brands.

The Group will continue to leverage its existing resources to manage its internet social media business through space creation and creative channels in order to thrive in the internet world.

## 互聯網社交媒體業務

回顧年度內,830 Media Limited(「830 Media」)錄得 收益3,700,000港元(二零二零年:3,200,000港元), 貢獻來自於830 Lab Limited(「830 Lab」)及Whizoo Media Limited(「Whizoo Media」)。

830 Lab致力於協助其客戶在線上推廣業務。830 Lab 不單提供網頁設計及開發服務,同時提供包括拍攝和 攝影在內的線上內容創作服務。Whizoo Media是一家 互聯網社交媒體公司,專注於熱門話題的視頻製作, 並把這些原創的創意視頻於各大線上社交平台包括 Facebook、YouTube、Instagram等發佈,以吸引新一 代年輕消費群體成為這些原創內容的忠實擁護者。

回顧年度內,Whizoo Media獲得不少與國際和本地 知名品牌與機構的關注並展開合作,例如:K11、 雀巢、立頓、必勝客、子母、Whisper、First Aid Beauty、BIODERMA、永明金融、強制性公積金計劃 管理局、職業專才教育、投資者及金融教育委員會等 品牌與機構客戶,通過不同級別的一站式創意內容解 決方案,在Whizoo Media的Facebook專頁上介紹相關 產品或服務。於回顧年度內,營商環境依然艱難。隨 著企業品牌不斷轉變業務重點、重新調整業務需求和 不斷減少廣告支出,Whizoo Media亦受到負面影響, 並正在加緊努力為日後市場復甦做好準備。

另外,憑藉Whizoo Media的運營策略經驗,830 Media亦同時開拓了另一個網上親子平台「He She Kids」。「He She Kids」Facebook頁面發展迅速,分享大 量育兒親子資訊及視頻,廣受父母歡迎。

除了致力於原創品牌開發,830 Media亦投資於一間 擁有香港本地娛樂創作媒體「冬OT」品牌的聯營公司 OneShot Concept Limited(「OneShot」),以便在互 聯網社交媒體業務上實行更加多元化的發展策略。 OneShot旨在透過其創作力量為客戶提供各樣的媒 體服務,特別專注於以社交媒體為基礎的內容營銷 以及致力於為營銷活動提供創新的解決方案。另外 OneShot同時為廣泛品牌提供照片製作和視頻製作相 關服務。

本集團將繼續利用現有資源來管理其新的互聯網社交 媒體業務,通過發揮創造空間和創意渠道於互聯網世 界發熱發亮。

# **Venture Capital Business**

During the year under review, the turnover for venture capital business recorded a loss of HK\$15.3 million (2020: HK\$15.3 million), that is mainly for the fair value losses on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, net, interest income on listed bond investments, and dividend income from listed equity investments in the current period. As of 31 March 2021, various funds, convertible bonds, listed and unlisted equity investments, listed bond investments, equity investment traded over-the-counter and key management insurance contracts were held at fair market value of HK\$72.9 million (31 March 2020: HK\$103.7 million) by the Group. During the year under review, the venture capital business of the Group recorded a fair value losses on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, net of HK\$18.0 million (2020: HK\$18.8 million).

The venture capital business has always brought considerable income to the Group. The ultimate objective for investments in venture capital business is to obtain capital gains on investee's equity listing or, in some circumstances, prior to listing. It also includes investments in real estate, managed funds, convertible bonds and listed bonds.

At 31 March 2021, the Group owned small strategic investments in Mad Runway Holdings Limited, Luxury Choice Investments Limited and Urban City Joint Stock Company. Mad Runway Holdings Limited is a member of the ELLE family, which is dedicated to creating the most authoritative onestop fashion shopping platform, while Luxury Choice Investments Limited is one of the world's leading fast-growing custom watch brands and Urban City Joint Stock Company is an e-commerce company in Vietnam. During the year under review, the Group made the investment in Connectivity Ventures Fund, LP which was an investment fund principally invested in development of microchips business.

# PROSPECT

With the global economy finally picking up its pace in 2021 upon the largescale vaccination rollout, World Bank expects the growth rate will reach 4%. Yet one of the biggest cautions to consider is whether supply chains will be able to keep up with growing demand. Indeed, concerns about disruptions to supply chains and shortages that have occurred during the pandemic, a major example was semiconductors. The chip shortages are expected to cause widespread shortages of everything, from electronics to medical devices to technology and networking equipment. Various markets are currently reexamining their supply chains and are considering the future of their domestic tech industry. Major global semiconductor players from China, Korea and Europe are pressing ahead with massive investment to be the first to take the future market. The entire semiconductor industry is facing a watershed moment.

## 創投業務

回顧年度內,創投業務營業額錄得虧損15,300,000 港元(二零二零年:15,300,000港元),主要由於本年 度透過損益按公平價值列賬之金融資產之公平價值 虧損淨額、可換股債券之利息收入、上市債券投資 及應收貸款,以及上市股本投資之股息收入。截至 二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團持有各種基金、 可換股債券、上市及非上市股本投資、上市債券投 資、場外交易股本投資及主要管理人員保險合約,公 平市值72,900,000港元(二零二零年三月三十一日: 103,700,000港元)。回顧年度內,本集團的創投業務 錄得透過損益按公平價值列賬之金融資產公平價值虧 損淨額18,000,000港元(二零二零年:18,800,000港 元)。

創投業務一直為集團帶來可觀收入。創投業務的最終 目標為在被投資企業股本上市或在特別情況下上市前 取得資本收益,亦包括於房地產、管理基金、可換股 債券及上市債券之投資。

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團於Mad Runway Holdings Limited、Luxury Choice Investments Limited 和Urban City Joint Stock Company擁有小型戰略投 資。Mad Runway Holdings Limited是ELLE家族的成 員,ELLE家族致力於打造最權威的一站式時尚購物 平台,而Luxury Choice Investments Limited是全球領 先的快速增長的定製手表品牌之一,Urban City Joint Stock Company則是一間越南電子商務公司。於回顧 年度內,本集團投資Connectivity Ventures Fund, LP (為主要投資發展微芯片業務的投資基金)。

# 展望

隨著大規模疫苗接種,全球經濟復甦終於在二零二一 年加快步伐,世界銀行預計增長率將達到4%。然 而,供應鍊能否跟上需求將是最大隱憂之一。事實 上,新型冠狀病毒疫情期間已出現半導體供應鏈中斷 和短缺的問題。芯片短缺預計將導致從電子產品到醫 療設備到技術和網絡設備等出現普遍短缺。目前,各 個市場都在重新審視其供應鏈,並正在考慮其國內科 技行業的未來。來自中國、韓國和歐洲的全球主要半 導體公司正在大力投資,搶佔未來市場。整個半導體 行業正面臨一個分水嶺。

COVID-19 is spurring great interest and uptake of advanced digital technologies by consumers and businesses. With more companies racing to embrace digital advancements, digital transformation encompasses coupling powerful new technologies such as Artificial Intelligence, blockchain, Internet of Things ("IoT"), automation and 5G to drive values and enable growth. According to the "Global semiconductor industry outlook 2021" report issued by KPMG, Wireless/5G, IoT and automotive are the most important applications driving semiconductor industry over the next year. The buildout of 5G networks and infrastructure further boosts IoT use cases and creates new demands for powerful hardware and software.

However, the demand squeeze in chip markets due to temporarily supply disruptions will eventually be normalised. Chip manufacturers and suppliers are now facing emerging challenges than ever before, juggling both ongoing and new problems in terms of production capacity, semiconductor usage and geopolitical factors. It is therefore important for industry players to be able to anticipate potential threats or risks as well as to formulate flexible plans in inventory coordination and logistics.

While many businesses are still adjusting to the new normal which is made of complexity, uncertainty and opportunities, the Group has devoted much efforts in addressing the deep changes needed in this new environment, from a people, operations, and technology perspective, at speed and at scale. Riding on its sound business results, prudent development strategies and industry leadership, the Group has full confidence in solidifying its foothold, maintaining its competitive advantages and staying under the unforeseeable challenges ahead to achieve stable growth and bring reasonable returns to shareholders.

# LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

The total debt position and the gearing ratio as at 31 March 2021 are shown as follows:

新型冠狀病毒激發消費者和企業對先進數字化技術的 極大興趣和採用。隨著越來越多的企業爭取數字化轉 型升級,結合強大的新技術,如人工智能、區塊鏈、 物聯網(「物聯網」)、自動化和5G,以推動企業價值和 實現增長。根據畢馬威發佈的《二零二一年全球半導 體行業展望》報告,無線/5G、物聯網和汽車將是明 年推動半導體行業發展的最重要應用範圍。5G網絡和 基礎設施的建設進一步促進了物聯網應用,並為強大 的硬件和軟件創造了新的需求。

然而,芯片市場因暫時供應中斷而出現的需求緊縮, 最終將會恢復正常。芯片製造商及供應商現正面臨著 前所未有的挑戰,在生產能力、半導體使用及地緣政 治因素方面同時應對現行及新興問題。因此,行業參 與者必須能夠預測潛在威脅或風險,並在庫存協調和 物流方面制定靈活的計劃。

雖然,許多企業仍在適應複雜、多變及充滿不確定性 的新常態,本集團已投入大量精力從人員、運營和技 術的角度,快速、大規模地應對這種新環境所帶來的 巨大變化。憑藉穩健的經營業績、審慎的發展戰略及 行業領先地位,本集團有信心,面對不可預見的挑 戰,鞏固立足點、保持競爭優勢及保持韌性和堅定, 以實現穩定增長並為股東帶來合理的回報。

# 流動資金及財政資源

於二零二一年三月三十一日之債務總額狀況及相應資 本負債比率如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′million 百萬港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'million 百萬港元
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及等同現金項目	124.3	87.7
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (included in current assets)	透過損益按公平價值列賬之 金融資產(計入流動資產)	48.2	79.8
		172.5	167.5
Borrowings and lease liabilities	借款及租賃負債	1.6	104.5
Total equity	權益總額	1,425.0	1,181.0
Total debt to total equity	債務總額與權益總額之比率	0.1%	8.9%

As at 31 March 2021, the Group had cash and cash equivalents (i.e. cash and bank balances and deposits with other financial institution) of HK\$124.3 million (31 March 2020: HK\$87.7 million), while the Group's financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (included in current assets) amounted to HK\$48.2 million (31 March 2020: HK\$79.8 million). The equity investments and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss included a balanced mix of fixed income, equity and alternative investments and such amount represented the cash reserves held for the Group's medium to long term business development and would form an integral part of the Group's treasury.

The total debt to total equity ratio as at 31 March 2021 was 0.1% (31 March 2020: 8.9%), while the Group's total equity as at 31 March 2021 was HK\$1,425.0 million (31 March 2020: HK\$1,181.0 million), with the total balances of cash and cash equivalents and equity investments and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (included in current assets) as at 31 March 2021 of HK\$172.5 million (31 March 2020: HK\$167.5 million).

The working capital position of the Group remains healthy. As at 31 March 2021, the liquidity ratio was 175% (2020: 176%).

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團之現金及等同現 金項目(即現金及銀行結存以及於其他金融機構之存 款)為124,300,000港元(二零二零年三月三十一日: 87,700,000港元),而本集團透過損益按公平價值列 賬之金融資產(計入流動資產)為48,200,000港元(二 零二零年三月三十一日:79,800,000港元)。透過損 益按公平價值列賬之股本投資及金融資產包括固定收 入、股本及另類投資之平衡組合,而該等款額指本集 團持有作中期至長期業務發展之現金儲備,並將成為 本集團資金之一部分。

於二零二一年三月三十一日之債務總額與權益總額 之比率為0.1%(二零二零年三月三十一日:8.9%), 本集團之權益總額於二零二一年三月三十一日為 1,425,000,000港元(二零二零年三月三十一日: 1,181,000,000港元),而現金及等同現金項目及股 本投資及透過損益按公平價值列賬之金融資產(計 入流動資產)於二零二一年三月三十一日之結餘總 額為172,500,000港元(二零二零年三月三十一日: 167,500,000港元)。

本集團之營運資金狀況仍然穩健。於二零二一年三 月三十一日,流動資金比率為175%(二零二零年: 176%)。

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′million 百萬港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'million 百萬港元
Current assets Current liabilities	流動資產 流動負債	257.1 (146 F)	343.0
Net current assets	流動資產淨值	(146.5)	(195.4)
Current assets to current liabilities	流動資產與流動負債之比率	175%	147.0

Management is confident that the Group follows a prudent policy in managing its treasury position, and maintains a high level of liquidity to ensure that the Group is well placed to take advantage of growth opportunities for the business.

管理層相信,本集團依循審慎政策管理其財資水準, 並維持高度流動資金,以確保本集團能夠隨時把握業 務增長機會。

# SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS

As at 31 March 2021, the Group recorded financial assets at fair value through profit or loss of approximately HK\$72.9 million (31 March 2020: HK\$103.7 million). For a detailed breakdown of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, please refer to note 19 in the consolidated financial statements. For the performance during the year and future prospects of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, please refer to the section "Business Review and Prospects – Venture Capital Business" on page 14 of this annual report.

# **PLEDGE OF ASSETS**

Certain of the Group's property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets, and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss have been pledged to secure the bank facilities of the Group. Please refer to notes 12 and 19 in the consolidated financial statements for details.

## **EMPLOYEES**

As at 31 March 2021, the Group employed a total of approximately 164 (31 March 2020: approximately 178) full-time employees. The Group recruits and promotes individuals based on merit and their development potentials for the positions offered. Remuneration package is determined with reference to their performance and the prevailing salary levels in the market. In addition, the Group operates share option schemes for eligible employees to provide incentive to the participants for their contribution and continuing efforts to promote the interests of the Group. Share options and discretionary bonuses are granted based on the Group's and individual's performances.

## 重大投資

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團錄得透過損益按 公平價值列賬之金融資產約72,900,000港元(二零二 零年三月三十一日:103,700,000港元)。有關透過損 益按公平價值列賬之金融資產明細,請參閱綜合財務 報表附註19。有關透過損益按公平價值列賬之金融資 產於年內之表現及未來前景,請參閱本年報第14頁 「業務回顧及前景-創投業務」一節。

# 資產抵押

本集團若干物業、廠房及設備以及透過損益按公平價 值列賬之金融資產已抵押以獲得授予本集團的銀行融 資。有關詳情,請參閱綜合財務報表附註12及19。

# 僱員

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團合共聘用約164 名(二零二零年三月三十一日:約178名)全職僱員。 本集團乃根據員工之功績及員工於職位上之發展潛力 而聘用及提供晉升機會。薪酬組合乃參照員工之表現 及市場當時之薪金水準而釐定。此外,本集團為合資 格僱員營辦一項購股權計劃,就各參與僱員之貢獻及 提升本集團利益之不懈努力提供獎勵。本集團亦會按 本集團及僱員個人表現授出購股權及酌情花紅。

# **PROFILE OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR** MANAGEMENT

董事及高級管理層履歷

# Profile of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層履歷

# **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Dr. So Yuk Kwan ("Dr. So"), aged 71, is the founder, Chairman, Chief Executive Offer and Executive Director of the Company. Dr. So is the father of Mr. So Kevin Chi Heng and Mr. So Chi Sun Sunny, all being Executive Directors of the Company. In the early 1980's, he founded AV Concept Limited. Dr. So is primarily responsible for overall business strategies and business development to the Company. Dr. So has over 45 years of experience in the electronics industry. Under his leadership, AV Concept achieved remarkable results in the sales and marketing of semiconductors contributing to the appointment by Samsung Electronics as its distributor since 1982. In 1989, AV Concept Singapore Pte. Ltd. was established to develop its electronic business in Singapore, South-east Asia countries and subsequently expanded to the market in the People's Republic of China through vertical integration in early 90's. In April 1996, AV Concept Holdings Limited listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. The Group continuously received numerous awards, including Samsung Electronics's "Best Performance Award" in recognition of the excellent sales and marketing performance as well as contribution to cultivate strong customers relationship in the semiconductors market.

Dr. So holds an honorary degree, Doctor of Philosophy in Business Administration from the International American University and a Master Degree in Business Administration from the University of East Asia (now known as University of Macau) and he is also a Fellow Member of the British Institute of Management. Presently, he is the Vice Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Hong Kong Electronic Industries Association Limited ("HKEIA") and the Chairman of Education Fund of HKEIA. Dr. So is also the Vice President of The Hong Kong Semiconductor Industry Council. Further, Dr. So is a Fellow Member of The Hong Kong Institute of Directors and the Honorary Chairman of Advisory Committee (Industry) of Cooperative Education Centre of City University of Hong Kong.

**Mr. So Kevin Chi Heng ("Mr. Kevin So")**, aged 35, is the Chief Operation Officer and Executive Director of the Company responsible for operation of the Group and E-GoGo Limited. Mr. Kevin So joined the Group in 2011 and was appointed as an Executive Director of the Company in November 2015. Mr. Kevin So obtained a Bachelor of Science degree (major in Management) from Bentley College in United States of America in May 2008 and a Master of Business Administration degree from Bentley University in United States of America in February 2010. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Kevin So had pursued a career in corporate finance in an international financial institution. Mr. Kevin So is the son of Dr. So, Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and an Executive Director of the Company and the brother of Mr. So Chi Sun Sunny, an Executive Director of the Company.

# 執行董事

**蘇煜均博士(「蘇博士」)**,71歲,為本公司之創辦人、 主席、行政總裁及執行董事。蘇博士為本公司執行董 事蘇智恒先生及蘇智燊先生之父親。彼於二十世紀 八十年代初創辦先思行有限公司。蘇博士主要負責本 公司整體業務策略及業務發展。蘇博士於電子業擁有 超過45年工作經驗。在蘇博士之領導下,AV Concept 在半導體銷售及市場推廣方面屢創佳績,並從 一九八二年起獲三星電子委任為分銷商。於一九八九 年, AV Concept Singapore Pte. Ltd.成立以於新加坡 及東南亞國家發展其電子業務,其後於九十年代初憑 藉垂直整合開拓中華人民共和國市場。AV Concept Holdings Limited於一九九六年四月在香港聯合交易所 有限公司主板上市。本集團多年來屢獲多個獎項,包 括三星電子頒發之「最佳銷售表現獎」,藉以表揚於半 導體銷售及市場推廣之優秀表現,及與客戶之友好關 係。

蘇博士持有國際美洲大學工商管理榮譽哲學博士學位 及東亞大學(現稱澳門大學)工商管理碩士學位,亦為 英國管理學會之院士。目前,彼為香港電子業商會有 限公司(「香港電子業商會」)執行委員會副主席及香港 電子業商會教育基金主席,以及香港半導體行業協會 副會長。蘇博士亦為香港董事學會資深會員及香港城 市大學協作教育中心工業顧問委員會榮譽主席。

蘇智恒先生,35歲,為本公司營運總裁及執行董事, 負責本集團及E-GoGo Limited之業務營運。蘇智恒先 生於二零一一年加入本集團,並於二零一五年十一月 獲委任為本公司執行董事。蘇智恒先生於二零零八年 五月取得美利堅合眾國本特利大學理學士學位(主修 管理學),並於二零一零年二月取得美利堅合眾國本 特利大學工商管理碩士學位。加入本集團之前,蘇智 恒先生為本公司主席、行政總裁及執行董事蘇博士之 兒子及本公司執行董事蘇智燊先生之胞兄。



# Profile of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層履歷

**Mr. So Chi Sun Sunny ("Mr. Sunny So")**, aged 33, is the Executive Director of the Company, chief executive officer of 830 Lab Limited and Whizoo Media Limited, indirectly wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company, which are principally engaged in internet social media business. Mr. Sunny So joined the Group in 2011 and was appointed as an Executive Director of the Company in November 2015. Mr. Sunny So obtained a Bachelor of Science degree (major in Graphic Design) from Northeastern University in United States of America in January 2011. Mr. Sunny So is the son of Dr. So, Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and an Executive Director of the Company and the brother of Mr. Kevin So, an Executive Director of the Company.

# INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Dr. Lui Ming Wah ("Dr. Lui"), SBS, JP, aged 83, has been an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company Since 1996. Dr. Lui is an established industrialist serving as the Honorary Chairman of the HKEIA and the Honorary President of The Chinese Manufacturers' Association of Hong Kong, the founder chairman of Hong Kong Shandong Business Association, Honorary President of Federation of HK Shandong Community Organisations Limited. Adviser Prof. of Shandong University. He was elected to the First, Second and Third Legislative Council of the HKSAR in 1998, 2000 and 2004 respectively. Dr. Lui was also member of the tenth and eleventh National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, Member of standing Shandong Provincial Committee of C.P.P.C.C., Advisory board member of the Hong Kong International Arbitration Center, President of The Hong Kong Association for the Advancement of Science and Technology and Advisor of Hong Kong Affairs. He is the managing director of Keystone Electronics Co., Limited. Besides, he is currently an independent non-executive director of L.K. Technology Holdings Limited and Gold Peak Industries (Holdings) Limited (both companies are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited) and Asian Citrus Holdings Limited (listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and the London Stock Exchange). Dr. Lui obtained a master's degree in Applied Science from the University of New South Wales in Australia and a PhD from the University of Saskatchewan in Canada. He completed the "Hong Kong Senior Staff Course No. 1, 1984". He is a Fellow of The Hong Kong Institute of Directors.

**Mr. Charles Edward Chapman ("Mr. Chapman")**, aged 72, has been an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company since 2000. He was Executive Director of the HKEIA and Managing Director of the HKEIA's subsidiary publishing company, the Hong Kong Electronics Promotions Ltd. from May 1988 to June 2007 when he retired. Currently, Mr. Chapman is an Independent Non-executive Director of Mobicon Group Limited. Prior to joining the HKEIA, Mr. Chapman worked for 12 years as Economics Editor at the Hong Kong Trade Development Council and for 8 years as Business Editor in a local English-language newspaper. 蘇智燊先生,33歲,為本公司執行董事及本公司 間接全資附屬公司830 Lab Limited及Whizoo Media Limited之行政總裁。830 Lab Limited及Whizoo Media Limited主要從事互聯網社交媒體業務。蘇智燊先生 於二零一一年加入本集團,並於二零一五年十一月獲 委任為本公司執行董事。蘇智燊先生於二零一一年一 月取得美利堅合眾國東北大學理學士學位(主修平面 設計)。蘇智燊先生為本公司主席、行政總裁及執行 董事蘇博士之兒子及本公司執行董事蘇智恒先生之胞 弟。

# 獨立非執行董事

吕明華博士(「吕博士」), SBS, 太平紳士, 83歲, 自 一九九六年以來一直擔任本公司之獨立非執行董事。 呂博士為知名工業家,現為香港電子業商會名譽會 長、香港中華廠商聯合會名譽會長、香港山東商會創 會會長、香港山東社團總會榮譽主席、山東大學顧問 教授。彼曾於一九九八年、二零零零年及二零零四年 分別當選香港特別行政區第一屆、第二屆及第三屆立 法會議員。呂博士亦為第十屆及第十一屆全國政協委 員、多屆山東省政協常委、香港國際仲裁中心諮詢委 員會成員、香港科技協進會會長及香港事務顧問。彼 為文明電子有限公司董事總經理。此外,呂博士現時 為力勁科技集團有限公司及金山工業(集團)有限公司 (均為於香港聯合交易所有限公司上市之公司),以及 亞洲果業控股有限公司(於香港聯合交易所有限公司 及倫敦證券交易所上市)之獨立非執行董事。呂博士 於澳洲新南威爾斯大學取得應用科學碩士學位,另於 加拿大沙省大學取得哲學博士學位及香港高級公務員 課程証書(第一屆,1984)。彼為香港董事學會資深會 員。

Charles Edward Chapman先生(「Chapman先 生」),72歲,自二零零零年以來一直擔任本公司之獨 立非執行董事。自一九八八年五月起至二零零七年六 月退休前,彼一直出任香港電子業商會執行幹事,以 及香港電子業商會旗下出版公司香港電子促進有限公 司董事總經理。Chapman先生現時為萬保剛集團有 限公司之獨立非執行董事。加入香港電子業商會前, Chapman先生曾於香港貿易發展局任職經濟編輯達12 年,並於一份本地英文報章任商業編輯達8年。

# Profile of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層履歷

Mr. Lai Yat Hung Edmund ("Mr. Lai"), aged 55, has been an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company since 2019. Mr. Lai obtained a Bachelor's Degree in Civil Engineering from Imperial College London in 1987. He is a gualified accountant from the Institute of Chartered Accountants of England and Wales. Mr. Lai has over 30 years of experience in finance and treasury management. Mr. Lai started his career in 1987 with Ernst & Young in London where he gualified as a Chartered Accountant. In 1993, Mr. Lai transferred to Ernst & Young in Hong Kong as a manager in their audit services and was responsible for various large company audits and IPO's in Hong Kong and the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"). In 1996, Mr. Lai joined the Company as the Group Financial Controller. Mr. Lai was the Chief Financial Officer and the Executive Director of the Company from 2003 to 2006. From 2006 to 2008, Mr. Lai acted as the Chief Executive Officer of AV BreconRidge Limited and the President of BreconRidge Manufacturing Solutions (Asia) Limited. In 2008, Mr. Lai started his own consultancy services and worked on projects for various PRC companies and charities. Mr. Lai joined Vertex Services Limited (a member of HMTX Industries LLC) as the Chief Financial Officer since 2011 and continued to serve to present. He has overall responsibility for the finance, treasury and risk management functions of Vertex Services Limited and its related companies in the PRC and Hong Kong.

# SENIOR MANAGEMENT

**Mr. Choi Joon Yun ("Mr. Choi")**, aged 57, was appointed as the President and Chief Executive Officer of AV Concept Limited, a subsidiary of the Company from 2006 to 2011. Mr. Choi currently is the President and Chief Executive Officer of AVP Electronics Limited, a joint venture of the Group since January 2012. Mr. Choi has over 32 years of experience in Sales and Marketing. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Choi was the Sales and Marketing Director of Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. (Shanghai), and the Sales and Marketing Senior Manager of Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. (Hong Kong and Shenzhen). He had also been working for Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. (Semiconductor Business) as Sales and Marketing Manager for Asian market.

**Mr. Chan Chi Hang ("Mr. Chan")**, aged 44, was appointed as the Company Secretary and the Chief Financial Officer of the Company since August 2015. Mr. Chan has extensive experience in accounting and auditing, and is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants.

**黎逸鴻先生(「黎先生」)**,55歲,自二零一九年起為 本公司之獨立非執行董事。黎先生於一九八七年自倫 敦帝國學院(Imperial College London)取得土木工程學 士學位。彼為英格蘭及威爾士特許會計師公會合資格 會計師。黎先生在財務及庫務管理方面擁有30年以 上經驗。黎先生於一九八七年於倫敦的安永會計師事 務所開始其職業生涯並獲得特許會計師資格。黎先生 於一九九三年調任至香港的安永會計師事務所,擔任 其審計服務經理並於香港及中華人民共和國(「中國」) 負責多個大型公司審計及首次公開發售項目。黎先生 於一九九六年加入本公司,擔任集團財務總監。黎先 生於二零零三年至二零零六年擔任本公司的財務總裁 兼執行董事。於二零零六年至二零零八年,黎先生擔 任先卓電子工業有限公司的行政總裁及BreconRidge Manufacturing Solutions (Asia) Limited的總裁。黎先 生於二零零八年開始其自身的諮詢服務,並為多家中 國公司及慈善機構從事項目。黎先生自二零一一年起 加入Vertex Services Limited (HMTX Industries LLC的成 員公司)擔任財務總裁,並繼續擔任該職務至今,全 面負責Vertex Services Limited及其於中國及香港的關 聯公司的財務、庫務及風險管理職能。

## 高級管理層

**崔俊淵先生(「崔先生」)**,57歲,於二零零六年至二 零一一年獲委任為本公司附屬公司先思行有限公司之 總裁及行政總裁。崔先生自二零一二年一月起一直擔 任本集團合營企業同憶有限公司之總裁及行政總裁。 崔先生於銷售及市場推廣方面擁有逾32年經驗。加入 本集團之前,崔先生曾任三星電子有限公司(上海)之 銷售及市場推廣總監以及三星電子有限公司(香港及 深圳)之銷售及市場推廣高級經理,亦曾任三星電子 有限公司(半導體業務)之亞洲市場銷售及市場推廣經 理。

**陳志恒先生(「陳先生」)**,44歲,自二零一五年八月起 獲委任為本公司之公司秘書及首席財務總監。陳先生 於會計及審計方面擁有豐富經驗,並為香港會計師公 會會員及英國特許公認會計師公會資深會員。

# DIRECTORS' REPORT

董事會報告

The Directors of the Company present their report and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021.

# PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of the Group consist of the marketing and distribution of electronic components, the design, development and sale of consumer products and product sourcing business, venture capital investment, and internet social media business.

Further discussion and analysis of business review as required by Schedule 5 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, including a discussion of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group and an indication of likely future developments in the Group's business, can be found in the Chairman's Statement and Management Discussion and Analysis set out on pages 6 to 17 of this annual report. The above discussion forms part of this directors' report.

## **Principal risks and uncertainties**

The management of the Company, as assisted by the audit committee of the Company, oversees the Group's internal control and risk management system, and conducts periodic reviews of such system to ensure good corporate governance practice. The supervision process and outcome of the latest review is set out in more detail in the section headed "Internal Control" in corporate governance report in this annual report. The following is a discussion of the principal risks and uncertainties facing by the Group. The management of the Company meets periodically to discuss these risks, and where appropriate, will monitor the situation closely and adopt any necessary risk mitigation measures.

## Industry risk

The sale and distribution of electronic components and design, development and sales of consumer products and product sourcing business are sensitive to technology change. The industry is also subject to rapidly changing market trends and intense competition amongst different players. This may materially and adversely affect the Group's business performance. To maintain competitiveness, the management of the Company will meet regularly to update the technology change and the industry environment.

### Economy risk

The performance of the Group is affected by the overall economy growth, especially in the electronic components market. If the economy slows down, it is highly likely that the demand for electronic components may be reduced. Any continued economic slowdown or recession may result in a decrease in sales, and may lead to a material adverse effect on the Group's business and results of operations.

本公司董事謹此提呈截至二零二一年三月三十一日止 年度之董事會報告及經審核綜合財務報表。

**Directors' Report** 

董事會報告

# 主要業務及業務回顧

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。本集團主要從事電子 元件之市場推廣及分銷、消費產品之設計、開發及銷 售以及產品採購業務、創業投資業務以及互聯網社交 媒體業務。

香港公司條例附表5所規定有關業務回顧之進一步討 論及分析,包括本集團所面對之主要風險及不確定因 素論述,以及本集團業務之可能未來發展指標,均可 於本年報第6頁至第17頁之主席致辭及管理層討論及 分析中閲覽。上述討論構成本董事會報告一部分。

# 主要風險及不明朗因素

本公司管理層在本公司審核委員會協助下監管本集團 之內部監控及風險管理制度,並定期檢討有關制度, 確保實行良好企業管治常規。監管程序及最近期之檢 討結果的進一步詳情載於本年報企業管治報告「內部 監控」一節。本集團所面對之主要風險及不明朗因素 論述如下。本公司管理層定期會面,以商討該等風 險,並將於適當時候密切監察情況,採取任何所需舒 緩風險措施。

## 行業風險

電子元件之銷售及分銷以及消費產品之設計、開發及 銷售以及產品採購業務對科技轉變反應敏感。業內之 市場趨勢瞬息萬變、同業間競爭激烈,或會對本集團 之業務表現構成重大不利影響。為保持競爭力,本公 司管理層將定期會面,以緊貼科技轉變及行業環境。

### 經濟風險

本集團之表現受整體經濟增長,尤其是電子元件市場 影響。倘經濟放緩,則電子元件需求極有可能減少。 倘經濟持續下滑或衰退,均可能導致銷售額減少,並 可能對本集團之業務及經營業績造成重大不利影響。



## **Financial risk**

## Credit risk

To minimise credit risk, the Group has monitoring procedures to ensure there is follow-up action to recover overdue debts. The Group also reviews the recoverable amount of trade receivables by the simplified approach for impairment at the end of each reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. The Board therefore considers that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

### Liquidity risk

The Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents which it deems adequate to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of cash flow fluctuations.

## Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to risk of changes in market interest rates related primarily to the Group's interest-bearing bank borrowings with floating interest rates. It does not currently has any interest rate hedging policy, but closely monitors its exposure to interest rate risk due to changes in market rates and will consider hedging changes should the need arise.

## Market price risk

The Group is exposed to the risk that the fair values of equity securities decrease as a result of changes in the levels of equity indices and the value of individual securities. The management of the Company monitors the changes of securities prices and may change the investment portfolio held if needed.

## **Environmental policies and performance**

The Group is committed to the long term sustainability of the environment and communities in which it engages. The Group strives to minimise its impact on the environment by reducing its use of electricity and water and encouraging recycle of office supplies and other materials. The Group has complied with all relevant laws and regulations regarding environmental protection, health and safety, workplace conditions and employment.

## Compliance with the laws and regulations

The Group recognises the importance of compliance with regulatory requirements and the risks of non-compliance with the applicable laws and regulations. During the year under review, the Group has complied in material respects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Group. There was no material breach or non-compliance with the applicable laws and regulations by the Group during the year under review.

## 財務風險

### 信貸風險

為了減輕信貸風險,本集團設有監察程序,確保採取 跟進行動收回逾期債項。本集團亦於各報告期間結束 時通過減值簡化法檢討貿易應收款項之可收回金額, 確保就不可收回金額計提足夠減值虧損。因此,董事 會認為,本集團之信貸風險已大為減輕。

## 流動資金風險

本集團監察現金及等同現金項目,並將其維持於本集 團認為足以應付其營運所需,同時減輕現金流量波動 影響之水平。

### 利率風險

本集團因市場利率變動而面臨之風險主要與本集團按 浮動利率計息之附息銀行借款有關。本集團目前並無 任何利率對沖政策,惟密切留意其因市場利率變動而 面臨之利率風險,並將於有需要時考慮對沖有關變 動。

## 市價風險

本集團因股票指數水平及個別證券價值之變動而面臨 股本證券公平價值下降之風險。本公司管理層監察證 券價格變動,並可能於有需要時改變所持投資組合。

## 環境政策及表現

本集團致力於其經營所在環境及社區之長期可持續 性。本集團努力透過節約用水用電及鼓勵循環利用辦 公用品及其他物料,盡可能減輕對環境的影響。本集 團已遵守所有有關環境保護、健康及安全、工作場所 環境及僱傭之相關法例及規例。

## 遵守法例及規例

本集團深明遵守監管規定之重要性以及不遵守適用法 例及規例之風險。回顧年度內,本集團一直於重大方 面遵守對本集團業務及經營有重大影響之相關法例及 規例。回顧年度內,概無發生本集團嚴重違反或不遵 守適用法例及規例之情況。

# Relationship with employees, clients, suppliers and other stakeholders

The Group understands the success of the Group's business depends on the support from its key stakeholders, including employees, clients, suppliers, banks, regulators and shareholders. During the year under review, there were no material and significant disputes between the Group and its key stakeholders. The Group will continue to ensure effective communication and maintain good relationship with each of its key stakeholders.

# **RESULTS AND DIVIDEND**

The Group's profit for the year ended 31 March 2021 and the Group's financial position at that date are set out in the consolidated financial statements on pages 83 to 199 of this annual report.

The Board has recommended the payment of a final dividend of HK\$0.030 (2020: HK\$0.025) per share for the year ended 31 March 2021.

The proposed final dividend, if approved at the forthcoming annual general meeting to be held on Friday, 27 August 2021, will be payable on Friday, 17 September 2021 to shareholders whose names appear on the registrar of members of the Company on Friday, 3 September 2021. Based on 908,663,302 shares in issue as of the date of this report, the total dividend will amount to approximately HK\$27.3 million.

# **CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS**

The Annual General Meeting of the Company is scheduled on Friday, 27 August 2021. For determining the entitlement to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 24 August 2021 to Friday, 27 August 2021, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares will be effected. In order to be eligible to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting, all transfers of shares, accompanied by the relevant share certificates, must be lodged with the Company's share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited, at Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong, for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Monday, 23 August 2021.

In order to determine the list of shareholders who are entitled to receive the proposed final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2021, the Company's register of members will be closed from Thursday, 2 September 2021 to Friday, 3 September 2021, both days inclusive. Shareholders are reminded that in order to qualify for the proposed final dividend, all transfers of shares, accompanied by the relevant share certificates, must be lodged with the Company's share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited at Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Wednesday, 1 September 2021.

## 與僱員、客戶、供應商及其他持份者之關係

本集團明白其業務成功取決於僱員、客戶、供應商、 銀行、監管機構及股東等主要持份者之支持。回顧年 度內,本集團與其主要持份者之間並無任何重大及重 要爭議。本集團將繼續確保與各主要持份者進行有效 溝通並維持良好關係。

# 業績及股息

本集團截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度之溢利以 及本集團於該日之財務狀況,載於本年報第83頁至第 199頁之綜合財務報表。

董事會建議派付截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年 度之末期股息每股0.030港元(二零二零年:0.025港 元)。

建議末期股息如於二零二一年八月二十七日(星期五) 舉行之應屆股東週年大會上獲得批准,將於二零二一 年九月十七日(星期五)派付予於二零二一年九月三日 (星期五)名列本公司股東名冊之股東。按照於本報告 日期已發行908,663,302股股份計算,股息總額將約 為27,300,000港元。

# 暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

本公司謹訂於二零二一年八月二十七日(星期五)舉行 股東週年大會。為釐定出席股東週年大會並於會上投 票之資格,本公司將於二零二一年八月二十四日(星 期二)至二零二一年八月二十七日(星期五)(首尾兩天 包括在內)暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續,期間將不會 登記任何股份過戶手續。為符合資格出席股東週年大 會並於會上投票,所有股份過戶文件連同有關股票, 須於二零二一年八月二十三日(星期一)下午四時三十 分前,送交本公司之香港股份過戶登記處卓佳登捷時 有限公司(地址為香港皇后大道東183號合和中心54 樓),以供登記。

為釐定有權收取截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度 建議末期股息之股東名單,本公司將於二零二一年九 月二日(星期四)至二零二一年九月三日(星期五)(首尾 兩天包括在內)期間暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續。謹 此提醒各股東,為符合資格收取建議末期股息,所有 股份過戶文件連同有關股票,須於二零二一年九月一 日(星期三)下午四時三十分前,送交本公司之香港股 份過戶登記處卓佳登捷時有限公司(地址為香港皇后 大道東183號合和中心54樓),以供登記。



# SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE OPTIONS

Details of the Company's share capital and share options are set out in notes 29 and 30 to the consolidated financial statements, respectively.

# **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association (the "Articles of Association") or the laws of the Cayman Islands which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing shareholders.

# PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

# **DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES**

At 31 March 2021, the Company's reserves available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, amounted to approximately HK\$468,597,000 (2020: HK\$465,542,000). The share premium of the Company is available for distribution or paying dividends to the shareholders provided that immediately following the distribution or the payment of dividends, the Company is able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

# 股本及購股權

本公司股本及購股權之詳情,分別載於綜合財務報表 附註29及30。

# 優先購買權

本公司之組織章程細則(「章程細則」)或開曼群島法律 概無載列本公司必須按持股比例向現有股東提呈發售 新股份之優先購買權條文。

# 購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證券

本公司或其任何附屬公司年內概無購買、出售或贖回 本公司任何上市證券。

# 可供分派儲備

於二零二一年三月三十一日,按開曼群島公司法之規 定計算,本公司可供分派之儲備約為468,597,000港 元(二零二零年:465,542,000港元)。本公司之股份 溢價可供分派或支付股息予股東,惟緊隨分派或支付 股息後,本公司必須能償還其於日常業務中到期之債 務。



# SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the published results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the published audited financial statements, is set out below.

# **RESULTS**

# 財務資料概要

下文載列本集團摘錄自已刊發經審核財務報表之最近 五個財政年度之已公佈業績以及資產及負債概要。

業績

				<b>r ended 31 Marc</b> 三月三十一日止年		
		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
		二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年	二零一八年	二零一七年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
REVENUE	收益	1,241,160	1,337,326	1,698,796	1,662,878	1,342,399
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	除税前溢利	276,718	92,462	55,607	163,690	276,396
Income tax	所得税	(7,192)	(1,711)	(414)	(801)	(274)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	年內溢利	269,526	90,751	55,193	162,889	276,122
Attributable to: Owners of the Company	以下人士應佔: 本公司擁有人	269,788	93,443	57,278	163,267	276,122
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(262)	(2,692)	(2,085)	(378)	
		269,526	90,751	55,193	162,889	276,122

# **Assets and liabilities**

# 資產及負債

				As at 31 March 於三月三十一日		
		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
		二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年	二零一八年	二零一七年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
TOTAL ASSETS	資產總值	1,586,615	1,393,820	1,317,018	1,405,799	1,280,877
TOTAL LIABILITIES	負債總額	(161,606)	(212,823)	(201,425)	(319,073)	(202,583)
		1,425,009	1,180,997	1,115,593	1,086,726	1,078,294



# DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company during the year were:

Executive Directors: Dr. So Yuk Kwan *(Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)* Mr. So Kevin Chi Heng *(Chief Operation Officer)* Mr. So Chi Sun Sunny

Independent Non-executive Directors: Dr. Lui Ming Wah, SBS, JP Mr. Charles Edward Chapman Mr. Lai Yat Hung Edmund Mr. Wong Ka Kit *(resigned on 28 August 2020)* 

The Company has received annual written confirmation from each of the Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Dr. Lui Ming Wah, SBS, JP, Mr. Charles Edward Chapman, and Mr. Lai Yat Hung Edmund, confirming their independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"), and considers the Independent Non-executive Directors to be independent.

Profiles of the Directors and senior management of the Group as at the date of this annual report are set out on pages 18 to 21 of this annual report.

# **REMUNERATION POLICY**

The remuneration of the Directors is recommended by the Remuneration Committee, and approved by the Board of Directors (the "Board"), as authorised by shareholders in the annual general meeting of the Company, having regard to their skills, knowledge and involvement in the Company's affairs. No Directors are involved in deciding their own remuneration.

We offer competitive remuneration package, including medical and retirement benefits, to eligible employees. Apart from basic salary, Executive Directors and employees are eligible to receive a discretionary bonus taking into account factors such as market conditions as well as corporate and individual's performance during the year.

In order to attract, retain and motivate the eligible employees, including the Directors, the Company and the subsidiaries have adopted share option schemes. The schemes enable the eligible persons to obtain an ownership interest in the Company and the subsidiaries and thus will motivate them to optimise their continuing contributions to the Group.

# 董事

年內之本公司董事如下:

執行董事: 蘇煜均博士*(主席兼行政總裁)* 蘇智恒先生*(營運總裁)* 蘇智燊先生

獨立非執行董事: 呂明華博士,SBS,太平紳士 Charles Edward Chapman先生 黎逸鴻先生 黃家傑先生(於二零二零年八月二十八日辭任)

根據聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第3.13條,本 公司已收到各獨立非執行董事(即呂明華博士,SBS, 太平紳士、Charles Edward Chapman先生及黎逸鴻先 生)各自所發出之年度確認書,確認彼等之獨立性, 並認為各獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

各董事及本集團高級管理層於本年報日期之履歷載於 本年報第18頁至第21頁。

# 薪酬政策

董事之薪酬乃由薪酬委員會作出建議,並由董事會 (「董事會」)經股東在本公司股東週年大會授權下批 准,當中已考慮彼等之技能、知識及對本公司事務之 參與程度。各董事不得參與釐定其本身之薪酬。

我們向合資格僱員提供具競爭力之薪酬組合,包括醫療及退休福利。除基本薪金外,執行董事及僱員亦可 享有酌情花紅,此乃經考慮市況以及公司與個人於年 內之表現等因素後發放。

為吸引、保留及激勵合資格僱員(包括董事),本公司 及其附屬公司已採納購股權計劃。該等計劃讓合資格 人士可擁有本公司及其附屬公司之所有權權益,從而 推動彼等持續為本集團作出最大貢獻。



# DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

No Director nor a connected entity of Director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to the business of the Group to which any of the Company's subsidiaries was a party during the year.

# DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 March 2021, the interests of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares and underlying shares of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") contained in the Listing Rules, are as follows:

# Long position in shares of the Company

(a) Interests in shares of the Company

# 董事於交易、安排或合約之權益

各董事或其關連實體於年內概無於本公司任何附屬公 司所訂立的任何對本集團業務屬重大之交易、安排或 合約中直接或間接擁有重大權益。

# 董事及最高行政人員於股份及相關股份 之權益

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本公司董事及最高行政 人員於本公司或其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例 第XV部)之股份及相關股份中擁有本公司根據證券及 期貨條例第352條之規定須予保存之登記冊所記錄之 權益,或根據上市規則所載上市發行人董事進行證券 交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)須另行知會本公司及聯 交所之權益如下:

Number of

Annrovimate

## 於本公司股份之好倉

(a) 於本公司股份之權益

Name of Director and chief executive	Nature of interest and capacity	ordinary shares of the Company	percentage of interest in the issued shares 已發行股份權益
董事及最高行政人員姓名	權益性質及身份	本公司普通股數目	概約百分比
Dr. So	Corporate interest	507,275,468	
蘇博士	公司權益	507,275,408	
	Beneficial owner	52,058,400	61.56%
	實益擁有人	(Note)	
		(附註)	

Note: These shares include (i) 410,507,602 shares of the Company held by B.K.S. Company Limited ("BKS"); (ii) 96,767,866 shares of the Company held by Jade Concept Limited ("Jade Concept"); and (iii) 52,058,400 shares of the Company held by Dr. So as beneficial owner. Dr. So is deemed to be interested in 507,275,468 shares of the Company by virtue of his interests in BKS and Jade Concept, the particulars are more fully described in the section headed "Interests of Substantial Shareholders" below. 附註:該等股份包括(i)由B.K.S. Company Limited (「BKS」)持有之410,507,602股本公司股份:(ii) 由Jade Concept Limited(「Jade Concept])持有之 96,767,866股本公司股份:及(iii)由蘇博士(作為實 益擁有人)持有之52,058,400股本公司股份。根據 蘇博士在BKS及Jade Concept之權益,彼被視為於 507,275,468股本公司股份中擁有權益,有關詳情 於下文「主要股東之權益」一節進一步詳述。



# (b) Interests in underlying shares of associated corporations of the Company

(b) 於本公司相聯法團相關股份之權益

Nature of interest and capacity	Name of associated corporations	Number of ordinary shares of associated corporations 相職法團	Approximate percentage of interest in associated corporations 相聯法團權益
權益性質及身份	相聯法團名稱	普通股數目	概約百分比
Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	830 Lab Limited ("830 Lab")	220,000 (Note) (附註)	30.98%
	and capacity 權益性質及身份 Beneficial owner	and capacity     associated corporations       權益性質及身份     相聯法團名稱       Beneficial owner     830 Lab Limited ("830 Lab")	Nature of interest and capacity     Name of associated corporations     ordinary shares of associated corporations       權益性質及身份     相聯法團名稱     普通股數目       Beneficial owner     830 Lab Limited ("830 Lab")     220,000 (Note)

Note: These underlying shares in 830 Lab, a subsidiary of the Company, represent interest in the share options granted to Mr. Sunny So pursuant to the share option scheme adopted by 830 Lab.

The interests of the Directors in the share options of the Company and a subsidiary of the Company are separately disclosed in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2021, none of the Directors and chief executive of the Company had registered any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company pursuant to the Model Code.

# DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Directors' and Chief Executive's Interests in Shares and Underlying Shares" and in the share option schemes disclosed in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements, at no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Directors or their respective spouses or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

根據830 Lab所採納之購股權計劃授予蘇智燊先生 之購股權權益。

董事於本公司及本公司一間附屬公司購股權之 權益另於綜合財務報表附註30披露。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二一年三月三十一 日,概無本公司董事及最高行政人員於本公司 或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第 XV部)之股份、相關股份或債權證中登記擁有 根據證券及期貨條例第352條之規定須予保存之 登記冊所記錄或根據標準守則須另行知會本公 司之任何權益或淡倉。

# 董事購買股份或債權證之權利

除「董事及最高行政人員於股份及相關股份之權益」一 節所披露者及綜合財務報表附註30所披露之購股權計 劃外,概無於年內任何時間向任何董事或彼等各自之 配偶或未成年子女授予可藉購買本公司股份或債權證 而獲得利益之權利,彼等亦概無行使該等權利;而本 公司或其任何附屬公司亦概無參與訂立任何安排,致 使董事可於任何其他法人團體獲得該等權利。



# **INTERESTS OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS**

As at 31 March 2021, the following substantial shareholders (other than the Directors and chief executive of the Company) had interests of 5% or more in the shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO:

## Long position in the shares of the Company

# 主要股東之權益

於二零二一年三月三十一日,以下主要股東(本公司 董事及最高行政人員除外)於本公司股份中擁有根據 證券及期貨條例第336條之規定須予保存之登記冊所 記錄之5%或以上權益:

# 於本公司股份之好倉

Name of shareholder	Nature of capacity	Approximate percentage of Number of interest in the shares held issued shares 已發行股份權益
股東名稱/姓名	身份性質	所持股份數目     概約百分比
BKS	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	410,507,602 (Note 1) 45.18% (附註1)
Jade Concept	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	96,767,866 (Note 2) 10.65% (附註2)
Madam Yeung Kit Ling ("Madam Yeung") 楊潔玲女士(「楊女士」)	Interest of spouse 配偶之權益	559,333,868 (Note 3) 61.56% (附註3)
Notes:		附註:
<ol> <li>BKS is beneficially owned by Dr. So. By virtue interested in 410,507,602 shares of the Company</li> </ol>		<ol> <li>BKS由蘇博士實益擁有。根據證券及期貨條例,蘇博士 被視為於BKS持有之410,507,602股本公司股份中擁有權 益。</li> </ol>
2. Jade Concept is beneficially owned by Dr. So. By be interested in 96,767,866 shares of the Compa		<ol> <li>Jade Concept由蘇博士實益擁有。根據證券及期貨條例, 蘇博士被視為於Jade Concept持有之96,767,866股本公司 股份中擁有權益。</li> </ol>
<ol> <li>As Madam Yeung is the spouse of Dr. So, by vi interested in the shares of the Company held by I has interest, and 52,058,400 shares held by Dr. S</li> </ol>	3KS and Jade Concept in which Dr. So	<ol> <li>由於楊女士為蘇博士之配偶,故根據證券及期貨條例,彼 被視為於蘇博士擁有權益之BKS及Jade Concept持有之本 公司股份及蘇博士作為實益擁有人持有之52,058,400股股 份中擁有權益。</li> </ol>
Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 202 notified by any person or corporation (other executive of the Company whose interests are in the shares and underlying shares of the C to be notified to the Company pursuant to Pa recorded in the register required to be kept b 336 of the SFO.	than the Directors and chief set out above) having interests company which were required art XV of the SFO or which are	除上文所披露者外,於二零二一年三月三十一日,本 公司並無接獲任何人士或法團(本公司董事及最高行 政人員除外,彼等之權益載於上文)通知,表示彼等 於本公司股份及相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例 第XV部須知會本公司或本公司根據證券及期貨條例第 336條之規定須予保存之登記冊所記錄之權益。
DELATED DADTY TRANSACTION	c	右關連十十六日

# **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

Details of the significant related party transactions undertaken in the normal course of business are provided under note 35 to the consolidated financial statements. None of the related party transactions as disclosed in note 35 to the consolidated financial statements is subject to the reporting, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements of the Listing Rules.

# 有關連人士交易

於正常業務過程中進行之重大有關連人士交易之詳 情,載於綜合財務報表附註35。綜合財務報表附註 35所披露之有關連人士交易概毋須遵守上市規則之申 報、公告及獨立股東批准之規定。



# **SHARE OPTION SCHEMES**

The Company and the subsidiaries of the Company operate share option schemes (the "Schemes") for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operation. Further details of the Schemes are disclosed in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements.

# **CHARITABLE CONTRIBUTIONS**

During the year, the Group made charitable contributions amounting to HK\$258,000 (2020: HK\$240,000).

# **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

During the year under review, sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 27% of the Group's total sales for the year and sales to the largest customer included therein amounted to approximately 9%. Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers for the year accounted for approximately 94% of the Group's total purchases and purchases from the largest supplier included therein amounted to approximately 65%.

None of the Directors or any of their associates (as defined in the Listing Rules), or any shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers or suppliers.

# DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN COMPETING BUSINESSES

During the year, none of the Directors or their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) were considered to have an interest in a business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group, other than those businesses of which the Directors were appointed as directors to represent the interests of the Company and/or the Group.

# SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total number of issued shares were held by the public during the year ended 31 March 2021 and as at the date of this report.

# **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

Each of the executive directors has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of one year, and each of the independent non-executive directors has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of one year.

None of the directors being proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with any member of the Group which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

# 購股權計劃

本公司及其附屬公司設有購股權計劃(「該等計劃」), 旨在向對本集團之營運成就作出貢獻之合資格參與者 提供獎勵及回報。有關該等計劃之進一步詳情於綜合 財務報表附註30披露。

# 慈善捐款

年內,本集團作出慈善捐款258,000港元(二零二零 年:240,000港元)。

# 主要客戶及供應商

回顧年度內,對本集團五位最大客戶之銷售額佔本集 團年內總銷售額約27%,其中對最大客戶之銷售額佔 總銷售額約9%。年內向本集團五位最大供應商作出 之採購額佔本集團總採購額約94%,其中向最大供應 商作出之採購額佔總採購額約65%。

董事或彼等之任何聯繫人(定義見上市規則)或任何股 東(就董事所知擁有本公司已發行股本5%以上者)概 無於本集團五位最大客戶或供應商中擁有任何實益權 益。

# 董事於競爭業務之權益

年內,概無董事或彼等各自之聯繫人(定義見上市規 則)被視為於與本集團業務直接或間接構成或可能構 成競爭之業務中擁有權益(董事獲委任出任董事以代 表本公司及/或本集團利益之業務除外)。

# 公眾持股量之充足程度

根據本公司從公開途徑可得之資料及據董事所知,於 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度及於本報告日 期,本公司已發行股份總數至少25%由公眾持有。

# 董事服務合約

各執行董事已與本公司訂立為期一年之服務協議,及 各獨立非執行董事已與本公司訂立為期一年之委任 函。

概無擬於應屆股東週年大會上重選的董事與本集團任 何成員公司訂有本集團不可於一年內終止而毋須賠償 (法定賠償除外)的服務合約。

# **MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS**

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existing during the year.

# PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

During the year under review and as at the date of this report, an indemnity provision was in force. The Company has arranged appropriate directors' liability insurance coverage for the Directors during the year under review.

# **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

Particulars of the Company's corporate governance practices are set out on pages 35 to 45 of this annual report.

# DISCLOSURE PURSUANT TO RULE 13.22 OF THE LISTING RULES

As at 31 March 2021, the aggregate amount of financial assistance to, and (where applicable) guarantee given for the loan facilities granted to, affiliated companies of the Company, exceeds 8% under the assets ratio as defined under Rule 14.07 (1) of the Listing Rules. In compliance with the requirement of Rule 13.22 of the Listing Rules, the combined statement of financial position of the affiliated companies (with attributable interest of the Group in the affiliated companies) as at the latest applicable date is set out below:

# 管理合約

年內概無訂立或存在有關本公司整體或任何重大部分 業務之管理及行政合約。

# 獲准許彌償條文

回顧年度內及於本報告日期,有一項彌償條文生效。 本公司已於回顧年度內為董事安排適當董事責任保險 保障。

# 企業管治

本公司企業管治常規之詳情,載於本年報第35頁至第 45頁。

# 根據上市規則第13.22條作出之披露

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本公司聯屬公司獲得之 財務資助及(如適用)就其獲授貸款融資提供之擔保之 總額超過上市規則第14.07(1)條所界定之資產比率之 8%。為符合上市規則第13.22條之規定,於最近適用 日期,聯屬公司之合併財務狀況表(包括本集團於聯 屬公司中應佔權益)載列如下:

		Combined statement	Group's attributable
		of financial position 合併財務狀況表	interest 本集團酶化博祥
		盲讲财资从元表 HK\$'000	本集團應佔權益 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產	109,365	82,024
Current assets	流動資產	9,545,523	7,159,142
Current liabilities	流動負債	(8,273,514)	(6,205,135)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(1,105)	(829)
		1,380,269	1,035,202
Share capital	股本	180,000	135,000
Reserves	儲備	1,200,269	900,202
		1,380,269	1,035,202



# AUDITOR

Ernst & Young retire and a resolution for their re-appointment as auditor of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

On Behalf of the Board

# 核數師

安永會計師事務所任滿告退,本公司將在應屆股東週 年大會上提呈決議案,續聘其為本公司之核數師。

代表董事會

**So Yuk Kwan** *Chairman* Hong Kong, 25 June 2021 *主席* **蘇煜均** 香港,二零二一年六月二十五日

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告



The Group is committed to maintain a high standard of corporate governance and enhance its transparency and corporate value. The Group believes that good corporate governance provides a framework between the Board and the shareholders so as to enhancing shareholders' interest and value as a whole. The Board continually reviews and improves its corporate governance practices to ensure the Company keeps abreast of the expectation of shareholders of the Company ("Shareholders").

The purpose of this report is to provide Shareholders with information on the major principles and corporate governance practices adopted by the Company.

Throughout the year ended 31 March 2021, the Company has applied the major principles and complied with the code provisions, except for the code provision A.2.1, as set out in the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report (the "Corporate Governance Code") contained in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"). Further details of the Company's corporate governance practices will be described in the following sections.

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

The Board should assure responsibility for leadership and control of the Company and its subsidiaries, and is collectively responsible for directing and supervising the Company and its subsidiaries affairs.

The Board, led by the Chairman, is responsible for the formulation of the Group's business objectives and strategies. Matters reserved for the Board are those affecting the Group's overall strategic policies, finance and risk management. The senior management is responsible for the day-to-day operations of the Group directed by leadership of the Executive Directors. To this end, the senior management has to implement, manage and monitor the business plans, internal controls and corporate governance practices developed by the Board.

本集團一直致力維持高水平之企業管治,並承諾提高 其透明度及企業價值。本集團相信,良好之企業管治 為董事會與股東之間提供框架,藉以提高股東之整體 利益及價值。董事會將持續檢討及改善其企業管治常 規,以確保本公司之運作達致本公司股東(「股東」)之 期望。

本報告旨在為股東提供有關本公司所採納主要原則及 企業管治常規之資料。

於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度內,本公司 已應用香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市 規則」)附錄十四所載之企業管治守則及企業管治報告 (「企業管治守則」)載列之主要原則及遵守守則條文, 惟守則條文第A.2.1條之偏離除外。有關本公司企業管 治常規之進一步詳情,將於以下各節詳述。

### 董事會

董事會須承擔領導及監控本公司及其附屬公司之職 責,並共同負責指導及監督本公司及其附屬公司之事 務。

董事會由主席領導,負責制定本集團之業務目標及策 略。董事會專責處理影響本集團整體策略政策、財務 及風險管理之事宜。在執行董事之領導下,高級管理 層負責本集團之日常營運。為達到此目的,高級管理 層須實施、管理及監察董事會所制定之業務計劃、內 部監控及企業管治常規。



#### **Board Composition**

The composition of the Board ensures a balance of skills and experience appropriate for the requirements of the business of the Company.

As at 31 March 2021, the Board comprised three Executive Directors and three Independent Non-executive Directors ("INEDs"). One of the INEDs has appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise as required under the Listing Rules.

Each of the INEDs has made an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers the INEDs to be independent. Having the INEDs in the Board ensure that independent judgment is exercised and that a proper balance of power is maintained for full and effective control of the Group and its executive management. The Directors believe that the existing Board composition reflects the Company's respect for high standards of business conduct commonly adopted by multinational enterprises. The INEDs perform an important role in safeguarding the Shareholders' interests.

The Board as a whole is responsible for reviewing the Board composition (which include an assessment of the skills, knowledge and experience of the existing Directors and suitable candidates) and for formulating procedures for appointment of its own members and for nominating them for election by the Shareholders on the first appointment and thereafter at regular intervals through the retirement by rotation process pursuant to the Articles of Association of the Company.

Each of the INEDs has been appointed for specific term and has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of one year, which shall continue thereafter unless and until terminated by either party giving the other not less than one month's notice in writing. All the Directors are subjected to retirement by rotation in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company.

In accordance with Article 112 of the Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Kevin So and Mr. Sunny So will retire by rotation at the Annual General Meeting. They are being eligible to offer themselves for re-election at the Annual General Meeting.

#### 董事會成員組合

董事會之組成確保在技能與經驗方面取得適合本公司 業務所需之平衡。

於二零二一年三月三十一日,董事會由三名執行董事 及三名獨立非執行董事(「獨立非執行董事」)組成。其 中一名獨立非執行董事具備上市規則所規定之適當專 業資格或會計或相關財務管理專業知識。

各獨立非執行董事已根據上市規則第3.13條發出年度 獨立性確認書。本公司認為各獨立非執行董事均為獨 立人士。董事會擁有獨立非執行董事可確保其作出獨 立判斷及維持恰當之權力平衡,從而全面及有效地監 控本集團及其行政管理。董事相信現有之董事會組成 反映本公司重視跨國企業所普遍採納之高水平營業操 守。獨立非執行董事在保障股東利益方面起着重要作 用。

董事會全體負責檢討董事會組成(包括評估現任董事 及適當候選人之技能、知識及經驗),並制定程序委 任其本身成員及於首次委任時提名彼等以供股東選舉 及其後根據本公司之章程細則以輪值告退方式定期委 任。

各獨立非執行董事均有指定任期,並與本公司訂立委 任函,為期一年,其後將持續有效,直至任何一方向 對方發出不少於一個月之書面通知予以終止為止。全 體董事均須根據本公司之章程細則輪值告退。

根據本公司章程細則第112條,蘇智恒先生及蘇智燊 先生將於股東週年大會上輪值告退。彼等合資格及願 意於股東週年大會接受重選。



#### **Chairman and Chief Executive Officer**

Code provision A.2.1 stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The positions of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer (the "CEO") of the Company are held by Dr. So.

Dr. So is primarily responsible for overall business strategies and business development to the Company. Dr. So is the founder of the Group and has over 45 years of experience in the electronic industry.

The Board believes that vesting the roles of both the Chairman and the CEO in the same person can facilitate the execution of the Group's business strategies and boost effectiveness of its operation. Therefore, the Board considers that the deviation from the code provision A.2.1 of the Corporate Governance Code is appropriate in such circumstance. In addition, under the supervision of the Board which is comprised of three Executive Directors and three Independent Non-executive Directors, the Board is appropriately structured with balance of power to provide sufficient checks to protect the interests of the Group and its shareholders.

The Chairman is responsible for providing leadership to, and overseeing the functioning of the Board to ensure that the Board acts in the best interest of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole. The Chairman determines that the Board is provided with direction and sufficient consultation for the Directors in effectively discharging their responsibilities for different aspects of the business.

The CEO, supported by senior management, are responsible for implementation of corporate goals, business strategies and policies resolved by the Board from time to time. The CEO assumes full accountability to the Board in respect of the Group's operations and development.

Save as Dr. So, the Chairman and the CEO, is the father of Mr. Kevin So, the Chief Operation Officer, and Mr. Sunny So, there is no relationship among members of the Board.

#### 主席及行政總裁

守則條文A.2.1規定,主席與行政總裁的角色應有區分,不應由一人同時兼任。本公司之主席與行政總裁 (「行政總裁」)職位均由蘇博士擔任。

蘇博士主要負責本公司整體業務策略及業務發展。蘇 博士為本集團之創辦人,於電子業擁有超過45年工作 經驗。

董事會相信,將主席及行政總裁之職務交由同一人兼 任,能有助執行本集團之業務策略,提升營運效率。 因此,董事會認為,偏離企業管治守則之守則條文 A.2.1在有關情況下實屬適當。再者,在董事會(由三 名執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事組成)之監督下, 董事會恰當地以權力平衡之方式構建,為保障本集團 及其股東之權益提供充分監察。

主席負責領導董事會及監督董事會之運作,以確保董 事會按本公司及股東整體之最佳利益行事。主席確定 董事會獲提供指引及充足諮詢,以便董事有效地就不 同業務方面履行其職責。

行政總裁在高級管理人員協助下負責落實董事會不時 議決之企業目標、業務策略及政策。行政總裁就本集 團之營運及發展對董事會負全責。

主席兼行政總裁蘇博士為營運總裁蘇智恒先生及蘇智 燊先生之父親,除此以外,董事會各成員之間概無關 連。



#### **Board Meetings**

Board meetings are scheduled to be held at about quarterly interval. The senior management of the Group from time to time reports to the Directors information on the activities and development of the Group's business. In addition, the Directors have full access to information on the Group and independent professional advice whenever deemed necessary by the Directors.

The attendance record of regular four board meetings held during the year is set out below:

Name of Directors	Attendance/ Number of meetings	
Executive Directors		
Dr. So Yuk Kwan <i>(Chairman and</i>		
Chief Executive Officer)	4/4	
Mr. So Kevin Chi Heng (Chief Operation Officer)	4/4	
Mr. So Chi Sun Sunny	4/4	
Independent Non-executive Directors		
Dr. Lui Ming Wah, sвs, JP	4/4	
Mr. Charles Edward Chapman	4/4	
Mr. Lai Yat Hung Edmund	4/4	
Mr. Wong Ka Kit		
(resigned on 28 August 2020)	1/1	

### **Board Committees**

As at the date of the report, there were four Board Committees, namely, the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Corporate Governance Committee in operation and each one of them was established with specific terms of references to assist the Board discharging its responsibilities and maintaining proper internal controls and to promote good corporate governance as a whole.

#### 董事會會議

董事會會議預定大約每季度舉行一次。本集團之高級 管理層不時向董事報告有關本集團業務之活動及發展 的資料。此外,董事可取閱本集團之一切資料,並於 彼等認為有需要時徵詢獨立專業意見。

年內舉行之四次常規董事會會議之出席記錄載列如 下:

/	董事姓名	會議出席/ 舉行次數
-		
	執行董事	
	蘇煜均博士	
1	(主席兼行政總裁)	4/4
1	蘇智恒先生 <i>(營運總裁)</i>	4/4
1	蘇智燊先生	4/4
	獨立非執行董事	
1	呂明華博士,SBS·太平紳士	4/4
1	Charles Edward Chapman先生	4/4
1	黎逸鴻先生	4/4
	黃家傑先生	
	(於二零二零年八月二十八日辭任)	1/1

### 董事委員會

於本報告日期,本公司設有四個董事委員會,即審核 委員會、薪酬委員會、提名委員會及企業管治委員 會,各委員會均具有特定職權範圍以協助董事會履行 其職責及維持適當內部監控以及促進整體良好企業管 治。



#### Audit Committee

As at 31 March 2021, the Audit Committee comprises of three Independent Non-executive Directors. The Audit Committee is chaired by Dr. Lui Ming Wah, SBS, JP and the other members include, Mr. Charles Edward Chapman and Mr. Lai Yat Hung Edmund.

The principal duties of the Audit Committee include (i) to discuss with the external auditor before the audit commence, the nature and scope of the audit and confirm their independence and objectivity; (ii) to review the Group's financial information before submission to the Board; (iii) to review the Group's financial reporting system and the effectiveness of the audit process with internal control procedure; and (iv) to review external auditor's management letter and the relationship with the Group.

In accordance with the terms of reference of the Audit Committee, the Audit Committee meets at least twice a year to review the interim results and the final results of the Company.

During the year, two Audit Committee meetings were held. The Audit Committee had reviewed the Group's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020 and the interim results for the six months ended 30 September 2020. The Audit Committee had also reviewed and discussed with the management the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group, and discussed auditing, internal control and financial reporting matters including the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021.

The attendance record of the Audit Committee meetings held during the year is set out below.

#### 審核委員會

於二零二一年三月三十一日,審核委員會由三名獨 立非執行董事組成。審核委員會之主席為呂明華博 士,sBS·太平紳士,而其他成員包括Charles Edward Chapman先生及黎逸鴻先生。

審核委員會之主要職責包括:(i)於審核開始前與外聘 核數師商討審核之性質及範圍並確認彼等之獨立性及 客觀性:(ii)於向董事會提交本集團之財務資料前先作 審閱:(iii)按內部監控程序檢討本集團之財務申報制度 及審核過程之有效性:及(iv)檢討外聘核數師之管理函 件及與本集團之關係。

根據審核委員會之職權範圍,審核委員會須每年至少 舉行兩次會議,以審閲本公司之中期業績及全年業 績。

年內,審核委員會共舉行了兩次會議。審核委員會已 審閱本集團截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度之經 審核綜合財務報表及截至二零二零年九月三十日止六 個月之中期業績。審核委員會亦已與管理層檢討及討 論本集團所採納之會計原則及慣例,並討論審核、內 部監控及財務申報事宜,包括截至二零二一年三月 三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表。

年內舉行之審核委員會會議之出席記錄載列如下。

Name of Audit Committee Members	Attendance/ Number of meetings	審核委員會成員姓名	會議出席/ 舉行次數
Dr. Lui Ming Wah, sBs, JP <i>(Chairman)</i> Mr. Charles Edward Chapman Mr. Lai Yat Hung Edmund	2/2 2/2 2/2	呂明華博士,sbs, <sub>太平紳士</sub> (主席) Charles Edward Chapman先生 黎逸鴻先生	2/2 2/2 2/2
Mr. Wong Ka Kit (resigned on 28 August 2020)	1/1	黃家傑先生 (於二零二零年八月二十八日辭任)	1/1



#### **Remuneration Committee**

As at 31 March 2021, the Remuneration Committee comprises of three Independent Non-executive Directors. The Remuneration Committee is chaired by Dr. Lui Ming Wah, SBS, JP, and the other members include Mr. Charles Edward Chapman and Mr. Lai Yat Hung Edmund. One Remuneration Committee meeting was held during the year to consider the salary adjustment of the Directors and all members had attended the meeting.

The principal responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee include making recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for the remuneration of Directors and senior management and reviewing the specific remuneration packages of all Executive Directors and senior management by reference to the Company's performance and profitability as well as remuneration benchmarks in the industry and the prevailing market conditions. No Director or any of his associates shall be involved in deciding his own remuneration. The Remuneration Committee normally meets once a year and at other times as required.

The attendance record of the Remuneration Committee meeting held during the year is set out below.

Attendance/ Number of meetings
1/1
1/1
1/1
1/1

#### **Nomination Committee**

As at 31 March 2021, the Nomination Committee comprises of three Independent Non-executive Directors. The Nomination Committee is chaired by Dr. Lui Ming Wah, SBS, JP, and the other members include Mr. Charles Edward Chapman and Mr. Lai Yat Hung Edmund.

The principal responsibilities of the Nomination Committee include (i) review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board at least annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy; (ii) identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships; (iii) assess the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors; and (iv) make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of directors and succession planning for directors, in particular the Chairman and the CEO.

#### 薪酬委員會

於二零二一年三月三十一日,薪酬委員會由三名獨 立非執行董事組成。薪酬委員會之主席為呂明華博 士, SBS·太平紳士,而其他成員包括Charles Edward Chapman先生及黎逸鴻先生。薪酬委員會於年內舉 行了一次會議以考慮董事薪金調整,全體成員均有出 席。

薪酬委員會之主要職責包括就本公司董事及高級管理 層之薪酬政策及架構向董事會提供建議,並參照本公 司之表現及盈利能力,以及業內薪酬基準及現行市 況,檢討所有執行董事及高級管理層之具體薪酬組 合。董事或其任何聯繫人均不得參與釐定其本身之薪 酬。薪酬委員會一般每年舉行一次會議,並於有需要 時再舉行會議。

年內舉行之薪酬委員會會議之出席記錄載列如下。

薪酬委員會成員姓名	會議出席/ 舉行次數
呂明華博士,SBS,太平紳士(主席)	1/1
Charles Edward Chapman先生	1/1
黎逸鴻先生	1/1
黃家傑先生	
(於二零二零年八月二十八日辭任)	1/1

#### 提名委員會

於二零二一年三月三十一日,提名委員會由三名獨 立非執行董事組成。提名委員會之主席為呂明華博 士,SBS·太平紳士,而其他成員包括Charles Edward Chapman先生及黎逸鴻先生。

提名委員會之主要職責包括(i)至少每年檢討董事會之 架構、人數及組成(包括技能、知識及經驗),並就任 何為配合本公司之企業策略而擬對董事會作出之變動 提出建議:(ii)物色具備合適資格可擔任董事會成員之 人士,並挑選提名有關人士出任董事或就此向董事會 提出建議:(iii)評核獨立非執行董事之獨立性:及(iv) 就董事委任或重新委任以及董事(尤其是主席及行政 總裁)繼任計劃向董事會提出建議。

The Nomination Committee meeting held at least once a year and additional meeting may be held as required. During the year, the Nomination Committee held a meeting and reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board.

The attendance record of the Nomination Committee meeting held during the year is set out below:

Name of Nomination Committee Members	Attendance/ Number of meetings
Dr. Lui Ming Wah, sвs, JP <i>(Chairman)</i>	1/1
Mr. Charles Edward Chapman	1/1
Mr. Lai Yat Hung Edmund	1/1
Mr. Wong Ka Kit	
(resigned on 28 August 2020)	1/1

#### **Board Diversity Policy**

The Board has adopted the Board Diversity Policy and the Company believes that the implementation of this policy will help improve the functioning of the Board and its corporate governance. Diversity of board members can be achieved by considering various factors, including but not limited to gender, age, ethnicity, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skill, knowledge and length of service. The Nomination Committee considers whether the proposed Director satisfies the diversity of Directors or not while identifying individuals suitably qualified to become a member of the Board. The Nomination Committee will regularly review the measurable objectives that the Board has set for implementing the Board Diversity Policy and the progress on achieving the objectives

As at the date of the report, the Board consists of 6 directors with different professional backgrounds. The Nomination Committee believes that the existing Board provides the required professional skills, experience and guidance for the Company's operations and management in terms of the Company's relevant business operations. The Nomination Committee will continue to review the Board diversity policy from time to time to ensure its effectiveness.

### **Corporate Governance Committee**

As at 31 March 2021, the Corporate Governance Committee comprises of three Independent Non-executive Directors. The Corporate Governance Committee is chaired by Dr. Lui Ming Wah, SBS, JP, and the other members included Mr. Charles Edward Chapman and Mr. Lai Yat Hung Edmund.

The Corporate Governance Committee is primarily responsible for developing and reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and making recommendations to the Board and reviewing the Company's compliance with the Corporate Governance Code. 提名委員會至少每年舉行一次會議,並於有需要時再 舉行會議。年內,提名委員會已舉行一次會議,於會 上檢討董事會之架構、人數及組成。

年內舉行之提名委員會會議之出席記錄載列如下:

提名委員會成員姓名	會議出席/ 舉行次數
呂明華博士,SBS·太平紳士(主席)	1/1
Charles Edward Chapman先生	1/1
黎逸鴻先生	1/1
黃家傑先生	
(於二零二零年八月二十八日辭任)	1/1

#### 董事會多元化政策

董事會已採納董事會多元化政策,本公司相信這一政 策的實施有助提升董事會職能及其公司管治水平。董 事會成員多元化可透過考慮多方面因素達到,當中包 括但不限於性別,年齡,種族,文化及教育背景,專 業經驗,技術,知識和服務年期。提名委員會於物色 具備合適資格擔任董事的人士之同時考慮該名候選董 事是否滿足董事成員多元化。提名委員會將定期檢討 董事會為執行董事會成員多元化政策而制定的可計量 目標和達標進度。

於本報告日期,董事會由6名來自不同專業背景之董 事組成。提名委員會認為,結合本公司的相關經營業 務,現行董事會為本公司的經營和管理提供了所需的 專業技能,經驗和指導。提名委員會將繼續不時檢討 董事會成員多元化政策,以確保此政策的有效運行。

#### 企業管治委員會

於二零二一年三月三十一日,企業管治委員會由三 名獨立非執行董事組成。企業管治委員會之主席為 呂明華博士,SBS·太平紳士,而其他成員包括Charles Edward Chapman先生及黎逸鴻先生。

企業管治委員會主要負責制定及檢討本公司之企業管 治政策及常規,並向董事會提出建議,以及檢討本公 司遵守企業管治守則之情況。



The Corporate Governance Committee meeting held at least once a year. During the year, the Corporate Governance Committee held a meeting and reviewed the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements.

The attendance record of the Corporate Governance Committee meeting held during the year is set out below:

Name of Corporate Governance Committee Members	Attendance/ Number of meetings
Dr. Lui Ming Wah, sвs, JP <i>(Chairman)</i>	1/1
Mr. Charles Edward Chapman	1/1
Mr. Lai Yat Hung Edmund	1/1
Mr. Wong Ka Kit	
(resigned on 28 August 2020)	1/1

#### **INTERNAL CONTROL**

The Board reviews the Group's internal control system from time to time and will take any necessary and appropriate action to maintain an adequate internal control system to safeguard Shareholders' interests. An internal audit function which is internally resourced and forms part of the Group's permanent establishment is in charge for overall review on the effectiveness of the internal control system and will be discussed annually with the Audit Committee.

During the financial year under review, the internal audit function had arranged to conduct reviews over the effectiveness of the Group's internal control system to provide reasonable assurance on the effectiveness and efficiency of operations in achieving the established corporate objectives, safeguarding Group's assets, providing reliable financial reporting, and complying with applicable laws and regulations.

The Board has also reviewed the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff for the Company's accounting and financial reporting function and their training programmes and budget. Both the Audit Committee and the Board were satisfied that the internal control system of the Group has been functioned effectively during the year and no material internal control aspects of any significant problems were noted.

# MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules. Having made specific enquiry with the Directors, all Directors confirmed that they have complied with the required standard as set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 March 2021.

企業管治委員會至少每年舉行一次會議。年內,企業 管治委員會已舉行一次會議,檢討本公司遵守法律及 監管規定之政策及常規。

年內舉行之企業管治委員會會議之出席記錄載列如 下:

企業管治委員會成員姓名	會議出席/ 舉行次數
呂明華博士,SBS,太平紳士(主席)	1/1
Charles Edward Chapman先生	1/1
黎逸鴻先生	1/1
黃家傑先生	
(於二零二零年八月二十八日辭任)	1/1

#### 內部監控

董事會不時檢討本集團之內部監控制度,並採取任何 必需而適當之行動,以維持足夠之內部監控制度,保 障股東利益。內部審核職能以內部資源支持,為本集 團永久建制一部分,負責對內部監控制度之成效進行 整體檢討,並將每年與審核委員會進行討論。

於回顧財政年度內,內部審核職能已安排就本集團內 部監控制度之成效進行檢討,為營運之效能及效率提 供合理保證,以達致既定之企業目標、保障本集團資 產、提供可靠之財務報告及遵守適用之法例及規例。

董事會亦已就本公司會計及財務報告職能檢討本公司 僱員之資源、資歷及經驗是否足夠,以及檢討彼等之 培訓計劃及預算。審核委員會及董事會均信納,本集 團之內部監控制度於年內一直行之有效,並無發現有 關主要內部監控之任何重大問題。

### 董事進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載之標準守則。經對 董事作出具體查詢後,所有董事均確認彼等於截至二 零二一年三月三十一日止整個年度內均已遵守標準守 則所載之規定準則。

# **Corporate Governance Report**

企業管治報告

### **AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION**

The remuneration paid/payable to the Company's independent auditor during the year, is set out as follows:

Ser

### 核數師酬金

年內,已付/應付本公司獨立核數師之酬金載列如 下:

ervices rendered	所提供服務	Fee paid/payable
		已付/應付費用
		HK\$'000
		千港元

Audit of financial statements

審核財務報表

1,900

### DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL **STATEMENTS**

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

With the assistance of the Finance Department which is under the supervision of the Chief Financial Officer, the Directors ensure the preparation and publication of the Group's consolidated financial statements in a timely manner in accordance with the applicable laws, rules, regulations and accounting standards. The Directors, having made appropriate enquiries, consider that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and that, for this reason, it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the Group's consolidated financial statements.

A statement by the Company's auditor about their reporting responsibilities on the Group's consolidated financial statements is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 76 to 82 of this report.

### **INVESTORS RELATIONS**

The Company established a dedicated investor relations section in order to provide timely information to the investors as well as Shareholders and institutional investors. The Company also conducts a meeting with institutional investors and analysts from time to time and to maintain updated information opened to the public regarding recent development of the Company. Relevant information of investor relations is available on the Company's website (http://www.avconcept.com).

### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

The Company recognises the rights of Shareholders and their opinions are valuable to the Company. The Shareholders are encouraged to participate in general meetings or to appoint proxies or corporate representatives to attend and vote at meetings for and on their behalf if they are unable to attend the meetings. The Shareholders are encouraged to raise their enguiries on the operations, corporate governance, corporate strategy and further development of the Company during the meeting by way of shareholders' rights. The process of the Company's general meeting will be monitored and reviewed on a regular basis, and, if necessary, changes will be made to ensure that Shareholders' needs are best served. The Board members, in particular, either the chairmen or deputy chairmen of Board Committees or their delegates, appropriate management executives and external auditor will attend annual general meetings to answer Shareholders' questions.

### 董事就財務報表須承擔之責任

董事確認彼等有責任編製本集團之綜合財務報表。

在首席財務總監監督之財務部門協助下,董事確保本 集團之綜合財務報表乃根據適用法例、規則、規例及 會計準則及時編製及刊登。董事於作出適當杳詢後, 認為本集團擁有足夠資源於可見將來繼續進行營運, 有鑒於此,董事認為於編製本集團之綜合財務報表時 採納持續經營基準乃屬恰當。

本公司核數師就彼等有關本集團綜合財務報表之報告 責任發出之聲明,載於本報告第76頁至第82頁之獨立 核數師報告。

### 投資者關係

本公司專設投資者關係部門,以向投資者及股東以及 機構投資者提供及時資料。本公司亦不時與機構投資 者及分析師舉行會議,並向公眾提供有關本公司近期 發展之更新資料。投資者關係之有關資料於本公司網 站(http://www.avconcept.com)可供查閲。

### 股東權利

本公司認同股東之權利及彼等之意見對本公司非常寶 貴。本公司鼓勵股東參與股東大會,股東如未克出席 會議,可委派代表或公司代表代其出席並於會上投 票。本公司鼓勵股東於會上行使股東權利就本公司之 運作、企業管治、企業策略及進一步發展作出查詢。 本公司會監察及定期檢討股東大會程序,如有需要將 作出改動,以確保其切合股東需要。董事會成員(尤 其是董事委員會主席或副主席或彼等之代表)、適當 管理人員及外聘核數師將出席股東週年大會回答股東 提問。



#### Shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting

In accordance with Article 68 of the Articles of Association of the Company, general meetings shall also be convened on the written requisition of any two or more Shareholders deposited at the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong or, in the event the Company ceases to have such a principal office, the registered office specifying the objects of the meeting and signed by the requisitionists, provided that such requisitionists held as at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company which carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company.

# Putting forward proposals by Shareholders at general meetings

Save for the procedures for the Shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting, there are no provisions in the Articles of Association of the Company or the Cayman Islands Companies Law for Shareholders to propose new resolutions at general meetings. Shareholders who wish to propose relevant resolutions may request the Company to convene a general meeting in accordance with the procedures set out in the preceding paragraph.

#### Putting forward enquiries by Shareholders to the Board

Shareholders may contact the Board for enquiries in respect of the Company's information, to the extent such information can be made available to the public. Shareholders may at any time make enquiry in respect of the Company in writing at our head office in Hong Kong by post or facsimile via the numbers and email address provided on the Company's website.

### SHAREHOLDERS COMMUNICATION POLICY

The Company has established Shareholders Communication Policy in providing a communication platform to the Shareholders of the Company with information about the Company and enabling them to engage actively with the Company and exercise their rights as shareholders in an informed manner. Effective and timely dissemination of information to Shareholders shall be ensured at all times. Any guestion regarding this policy shall be directed to the company secretary of the Company or the Board of Directors of the Company. Appropriate arrangements for the annual general meeting shall be in place to encourage Shareholders' participation and all corporate communication will be provided to Shareholders in plain language and in both English and Chinese version to facilitate Shareholders' understanding, including but not limited to interim reports, annual reports, results announcements, notice of general meeting, circulars, and associated explanatory documents, other announcements and monthly return on movements in the Company's securities for each month and next day disclosure returns in relation to the Company, which are available on the Company's website (http://www.avconcept.com).

#### 股東召開股東特別大會

根據本公司章程細則第68條,股東特別大會亦須於 本公司任何兩名或以上股東向本公司的香港總辦事處 (倘該辦事處不再為本公司的總辦事處,則為註冊辦 事處)提交列明會議目的並已由各申請人簽署的申請 書後召開,而該等申請人於遞交申請當日須持有附有 權利於本公司股東大會上投票的本公司已繳股本不少 於十分之一。

#### 股東於股東大會上提出動議

除股東召開股東特別大會的程序外,本公司之章程細 則或開曼群島公司法概無條文描述關於股東於股東大 會動議新決議案。有意動議有關決議案的股東可於依 循前段所載之程序後向本公司提交要求召開股東大 會。

#### 股東向董事會提出查詢

股東可根據本公司之資料聯絡董事會,公眾可查閱該 等資料。股東可隨時以書面形式並郵寄至本公司的香 港總辦事處,或按照本公司網站所提供的傳真號碼及 電郵地址向本公司作出查詢。

### 股東通訊政策

本公司已制定股東通訊政策,向本公司股東提供有關 本公司資料之溝通平台,並讓彼等能積極與本公司溝 通,在知情情況下行使彼等作為股東之權利。本公司 時刻確保有效率地向股東傳達及時資訊。如對本政策 有任何疑問,應向本公司之公司秘書或本公司董事會 提出。股東週年大會將有適當安排鼓勵股東參與其 中,所有向股東發放之公司通訊將以淺白中、英雙 語編寫,以便股東理解,該等通訊(包括但不限於中 報、年報、業績公佈、股東大會通告、通函及相關 説明文件及其他公佈,以及本公司每月證券變動之 月報表及有關本公司之翌日披露報表)於本公司網站 (http://www.avconcept.com)可供查閲。

# ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

環境、社會及管治報告



# THE ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE POLICIES

The Group believes that it is important to achieve sustainable development and create long-term values to stakeholders for establishing a brand that can endure thousands of years of weathering. By developing comprehensive sustainability strategies, the Group can integrate the concept of sustainability into the daily operation and reduce the negative impacts brought to the environment and society. Together with all the employees' effort, we are confident to march on the road to sustainability.

### **REPORTING SCOPE AND FRAMEWORK**

The Environmental, Social and Governance Report (the "Report") covers the Group's policies and performance on environmental, social and governance ("ESG") aspects of its semiconductor distribution, consumer product and product sourcing business, venture capital and internet social media business, unless otherwise stated, in Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (the "HKSAR") for the period from 1 April 2020 to 31 March 2021.The ESG key performance indicator ("KPI") data is gathered and included under the Group's business activities driven by Hong Kong office and warehouse. The Group will extend the scope of disclosures when applicable. The KPIs are shown in this Report as well as supplemented by explanatory notes to establish benchmarks.

The Report has been prepared in accordance with all applicable provisions set out in the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide (the "ESG Reporting Guide") contained in Appendix 27 to the Main Board Listing Rules of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

For the Group's corporate governance practices, please refer to the section "Corporate Governance Report" on the pages 35 to 45 of this annual report.

### THE ESG GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE

The Board of Directors (the "Board") plays an important role in handling ESG issues and determining sustainable development policies for the Group's long-term growth. It provides the direction of the establishment of sustainable strategies and allocates resources to support the implementation of policies and targets, in order to ensure the effectiveness of the risk and internal control mechanisms with the assistance of the ESG Taskforce (the "Taskforce"). The Taskforce is composed by core members from different departments with the Board stewardship. It focuses on overviewing, monitoring, managing and following up on the ESG issues in the daily operation to enhance the management efficiency.

Working Scope of the Taskforce:

- Identify the ESG risks;
- Evaluate the effectiveness of the internal control mechanisms;
- Examine and evaluate the Group's performances in different aspects;

### 環境、社會及管治方針

本集團認為,要建立一個經得起千年風雨的品牌,實 現可持續發展並為持份者創造長期價值是為非常重 要。通過制定全面的可持續發展策略,本集團可以將 可持續發展理念融入日常營運,減少對環境和社會帶 來的負面影響。在全體員工的共同努力下,我們有信 心在可持續發展的道路上前進。

### 報告範圍及框架

除非特別列明,環境、社會及管治報告(「本報告」)包 括本集團由二零二零年四月一日至二零二一年三月 三十一日期間,於香港特別行政區(「香港特區」)的半 導體分銷、消費類產品和產品採購業務、創投及互聯 網社交媒體業務的環境、社會及管治(「環境、社會及 管治」)範疇的政策及表現。本集團收集有關推動業務 活動中的環境、社會及管治關鍵績效指標(「關鍵績效 指標」),該指標包含香港辦公室和貨倉,並將於適用 時擴大披露範圍。關鍵績效指標已顯示在本報告中, 並輔以解釋性説明以建立基準。

本報告依照香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板 上市規則附錄二十七環境、社會及管治報告指引(「環 境、社會及管治報告指引」)所載列之所有適用條文編 製編寫。

有關本集團的企業管治常規,請參閱本年報第35至45 頁「企業管治報告」部分。

### 環境、社會及管治治理架構

本集團的董事會(「董事會」)在處理環境、社會及管治 問題和確定本集團長期增長的可持續發展政策方面發 揮著重要作用。在環境、社會及管治工作小組(「工作 小組」)的協助下,董事會制定了可持續戰略的方向, 並分配資源以支持政策和目標的實施,以確保風險和 內部控制機制的有效性。該小組在董事會的領導下, 由不同部門的核心成員組成,並負責對日常營運中的 環境、社會及管治議題進行概覽、監察、管理及跟 進,以作提高管理效率。

工作小組的工作範圍:

- 識別環境、社會及管治風險;
- 評估內部控制機制的有效性;
- 檢查和評估本集團在不同方面的表現;

- Report to the Board regularly; and
- Collect relevant information and data for the preparation of the ESG Report.

The Taskforce will regularly check and make sure the Group to fulfill the ESG requirements. After reviewing and checking, if they found something unusual on the ESG issues, they will consolidate the relevant information and data, and the leader of the Taskforce will meet with the related company departments to get the feedbacks first. Then the leader will report to the Board for the boarding consideration of any ESG risk incurred and the decision making for the ESG risk management.

If you have any valuable comment in respect of the Report or the Group's performances in sustainable development and would like to share with us, please do not hesitate to contact us by emailing to ir.dept@avconcept.com.

### **STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT**

The Group strongly believes that the effective communications with both internal and external stakeholders' comments can help to build a strong foundation for long-term development. By understanding the stakeholders' expectations on the Group's performance, the Board can determine the most suitable strategies and policies to enhance the Group's business development and management efficiency.

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group had actively communicated with the stakeholders, such as investors, customers, employees, suppliers, business partners, government and other regulatory authorities, and the community, through different channels as shown below to understand more on their concerns and expectations.

- 定期向董事會報告;及
- 收集相關信息和數據以準備環境、社會及管治 報告。

工作小組將定期檢查並確保本集團履行環境、社會及 管治要求。如經審核後發現環境、社會及管治方面出 現異常,工作小組將匯總相關信息和數據,並由工作 小組組長與相關部門會面而得到第一時間反饋。然 後,組長將向董事會報告所產生的任何環境、社會及 管治風險供董事會考慮,以及作環境、社會及管治風 險管理的決策。

如果您對本報告或本集團在可持續發展方面的表現有 任何寶貴意見,並希望與我們分享,請隨時發送電子 郵件至ir.dept@avconcept.com與我們聯繫。

### 持份者參與

本集團十分理解與內部及外部持份者的有效溝通,有 助建立長期發展的穩健基礎。透過了解持份者對本集 團表現的期望,董事會可制訂更合適的策略及政策, 以助本集團的業務發展及有效率的管治。

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,本集團透過下 文所示的不同渠道,了解不同持份者的考量及期望, 例如投資者、客戶、僱員、供應商、業務合作夥伴、 政府和其他監管機構及社區。

Stakeholders Group 持份者組別	Engagement Channels 參與渠道	Possible Concerned Issues 可能關注的議題
Investors	Financial reports, annual general meetings, corporate website, direct communication	Business strategies and financial performance, corporate governance, business sustainability
投資者	財政報告、股東週年大會、 公司網站、直接通訊	development 業務策略和財務表現、企業管治、 業務可持續發展
Customers	Direct communication and emails, complaint hotlines	Goods and services quality, timely service, customers security, privacy protection
客戶	直接通訊及電郵、投訴熱線	商品和服務質量、服務及時、 客戶安全、隱私保護

Stakeholders Group 持份者組別	Engagement Channels 參與渠道	Possible Concerned Issues 可能關注的議題
Employees 僱員	Appraisals, trainings, internal memorandum 評核、培訓、內部備忘錄	Rights and benefits, employee compensation, training and development, work hours, occupational health and safety 權利和福利、員工薪酬、培訓及
		發展、工作時間、職業健康與安 全
Suppliers & business partners 供應商和業務夥伴	Business meetings 業務會議	Fulfillment of promises, payment schedule 兑現承諾、付款時間表
Government & other regulatory authorities 政府和其他監管機構	Statutory filings and notification, regulatory or voluntary disclosures 法定存檔和通知、監管或自願披露	Compliance of the law and regulations, transparency of inside information 遵守法律及法規,內部信息的透明度
Community	Community activities, donations	Business ethics, fair employment opportunities,
社區	社區活動、捐贈	environmental protection 商業道德、公平就業機遇、環境 保護

### **MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT**

Based on the relevant stakeholders' feedbacks and concerns, the Group's business nature, and the operation performances, the Group has determined the material issues among different ESG aspects as stated in the ESG Reporting Guide, which are shown in the table below under different categories:

本集團已根據相關持份者的反饋及考量、本集團的業 務特質,以及營運表現,並按環境、社會及管治報告 指引的不同環境、社會及管治範圍,確定了下列表格 各個範疇的重要議題:

重要範疇評估

The ESG Reporting Guide 環境、社會及管治報告指引	Material ESG Aspects of the Group 本集團環境、社會及管治重要範疇
<b>A. Environmental</b> 環境 A1. Emissions	Greenhouse Gas ("GHG") Emissions
排放物	<ul><li>溫室氣體(「溫室氣體」)排放</li><li>Waste Management 廢物管理</li></ul>
A2. Use of Resources 資源使用	<ul> <li>Energy Management 能源管理</li> <li>Water Management 用水管理</li> </ul>
A3. The Environment and Natural Resources 環境及自然資源	• Air Quality 空氣質量



The ESG Reporting Guide	Material ESG Aspects of the Group	
環境、社會及管治報告指引	本集團環境、社會及管治重要範疇	
B. Social 社會 B1. Employment 僱傭	<ul> <li>Recruitment and Promotion 招聘及晉升</li> <li>Compensation and Dismissal 薪酬及解僱</li> <li>Benefits and Welfares 待遇及福利</li> <li>Working Hours and Rest Periods 工作時數和假期</li> <li>Diversity, Equal Opportunities and Anti-discrimination 多元化、平等機會和反歧視</li> </ul>	
B2. Health and Safety 健康與安全	<ul> <li>Safety Measures 安全措施</li> <li>Employee Health Management 員工健康管理</li> </ul>	
B3. Development and Training	<ul> <li>Development and Training</li></ul>	
發展及培訓	發展及培訓	
B4. Labour Standards	<ul> <li>Prevention of Child and Forced Labour</li></ul>	
勞工準則	防止童工及強制勞工	
B5. Supply Chain Management	• Supply Chain Management	
供應鏈管理	供應鏈管理	
B6. Product Responsibility 產品責任	<ul> <li>Customer Privacy Protection 客戶隱私保護</li> <li>Quality Management 質量管理</li> <li>Intellectual Property (the "IP") Rights 知識產權(「知識產權」)</li> <li>Protection of Privacy 隱私保護</li> </ul>	
B7. Anti-corruption	• Internal Control	
反貪污	內部控制	

B8. Community Investment 社區投資

**Community Participation** • 社區參與

### A. ENVIRONMENTAL

The Group believes that the stability of its business operation is highly dependent on the stability of the external environment. Therefore, it is committed to balancing the need of corporate development and the impacts on the environment for its long-term development. To ensure the environmental impacts are fully considered and handled during business operations, relevant factors are integrated with the management decision-making processes.

### A1. Emissions

The business model of the Group does not contain any heavily polluting nor environment-dependent procedures, which contains mainly the operation of office and warehouses. To further demonstrate the Group's efforts to mitigate the potential environmental impacts, it has adopted different measures to raise the employees' awareness and provide advices to them as practical guidance.

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance of emissions-related laws and regulations, including but not limited to the Air Pollution Control Ordinance, Water Pollution Control Ordinance, Waste Disposal Ordinance, Noise Control Ordinance, that would have a significant impact on the Group.

#### **Air Pollutants**

The Group dedicates to protecting the environment from the impacts of business operation, including the air quality. According to the business nature of the Group, the key air pollutants are sulphur oxides, nitrogen oxides and particulate matters from the use of vehicles. To lower the total emissions and emissions per capita, employees are encouraged to use public transportation. Also, the Group prioritises the purchase and use of vehicles with higher emission standards to lower the air pollutants emissions.

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the emissions of sulphur oxides, nitrogen oxides and particulate matters are 0.14kg, 4.53kg and 0.33kg respectively. Compared with that of the year ended 31 March 2020, the air pollutants slightly decrease under the impact of the pandemic.

### A. 環境

本集團相信其業務營運的穩定性十分依賴外在 環境的穩定性。有見及此,本集團承諾維持企 業發展的需求及環境影響的平衡,以達至其長 期發展。為確保在日常營運中,充分地考慮及 處理其環境影響,相關的因素已納入於制訂管 理決策過程中。

### A1. 排放物

本集團的業務模式主要包括辦公室和貨倉 的營運,並不包含高污染性或依賴環境的 過程。為進一步反映本集團在緩和潛在環 境影響的努力,本集團已採取不同措施, 以作提升員工意識及用作實用指南。

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,本 集團並不知悉任何嚴重違反對本集團造成 重大影響的排放物相關法例法規的情況, 包括但不限於《空氣污染管制條例》、《水 污染管制條例》、《廢物處置條例》、《噪 音管制條例》。

#### 空氣污染物

本集團致力於保護環境免於業務營運的影響,例如空氣質素。因應本集團的業務特 質,主要的空氣污染物為使用車輛時產生 的硫氧化物、氮氧化物和顆粒物。本集團 鼓勵員工使用公共交通工具,以降低總排 放量和人均排放量,並優先考慮購買和使 用較高廢氣排放標準的車輛,以降低空氣 污染物排放量。

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,硫 氧化物、氮氧化物和顆粒物的排放量分別 為0.14千克、4.53千克和0.33千克。在疫 情的影響下,空氣污染物較截至二零二零 年三月三十一日止年度輕微減少。



# **Environmental, Social and Governance Report**

環境、社會及管治報告

Types of air pollutants <sup>123</sup>	Unit	Year ended 31 March 2021 截至 二零二一年 三月三十一日	Year ended 31 March 2020 截至 二零二零年 三月三十一日
空氣污染物種類123	單位	止年度	止年度
Sulphur oxides 硫氧化物	kg 千克	0.14	0.14
いにまいしわり Nitrogen oxides	「元 kg	4.53	4.98
氮氧化物	千克	4.55	4.90
Particulate matters	kg	0.33	0.37
顆粒物	千克		

#### **GHG Emissions**

Although the Group does not pose great challenges to the surrounding environment with the focus on semiconductor distribution, consumer product and product sourcing business, venture capital and internet social media business, it is committed to protecting the environment by minimising the impacts and stepping forward to eco-friendly business operation. The Group establishes measures to strengthen and educate employees on eco-friendly practices in daily operation. Also, it has strictly complied with the relevant laws and regulations to avoid operational risks.

The measures relate to the GHG emissions are as below:

- Replace old and highly polluting vehicles with more environmentally friendly models;
- Encourage the use of online meeting, such as video conference and teleconference, to reduce the frequency of business travel;
- Encourage the use of public transportation; and
- Increase the recycling rate through promotion and education.

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the total GHG emissions is 94.99 tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent, which the intensity is of 0.58 tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent/employee. Compared with the year ended 31 March 2020, the total GHG emissions decreases by about 17%. Due to the outbreak of the pandemic, it leads to the significant decrease in Scope 3 emissions which includes the emission from business travel.

#### Notes:

#### 溫室氣體排放

儘管本集團專注於半導體分銷、消費類產 品及產品採購業務、創投及互聯網社交媒 體業務,因此未有對周邊環境帶來巨大挑 戰,本集團亦承諾會透過降低其影響及步 向更環保的業務營運,以作保護環境。本 集團已於日常營運中,制定措施作加強及 培養員工的環保意識,並嚴格遵守相關法 例法規,旨在避免營運風險。

溫室氣體排放的相應措施如下:

- 更換舊式及高污染的車輛,並採用
   更環保的型號;
- 鼓勵使用網上會議,以減少商業旅行的頻率,例如視訊會議和電話會議;
- 鼓勵使用公共交通工具;及
- 透過宣傳和教育,提升回收率。

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度, 溫室氣體總排放量為94.99噸二氧化碳當 量,而其密度為0.58噸二氧化碳當量/僱 員。由於疫情爆發,溫室氣體總排放量較 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度下降 約17%,而包括商務旅行排放量的範圍 三的排放量則明顯地減少。

<sup>1.</sup> It includes emissions from the use of vehicles.

<sup>2.</sup> Travel distance was estimated in accordance with the Electrical and Mechanical Services Department ("EMSD") – Energy End-use Data and Consumption Indicators.

<sup>3.</sup> Emission factor was calculated in accordance with the Stock Exchange – How to prepare an ESG Report Appendix 2: Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs.

附註:1. 包括車輛使用的排放量。

行駛距離乃按機電工程署《能源最終用途數據和消耗量指 標及基準工具》估計。

排放系數乃按聯交所《如何編備環境、社會及管治報告一 附錄二:環境關鍵績效指標匯報指引》計算。

		Year ended	Year ended
GHG emissions <sup>4</sup>	Unit	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
		截至	截至
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		三月三十一日	三月三十一日
溫室氣體排放量⁴	單位	止年度	止年度
Scope 1 direct GHG emissions⁵	tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent	26.21	25.30
範圍一直接溫室氣體排放量5	噸二氧化碳當量		
Scope 2 indirect GHG emissions <sup>6</sup>	tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent	59.61	53.43
範圍二間接溫室氣體排放量6	噸二氧化碳當量		
Scope 3 other indirect GHG emissions <sup>7</sup>	tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent	9.17	35.69
範圍三其他間接溫室氣體排放量7	噸二氧化碳當量		
Total GHG emissions	tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent	94.99	114.42
溫室氣體總排放量	噸二氧化碳當量		
GHG emissions intensity <sup>8</sup>	tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent/	0.58	0.64
溫室氣體排放量密度 <sup>8</sup>	employee		
	噸二氧化碳當量/僱員		

#### Wastewater

Because of the business nature, the Group does not involve wastewater production despite the water consumed for domestic use. For the relevant measures, please refer to the "Water" section.

#### Wastes

The Group recognises that the generation of non-hazardous wastes, such as plastic and office paper, in the daily operation could affect the environment. To lower the impacts brought, the Group has implemented measures for reducing waste generation and enhancing the handling methods.

#### 廢水

因應本集團的業務特質,本集團除生活用 水外,並未有產生廢水。相關措施的詳 情,請參閱[水資源]章節。

#### 廢棄物

本集團意識到日常營運中產生的塑膠、紙 張等無害廢棄物,會對環境造成影響。為 減低相應的環境影響,本集團已制定措 施,以作降低廢棄物產量,以及完善其處 理方法。

#### Notes:

- 4. It was calculated in accordance with the Stock Exchange How to prepare an ESG Report Appendix 2: Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs.
- 5. Scope 1 includes direct emissions of company owned vehicles.
- 6. Scope 2 includes indirect emissions of purchased electricity from third parties.
- Scope 3 includes indirect emissions of paper disposal at landfill, freshwater processing and wastewater treatment. During the year ended 31 March 2021, there is no business travel due to the outbreak of the pandemic.

附註:

8.

- 此乃參考聯交所《如何編備環境、社會及管治報告一附錄
   二:環境關鍵績效指標匯報指引》計算。
- 5. 範圍一包括本集團擁有的車輛的直接排放。
- 6. 範圍二包括從第三方的外購電力的間接排放。
- 範圍三包括棄置於堆填區的紙張、淡水處理及廢水處理系 統的間接排放。截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,本
  - 集團因疫情爆發而未有任何商務旅行。 截至二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團共有164名員工 (截至二零二零年三月三十一日:178名)。

As at 31 March 2021, the total number of employees of the Group is 164 (as at 31 March 2020: 178).



To lower the amount of waste disposal, separation method has been adopted which separates the recyclable materials from other domestic waste. At the same time, employees are encouraged to bring their lunchboxes or use reusable food containers for takeaway. If the use of reusable food containers is rejected by the restaurant, it is suggested to use reusable tableware to lower the consumption of single-use products. To facilitate the systematic recycling procedure, an administrative employee is appointed on the management and transportation of the non-recyclable and recyclable waste. On the other hand, the Group dedicates to reducing the paper consumption, which is another major non-hazardous waste generated in the operation. Corresponding measures have been implemented to reduce the production of paper waste as well as other non-hazardous waste in the operation.

Waste reduction measures are established as below to lower the environmental impacts of the daily operation:

- Put up informative signage and notice on waste reduction and recycling in prominent locations;
- Purchase cartridges, stationery and paper based on the necessity, and prioritise the purchase of reusable and refillable products;
- Encourage electronic communication and documents, such as internal administrative notice;
- Replace disposable tableware with reusable products;
- Provide recycling bins, and separate the unrecyclable and recyclable waste for handling; and
- Prioritise the purchase of eco-friendly or certificated products, such as paper product with Forest Stewardship Council ("FSC") certification.

The Group does not generate any hazardous wastes due to the business nature. For proper handling of hazardous waste, if generated, the Group has established guideline for employees and reducing the environmental impacts of the business operation. A certified chemical waste collector would be appointed to handle the hazardous wastes generated, in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations.

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the key non-hazardous waste is the paper consumption for the office use and publishment. As the amount of domestic waste is not significant to the Group's operation, relevant data is not disclosed. The total non-hazardous waste consumption is 2.02 tonnes with the intensity of 0.012 tonnes/employee. Compared with the year ended 31 March 2020, the total non-hazardous waste increases by 117%, with the enhancement of data collection method, which increases the office paper type as well as the relevant data.

為降低廢物棄置量,本集團採用了分類方 法,旨在對可回收廢物和其他廢棄物進行 分類,並鼓勵員工自備午餐或在購買外賣 時自攜餐盒。如餐廳拒絕使用客人自備的 餐盒,員工亦可使用可重用餐具,以減少 即棄用品的使用量。為促進有系統的回收 系統,一名行政人員會負責不可回收及可 回收廢棄物的管理和運輸。此外,本集團 致力於減少另一主要無害廢棄物消耗量一 紙張。本集團已訂定相應措施,以降低廢 紙和其他無害廢棄物量。

為降低日常營運的環境影響,減少廢棄物 的相應措施如下:

- 於辦公室當眼處,張貼有關減廢和
   回收的標示版和告示;
- 根據需求訂購碳粉盒、文具和紙
   張,並優先考慮可回收和可補充的
   產品;
- 鼓勵電子化溝通和文件,包括內部 行政通告;
- 利用可回收產品取代一次性餐具;
- 提供回收箱,並就不可回收及可回 收廢棄物進行分類,以作處理;及
- 優先考慮環境或獲認證產品,例如 獲森林管理委員會認證的紙造產 品。

因應業務性質,本集團並未產生任何有害 廢棄物。本集團已制定指引,指導員工在 產生有害廢棄物時的處理方法,並降低對 環境的影響。同時,本集團遵守相關的法 例法規,並會聘請合資格的化學廢料收集 商處理相關的有害廢棄物。

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度, 本集團的主要無害廢棄物為辦公室用和 出版用的紙張,而生活廢棄物的數量並 不明顯,因此並未對其進行披露。相關 的無害廢棄物總量為2.02噸,而其密度為 0.012噸/僱員。相較截至二零二零年三 月三十一日止年度,本集團的無害廢棄物 總量上升了117%,其原因為透過完善數 據收集方式,辦公室用紙的種類及其數據 有所增加。

		Year ended	Year ended
Types of non-hazardous waste	Unit	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
		截至	截至
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		三月三十一日	三月三十一日
無害廢棄物種類	單位	止年度	止年度
Office paper consumption	tonnes	1.72	0.34
辦公室紙張消耗	噸		
Printing publication consumption <sup>9</sup>	tonnes	0.30	0.59
印刷出版物°	噸		
Total non-hazardous waste	tonnes	2.02	0.93
無害廢棄物總量	噸		
Non-hazardous waste intensity <sup>10</sup>	tonnes/employee	0.012	0.005
無害廢棄物密度10	噸/僱員		

#### A2. Use of Resources

The Group strives to maximise the utilisation of resource with the purpose of efficient and eco-friendly business operation. With the scarce natural resource, the Group believes that it is a responsibility of a corporate citizen to conservate and sustain for the resources needed by next generations. Relevant measures and procedures are implemented for managing, monitoring and improving the performance.

#### Energy

Note:

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The Group recognises the dependence on energy of the business operation. With the increasing concerns of the environmental impacts of energy consumption, the Group is committed to monitoring the use of resource with the establishment of measures and procedures. Measures are applicable to all employees for maximising the outcomes.

The Group has implemented measures to improve the energy efficiency as below:

- Divide the office area into different light zones with partially installment of light-emitting diodes;
- Maximise the use of natural light;
- Turn off electronic devices when not in use;
- Install energy efficient lightings;

#### A2. 資源使用

本集團以有效率和環保的企業營運為目標,致力使當中的資源使用率最大化。本 集團相信在有限的資源下,企業應履行其 企業公民責任,保護及持續下一代所需的 資源,並已制定相應的措施及程序,作管 理、監督和改善相關表現。

#### 能源

本集團理解其業務營運對能源的依賴性, 並因應對能源帶來的環境影響的憂慮,承 諾透過制訂措施及程序,以監管資源使 用。相關措施適用於所有員工,以最大化 其成果。

本集團已制定以下措施作提升能源效率之 用:

- 將辦公室範圍劃分為不同照明區, 並於部分地區安裝發光二極管;
- 最大化自然光的使用;
- 在非使用時,關閉電子產品;
- 安裝節能燈;

9

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group published 1,260 copies of reports (during the year ended 31 March 2020: 2,530).

附註:

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,本集團共印刷 1,260份報告(截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度: 2,530份)。

<sup>10.</sup> As at 31 March 2021, the total number of employees of the Group is 164 (as at 31 March 2020: 178).

截至二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團共有164名員工 (截至二零二零年三月三十一日:178名)。



- Use the air-conditioning system based on necessity, and ensure the temperature is not under 25°C; and
- 於辦公室當眼處張貼節能告示。 Put up energy saving notice in prominent locations.

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the total energy consumption is 174,687kWh with the intensity of 1,065.16kWh/ employee. Compared with the year ended 31 March 2020, the total energy consumption decreases by 12.24%. Due to the outbreak of pandemic, employees are encouraged to work from home which leads to a slight decrease in the energy consumption. 截至二零二一年三月三十一日 | 年度,能 源總消耗量為174.687千瓦時,而其密度 為1.065.16千瓦時/僱員。因應疫情的爆 發,本集團鼓勵員工在家工作,使能源消 耗量輕微下降,並較截至二零二零年三月 三十一日止年度下降12.24%。

按需要使用空調系統, 並確保溫度

不低於25℃;及

Energy consumption 能源消耗量	Unit 單位	Year ended 31 March 2021 截至 二零二一年 三月三十一日 止年度	Year ended 31 March 2020 截至 二零二零年 三月三十一日 止年度
		<u> </u>	<u>_</u>
Petrol 汽油	kWh 千 <i>瓦</i> 時	90,736	92,197
Purchased electricity 外購電力	kWh 千瓦時	83,951	106,859
	kWh 千 <i>瓦</i> 時	174,687	199,056
Energy consumption intensity <sup>11</sup> 能源消耗量密度 <sup>11</sup>	kWh/employee 千瓦時/僱員	1,065.16	1,118.29

#### Water

The water resource is consumed for the basic cleaning and sanitation needs of employees and workplace. Monitoring measures are established to educate and encourage the habits of water conservation of employees. Besides, the Group does not have any issue in sourcing water.

The Group has strengthened measures in education, promotion and controlling as below:

- Put up water saving notice in prominent locations;
- Install water saving devices, such as water saving tap;
- Conduct repair and maintenance of water tap, water pipelines and water storage regularly to avoid leakage or situations leading to waste of resource; and
- Advocate the virtue of water conservation and concept of "Water Preservation".

#### 水資源

水資源使用於員工和工作場所的基本清潔 和衛生需求,而本集團已訂定監管措施, 以培養和鼓勵員工節約用水的習慣。與此 同時,本集團並未有任何求取水源的問 題。

本集團已加強其培養、推廣和管理措施如 下:

- 於辦公室當眼處張貼節水告示;
- 安裝水龍頭節流器等節水裝置;
- 定期檢查和維修水龍頭、輸水管道 和蓄水,以避免泄漏或任何浪費資 源的情況;及
- 倡導[節約用水]的優點和理念。

附註:

Note: 11. As at 31 March 2021, the total number of employees of the Group is 164 (as at 31 March 2020: 178).

截至二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團共有164名員工 11. (截至二零二零年三月三十一日:178名)。



During the year ended 31 March 2021, the total water consumption is 257.70 cubic metres with the intensity of 1.57 cubic metres/employee. It is the first time for the Group to disclose the water usage with the enhancement of data collection method. It is committed to continuously improving the data collection for full-fledged disclosure.

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,總 耗水量為257.70立方米,而其密度為1.57 立方米/僱員。透過優化數據收集方式, 本集團為首次披露耗水量,並承諾會持續 完善其數據收集,以作全面的披露。

Water Consumption	Unit	Year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年 三月三十一日
耗水量	單位	止年度
Total water consumption	cubic metres	257.70
總耗水量	立方米	
Water consumption intensity <sup>12</sup>	cubic metres/employee	1.57
耗水量密度12	立方米/僱員	

#### **Packaging Material**

Because of the business nature, the consumption of packaging material is irrelevant to the Group as the process of packaging has been outsourced for better efficiency. As such, no relevant data can be disclosed.

#### A3. The Environment and Natural Resources

Although the business operation of the Group does not apply significant impacts on the environment and natural resources, it is committed to protecting the environment for sustainable development of the business operation and the society. The Group strives to identify the relevant aspect which is affected by the business, and formulate monitoring and managing measures.

#### **Air Quality**

The Group recognises the business operation affects both indoor and outdoor air quality. For example, the company owned vehicles are relevant with the emissions of air pollutants and GHG, which worsen the air quality. Besides, indoor air quality, with high dependence in air ventilation, will be worsen with poor air conditioning system or airflow.

To improve the situation, the Group has established measures to lower the impacts. For example, the Group monitors the indoor air quality regularly via air purifying equipment. Also, regular cleaning of air conditioning system is conducted for maintaining good ventilation. Employees are also encouraged to use public transportation to reduce the emissions. It is committed to reducing the negative impacts and improving the environment for living.

#### Note:

#### 包裝材料

基於業務性質和為提升效率,本集團已外 判其包裝工作,因而包裝材料的使用並不 適用於本集團之營運。因此,本集團並沒 有相關數據作披露之用。

#### A3. 環境及自然資源

儘管本集團的業務營運並未為環境及自然 資源帶來重大影響,為業務營運和社會的 可持續發展,本集團承諾保護環境,以及 致力於識別受業務影響的相關範疇,並制 訂監督及管理措施。

#### 空氣質素

本集團明白其營運對室內及室外空氣質素 的影響,例如本集團的車輛會因排放空氣 污染物和溫室氣體,以致空氣質素變差。 此外,因為室內空氣質素依賴於通風系 統,惡劣的空調系統或流動會使其變差。

為改善此情況,本集團已訂立降低影響的 措施,例如通過空氣淨化設備,管理室內 空氣質素,以及定期清潔空調系統,確保 良好的通風系統。同時,本集團鼓勵員工 使用公共交通工具,以減低其排放量,並 承諾減低相應的負面影響和改善生活環 境。

#### 附註:

<sup>12.</sup> As at 31 March 2021, the total number of employees of the Group is 164 (as at 31 March 2020: 178).

<sup>12.</sup> 截至二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團共有164名員工 (截至二零二零年三月三十一日:178名)。



### B. SOCIAL

#### **B1. Employment**

Employees are the key factors to the business development. Therefore, the Group treats the employees with respect and fairness and encourages a culture of equal opportunity. The Employee Handbook has been established to fulfill its objective of people-oriented management and help employees to reach their full potential. The Employee Handbook is a formally written document that summarises all the human resources policies and procedures currently in effect within the Group, as well as ensuring transparency of information regarding employee obligations and rights. The Group reviews and updates the relevant company policies regularly in accordance with the latest laws and regulations.

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with employment-related laws and regulations, including but not limited to the Employment Ordinance, that would have a significant impact on the Group.

#### **Recruitment and Promotion**

The Group's robust and transparent recruitment process is based on a merit selection against the job criteria to recruit individuals depended on their past performance, personal attributes, job experiences and career aspiration, which can help to guarantee the employees and applicants are treated and evaluated fairly. To recruit high-caliber applicants, the Group also offers attractive salary and benefits, which are set by referencing to market benchmarks. A detailed recruitment review process would be performed by the Human Resources and Administration Department to ensure that the data submitted by the candidates are accurate.

The promotion of employees would be based on the Employee Performance Appraisal which concludes the efforts, past working performances, contributions, and skills. Department Head will complete the Manpower Movement Form and send to the Human Resources and Administration Department for the promotion after approval of Chief Operating Officer and Chief Executive Officer. Unreasonable recruitment and promotion of the low performance graded employees would be prohibited, with the governance from the Human Resource and Administration Department which would make every effort to be fair and transparent.

### B. 社會

#### B1. 僱傭

員工是業務發展的主要元素。因此,本集 團公平地對待和尊重其員工,以及鼓勵平 等機會的文化,並制定了員工手冊,以實 現本集團對以人為本管理的願景,使員工 的全部潛能得以發揮。員工手冊是一份總 結了本集團目前生效的所有主要人力資源 政策和程序,以及確保有關員工義務和權 利的資訊透明度的正式書面文件。本集團 會根據最新的法律及法規定期審查和更新 相關的公司政策。

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,本 集團並不知悉任何嚴重違反對本集團造成 重大影響的與僱傭有關的法律及法規的情 況,包括但不限於《僱傭條例》。

#### 招聘及晉升

為了確保員工和求職者得到公平對待和評 估,本集團基於對符合工作條件的選擇方 式,採用健全和透明的招聘流程,並根據 過往表現、個人特質、工作經驗和職業抱 負招聘員工。本集團亦參考市場基準,提 供具競爭力的薪酬及福利以吸引高素質人 選。招聘過程會由人力資源及行政部負責 進行,並確保求職者提供的資料準確無 誤。

員工晉升將取決於總結了努力、過往表 現、貢獻和技能的員工績效評估。部門主 管會填寫人力資源調動表格,並在營運總 裁及行政總裁批准後,交給人力資源及行 政部作晉升之用。不合理地招聘和晉升低 績效評級員工會被禁止,並由人力資源及 行政部進行管理,以確保公平公開。

#### **Compensation and Dismissal**

The Group examines its compensation packages on a regular basis to ensure that employees are paid competitively, such as a five-day work arrangement and 13 months payment. Dismissal may be made without notice in lieu at the event of employees with any criminal offense, acts of fraud or dishonesty, or behaviour detrimental to the Group's reputation. Also, employees with no improvement despite the efforts or given chances for improvement may be terminated with the notice requirement. All practices of termination would be based on legitimate, legal grounds and internal policies, such as the Employee Handbook and the Employment Ordinance. The Group strictly prohibits any kind of unfair or unreasonable dismissals.

#### **Benefits and Welfares**

Benefits are offered to the employees as a reward of the effort paid by them, including Medical Insurance Scheme, Mandatory Provident Fund ("MPF") Scheme, granted leave and holidays. The Group also offers different types of benefits including mobile service subsidy and insurance for business travels.

To ensure that employees clearly understand what their benefits are, different workshops and briefing sessions are provided to acknowledge the benefits provided, such as the Medical Insurance and MPF briefing, online open seminars on occupational health for office workers. Besides, the Group believes that benefits which can enrich the employees' life experiences are also important to increase their loyalty. Different schemes are thus prepared to provide the employees with more benefits that go beyond monetary incentives. Activities for leisure, such as Annual Dinner, Christmas and birthday parties, have been held to establish a happy working atmosphere and enhance the team spirit.

#### 薪酬及解僱

本集團定期檢討其薪酬待遇,以確保僱員 獲得具競爭力的薪酬,例如五天工作周的 安排和13個月薪酬。員工的解僱可能因 其干犯刑事罪行、欺詐或不誠實行為,或 對本集團形象帶來損害的行為,而不作通 知。同時,員工亦會因其在得到改進機會 後或未有付出努力,以作改善其表現後, 而作出具通知的解僱。任何僱傭合同的終 止都將基於合理、合法的理由和內部政 策,例如僱員手冊及《僱傭條例》。本集 團嚴禁任何不公平或不合理的解僱。

#### 補貼及福利

本集團為員工提供不同的福利作為所付出 努力的回報,當中包括醫療保險計劃、強 制性公積金(「強積金」)計劃、准予休假和 假期。同時,本集團亦會提供不同類型的 福利,例如商務旅行的流動服務資助及保 險。

為確保員工清晰了解其福利內容,本集團 提供了不同的工作坊及研討會,以作其理 解自身權益之用,例如醫療保險及強積金 講座、為辦公室員工提供的職業健康線上 研討會。同時,本集團相信相關福利可豐 富員工的人生經歷,以及增加其忠誠度。 本集團亦已制定不同計劃,為僱員提供更 多別於金錢的福利,例如春茗、聖誕派對 及生日派對,以締造愉快的工作環境,並 進一步改善團隊精神。



#### Working Hours and Rest Periods

It is important for the employees to maintain a balance between working and family life to maintain a healthy mental status. To encourage the concept of work-life balance, the Group has established practices and policies to set the working hours and rest periods in accordance with local employment laws, which are clearly listed in the Employee Handbook to ensure that employees are well rested. A five-day work week arrangement and compensation leave scheme for overtime work have also been established to protect the employees' rights. All overtime working is on voluntary basis only with compensation provided according to the scheme.

Various types of paid leaves, such as examination, paternity, maternity, marriage, and bereavement, are provided by the Group to cope with the employees' needs. In addition to annual leave and sick leave, female employees and male employees are entitled to 14 weeks and 5 days of maternity leave and paternity leave respectively.

#### **Diversity, Equal Opportunities and Anti-discrimination**

The Group strongly believes that an individual's ability and working performances should be the most significant factors during recruitment or promotion. As an equal opportunity employer, the Group values a diverse and skilled workforce and is dedicated to cultivating and sustaining an inclusive and collaborative workplace culture in which all can thrive.

The Group implemented the zero tolerance principle and is committed to providing a friendly, fair and transparent working environment. An employee's age, gender, physical or mental health status, marital status, family status, race, skin colour, nationality, religion, political affiliation and sexual orientation and other factors should never be the reasons affecting.

In compliance with applicable government legislation, ordinances, and regulations, the Group has zero tolerance for workplace discrimination, harassment, or victimization for any reason. Employees are also encouraged to report any discrimination incidents to the Human Resources and Administration Department of the Group. The Group strives to ensure that complaints, grievances and concerns, including whistle-blowing, are handled with promptly and confidentially.

#### 工作時數和假期

工作和家庭生活之間保持平衡,對員工保 持健康的心理狀態來說非常重要。為鼓勵 工作與生活平衡的理念,本集團已根據本 地僱傭法例制定政策,以決定僱員的工作 時數及假期,並列明於員工手冊,以確保 其得到休息。本集團已採取五天工作周的 安排及補償假,以補償其超時工作並保障 員工權益。所有超時工作均為自願進行, 並會按計劃內容提供補償。

本集團提供各種類型的帶薪休假,例如考 試假、陪產假、產假、婚姻和殯葬假。除 年假和病假外,女性僱員有權享受十四周 產假,而男性僱員有權享受五天陪產假。

#### 多元化、平等機會和反歧視

本集團深信個人能力及工作表現應是招聘 或晉升的最重要因素。作為一個重視平等 機會的僱主,本集團意識到多元化和熟練 的勞動力的價值,並致力於創造和維持一 個包容和協作的工作場所文化,讓所有人 都可以茁壯成長。

本集團已訂定零容忍原則,並承諾提供友 善、公平及透明的工作環境。員工不會因 年齡、性別、身體或心理健康狀況、婚姻 狀況、家庭狀況、種族、虜色、國籍、宗 教、政治取向及性傾向以及其他因素而受 到影響。

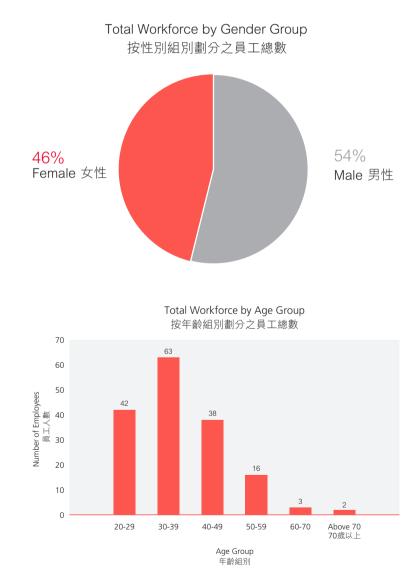
本集團對任何工作場所的歧視、騷擾或因 任何原因的欺騙行為零容忍,以符合相關 政府法律、條例和法規,並鼓勵員工向人 力資源及行政部報告任何涉及歧視的事 件。同時,本集團努力確保迅速和保密地 處理包括舉報在內的投訴、申訴和擔憂。

#### **Employee Distribution**

The Group's employees are diverse in terms of gender and age, bringing in innovative ideas and a range of competencies. As at 31 March 2021, the Group employed a total of 164 employees, 88 of them are males, accounting for 54% of the workforce, resulting in a more equal gender ratio. The distribution in terms of gender and age are illustrated in the charts below:

#### 員工分佈

本集團員工性別及年齡多元化,帶來創新 意念及各式各樣的能力。截至二零二一年 三月三十一日,本集團共有員工164人, 其中男性為88人,佔員工總數54%,反 映男女員工比例均衡。下圖展示員工的性 別和年齡分佈:





### **B2. Health and Safety**

The Group prides itself on providing a safe, productive and congenial work environment since the Group believes that employees are important assets of an enterprise and considers human resources as its corporate wealth. To ensure the personal safety of the employees as well as the safety of the workplace, the Group works hard to provide a safe, healthy and comfortable working environment.

The Group follows the occupational health and safety guidelines recommended by Labour Department and Occupational Safety and Health Council. Employees who suffer from injury arising out of and in the course of employment are entitled to compensation in accordance with the local laws and regulations, such as Employee Compensation Ordinance. In response to the COVID-19 pandemic situation, the Group has also held online seminars for the employees to maintain healthy lifestyles, such as providing information about healthy eating and updating the list of buildings with confirmed or probable cases of COVID-19.

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with health and safetyrelated laws and regulations, including but not limited to the Occupational Safety and Health Ordinance and Employee Compensation Ordinance that would have a significant impact on the Group.

#### **Safety Measures**

An employee in the Human Resource and Administration Department is appointed to identify actual and potential hazards and risks towards safe and hygienic work environment to ensure that the fulfillment of relevant laws. The Group has strictly implemented no smoking policy and has also arranged rescue, fire and evacuation drills to raise safety awareness. Employees are expected to follow all the policies and procedures, and cooperate in all safety trainings.

Safety and health measures are set out in the operating manuals, such as the Employee Handbook, which is applicable to all employees to reduce the risks of accidents and raise their awareness. Besides, employees have to avoid adversely affecting their health and safety to others, such as employee is required to apply for sick leave if there are symptoms of influenza or other contagious disease.

The Group will also organise healthy work bulletin, build up safety warning signs, and set up safety banners and slogans, aiming to achieve an accident-free workplace environment.

#### B2. 健康與安全

本集團相信僱員為企業之寶貴資產,並視 人力資源為其企業財富,因此,本集團提 供安全、有效率而舒適之工作環境,並為 此而自豪。本集團努力提供安全、健康而 舒適之工作環境,以保障員工的人身安全 及工作環境的安全。

本集團遵循勞工處及職業安全健康局推薦 的職業健康及安全指引。因僱傭而受傷及 在僱傭期間受傷的僱員有權根據《僱員補 償條例》等本地法律和法規獲得賠償。為 應對新冠病毒疫情,本集團亦為員工舉辦 了網上研討會,以保持健康的生活方式, 例如提供有關健康飲食的信息,以及更新 有確診或可能感染新冠病毒個案的建築物 名單。

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,本 集團並不知悉任何嚴重違反對本集團造成 重大影響的健康及安全相關法律及法規 的情況包括但不限於《職業安全及健康條 例》及《僱員補償條例》。

#### 安全措施

人力資源及行政部中獲委派的員工會負責 識別實際及潛在危險及風險,並致力創造 安全及衛生的工作環境,以符合相關法律 要求。本集團嚴格採取禁煙政策,並安排 救援、消防及疏散演習,以提高安全意 識。此外,員工應遵守政策和程序,並在 所有安全培訓中保持合作。

安全和健康措施已於員工手冊等的操作手 冊中列明,並適用於所有員工,旨在盡量 降低發生事故的風險及提高意識。此外, 員工必須避免對自身的健康和其他人安全 產生不利影響,例如有流感或其他傳染病 症狀的員工需申請病假。

本集團還安排健康工作公告,建立安全警 示標誌,並設置安全橫幅和標語,旨在實 現無事故的工作環境。

#### **Employee Health Management**

The Group provides its employees with extensive health care coverage. In addition, activities are organised and carried out to encourage a healthy and work-life balance lifestyle. Employees are also provided with relevant information to enhance knowledge of occupational health and safety risks. Despite the mental health management, the Group emphasises the physical health of employees. Fruits, lunchboxes, healthy soups, etc. are provided to employees regularly, ensuring that they receive adequate nutrition.

In response to the pandemic, the Group is highly conscious of the potential health and safety impacts brought to its employees. The Group implements prevention measures, including taking temperature screening and other precautions measures before entering workplace and ensuring disinfection products are available.

To ensure the hygiene and cleanliness of the working environment, the Group increases the frequency of cleaning services for its offices. Personal hygiene posters are displayed throughout the office to remind the employees of the importance of maintaining good hygiene in order to avoid transmission.

#### **B3. Development and Training**

The Group advocates the importance of providing perspective working environment to employees. Continued improvement of personal skills and abilities enhances the sustainable development of employees and the corporate. The Group has formulated measures and policies on managing the relevant practices in the daily operation. All employees are entitled to the relevant policies and regulations to protect their rights.

#### **Development and Training**

The Group values its employees that help maintaining the core values and culture. Trainings are provided to new employees to ensure that a thorough knowledge of the Group's goals and aspirations, as well as to enhance their performances within the Group, in the first day on the organisation structure, production procedures, policies and other relevant information.

#### 員工健康管理

本集團為員工提供全面的醫療保險,並為 推廣健康生活及工作與生活平衡舉辦活 動。本集團亦向員工提供健康和安全資 訊,以提高對職業健康和安全問題的認 識。除了心理健康範疇,本集團重視員工 的身體健康,並定期為員工分發水果、午 餐和健康湯水等,通過補充足夠營養來照 顧員工的健康。

面對疫情的影響,本集團高度意識到給員 工帶來的潛在健康和安全影響。本集團採 取預防措施,例如在進入辦公室和倉庫之 前進行體溫檢查及相關的防禦措施,以及 確保在營運點中提供足夠消毒用品。

本集團亦增加辦公室清潔服務的頻率,以 確保工作環境的衛生和清潔。辦公室周圍 亦貼有個人衛生信息的海報,不斷提醒員 工保持衛生預防的重要性,以作預防感染 及傳播。

#### B3. 發展及培訓

本集團秉持為員工提供有發展空間的工作 環境,並相信持續的個人技能發展,有助 員工及企業的可持續發展。本集團已制定 相應的措施及政策,以監管日常營運中的 實行。所有員工的權利均受相關的政策及 規例保障。

#### 發展及培訓

本集團重視其員工協助維持本集團之核心 價值及文化。新入職員工會透過培訓,確 保彼等充分了解本集團目標及願景,同時 有助彼等展示良好表現。培訓會於第一個 工作日舉行,並會包括本集團架構、營運 程序、政策及其他相關資訊。



Despite the internal training provided to employees, financial supports for external trainings are available for application. A scheme has been established for encouraging employees to attend professional examinations or other relevant courses related to their work to improve working performance, professional knowledge and technical skills. Full time employees who have completed three full years of service are eligible to apply for the sponsorship. Different levels of sponsorship are delivered according to their needs and types of programme. Leave arrangement would be associated with the scheme.

#### **Development and Training Policies**

The Group has established training policies that provide diverse training and development opportunities to employees which aims to enhance their work-related abilities and improve operational efficiency. Relevant policies and procedures are listed in the Employee Handbook to ensure all employees understands the related arrangement.

Training courses and development programmes are offered on a regular basis by the Group. New employees are provided with comprehensive trainings which cover various topics for enhancing their knowledge. For the career development of existing employees, profession-oriented trainings are tailored to the corporate's needs. The programmes ensure the employees are well equipped and acknowledged with professional knowledge. Besides, the Group has established the Staff Development Sponsorship Policy and Procedures which supports the external training needs of employees. Interested employees can submit the sponsorship application form for approval. Department Head, Human Resource and Administration Department and Chief Executive Officer are responsible for the approval in accordance with the policy. Relevant information of the policy is listed in the Employee Handbook for acknowledge of employees.

#### **B4. Labour Standards**

The Group recognises the importance of creating fair workplace through strictly complied with the labour related laws and regulations. Any forms of sexual harassment, harassment and abuse in the workplace should not be tolerated. The Group also prohibits child and forced labour with the Human Resources and Administration Department strictly monitors with any issue related to labour standards.

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with child and forced labourrelated laws and regulations, including but not limited to the Employment Ordinance that would have a significant impact on the Group. 除了為員工提供的內部培訓,本集團亦提 供外部培訓的經濟支援。此計劃旨於鼓勵 員工參與專業資格考試或其他與工作內容 相關的培訓課程,以作提升其工作表現、 專業知識及技能。已工作滿三年的全職員 工均合資格申請此計劃,而其資助亦會根 據其需求及課程類型分發,並會提供相應 的假期安排。

#### 發展及培訓政策

為加強員工的工作相關技能及提升營運效 率,本集團已制定培訓政策,為員工提供 不同的培訓及發展機會。相關的員工發展 贊助政策和程序已列於員工手冊中,以確 保員工對其內容的理解。

本集團提供定期培訓課程和發展計劃,並 為新加入的員工提供全面的培訓,涵蓋不 同主題,以助增加員工的認知。為了現有 員工的職業發展,專業定向培訓會根據企 業需求而提供。該計劃確保了員工配備充 足,並具備專業知識。此外,本集團已設 立員工發展資助計劃,以支援其外部培訓 的需求。部門主管、人力資源及行政部及 行政總裁會根據政策內容,審核相關申 請。有關此計劃的內容均包含在員工手冊 當中,以確保員工得悉其安排。

#### B4. 勞工準則

本集團明白提供公平工作環境的重要性, 並嚴格遵守與勞工相關的法律和法規。本 集團絕不容忍工作場所出現任何形式之性 騷擾、騷擾及虐待,亦在人力資源及行政 部嚴格監督與勞工準則有關的議題下,禁 止童工和強制勞工行為。

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,本 集團並不知悉任何嚴重違反對本集團造 成重大影響的童工及強制勞工相關的法 律及法規的情況,包括但不限於《僱傭條 例》。

#### **Prevention of Child and Forced Labour**

In accordance with the laws and regulations, all forms of child and forced labour are strictly prohibited during the recruitment process. The Group has formulated relevant policies and measures on managing the recruitment procedures. All departments and employees are applicable to both local ordinances and internal regulations.

During the recruitment procedures, the Human Resources and Administration Department is responsible for checking their identification documents to verify their eligibility of work and ensure the validity of their identity documents. This ensures the elimination of child labour. Besides, forced labour is prohibited that all overtime working is on voluntary basis. Compensation leave is given according to employees' record of overtime working.

#### **B5. Supply Chain Management**

The Group is committed to sustaining and managing a reliable supply chain as a socially responsible enterprise. The Group's sustainability strategies provides basis for the supply chain management in establishing a mutual trust and understanding with its business partners. All suppliers are thoroughly vetted and are monitored and assessed on a regular basis. All suppliers should comply with local environmental laws, ordinances and regulations, to minimise the environmental impacts.

The Group recognises that there are potential supply chain risks associated with key suppliers. A supply chain risk management team has been established on visiting and conducting risk assessments with suppliers and contractors on a regular basis. It avoids the supply chain disruption by formal risk detection and mitigation. The assessment also evaluates the environmental and social contribution of the suppliers. Supplier who makes greatest contribution to the environment and society would be selected. Quotation from the suppliers is needed for selection and to ensure the products purchased are free from risk and comply with the local safety and environmental standards. The Group would also evaluate the quality of the suppliers based on a variety of criteria, including product guality, service guality, former records, etc. It is carried out on strict and continuous basis. At the same time, the Group visits and engages with suppliers regularly for the latest business situation of the suppliers to maintain the quality. Lists of suppliers and backup suppliers are made to sustain the supply chain. The Group keeps contact with suppliers and purchase from backup suppliers if there are incidents occurred.

#### 防止童工及強制勞工

根據法例法規,所有形式的童工和強制勞 工均被嚴格禁止。本集團已制定相關的政 策及措施,以作監管招聘過程。所有部門 及員工均受本地及國際法律規管。

在招聘過程中,人力資源及行政部會負責 查看求職者的身份證明文件來核實他們的 工作資格,以及確保其證明文件的有效 性,以助淘汰當中的童工。此外,本集團 禁止強制勞工,以及所有加班工作均需遵 循自願原則。相應的補償假亦會根據員工 的加班紀錄發放,以作補償之用。

#### B5. 供應鏈管理

作為一個對社會負責任的企業,本集團承 諾維護和管理可靠的供應鏈。本集團的可 持續發展戰略為供應鏈管理提供基礎,以 便與業務夥伴建立相互信任和理解。所有 供應商都經過仔細評估,並接受定期監測 和評估。供應商均需符合當地環境法律、 條例及規例,以減少生態影響。

本集團了解與主要供應商有關的潛在供應 鏈風險, 並已建立供應鏈風險管理團隊定 期訪問及與供應商及承包商進行風險評 估,通過正式的風險檢測,避免供應鏈中 斷。評估亦會評定供應商的環境和社會貢 獻,而對環境和社會有更多貢獻的供應商 將會被選擇。本集團會向供應商索取報價 作挑選之用,以確保所購買的產品不會有 風險,並符合當地的安全及環保標準。本 集團亦會就多項因素評估供應商的質素, 例如產品質素、服務質素、以往紀錄等, 進行嚴格及持續的評估。同時,亦會安排 定期訪問,並定期與供應商溝通,以維持 產品質素。本集團制定了供應商及後備供 應商名單,並在事故發生時,與其保持緊 密聯繫及從後備供應商購買物資。



#### Fair and Open Procurement

The Group encourages fair and open competition for longterm relationships with mutual trust. All parties involved in the procurement process participate honestly and in good faith. To ensure the fairness, employees and any parties who are in close relationship with suppliers would be excluded in the procurement process.

#### **B6.** Product Responsibility

Customers' satisfaction is the cornerstone of the Group's longterm success. Procurement from suppliers is carried out in accordance with the highest ethical standards to ensure the product is checked before distribution. Supplier Code of Conduct helps maintaining the high quality at all times to gain the confidences of customers, suppliers and the public.

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with any laws and regulations, including but not limited to the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance that have a significant impact on the Group, concerning advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress that would have a significant impact to the Group.

#### **Customer Privacy Protection**

The Group protects and respects the value of customers' information assets, and is abided by the related laws and regulations in terms of consumer data privacy. It guarantees that customers' data are well protected and secured. Information collected would only be used for the purposed authorised in the first place to ensure the use of information is consistent with those identified in the contract. The Group prohibits the provision of consumer information to third parties without authorisation from the customers. All collected personal data is treated confidentially and kept securely, accessible by designated personnel only.

All computers together with backup services are equipped with security features which require password access to information stored on the hard disk or server. The Information Technology Department has also set obstruction between office and commercial net to prevent data exports, copying, and unauthorised use. Through internal trainings and confidential agreements, the Group emphasises confidentiality obligations and the legal consequences of any breaches of obligations.

#### 公平及公開採購

本集團致力於促進公平和公開競爭,旨在 建立相互信任的長期關係,並確保參與採 購過程的各方誠實和真誠地參與其中。為 確保其公平性,員工如與供應商關係密 切,均需排除於採購過程。

#### B6. 產品責任

客戶的滿意度是本集團可持續發展的基 石。從供應商處採購的方式均符合最高道 德標準,以確保在分銷前獲得的產品得到 檢查。供應商行為準則有助於任何時間均 維持其高質量,以獲得客戶、供應商和公 眾的信任。

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,本 集團並不知悉任何嚴重違反對本集團有重 大影響的廣告、標籤與提供的產品和服務 有關的隱私事項和補救方法任何法律及 法規,包括但不限於《個人資料(私隱)條 例》。

#### 客戶隱私保護

本集團尊重及保護客戶信息資產的價值, 並遵守消費者數據隱私方面的相關法律法 規,確保客戶信息得到良好的保障。收集 的信息首先僅用於其授權目的,以確保信 息的用途與合約中所訂者一致。本集團禁 止未經客戶授權向第三方提供消費者信 息,所有收集的個人數據都經過保密處理 並保密,並只能由指定人員訪問。

所有電腦連同備份服務設有保安功能,需 要密碼方能存取硬碟或伺服器儲存之資 料。資訊科技部亦在辦公室和商業網之間 設置了防火牆,以防止輸出、複製和未經 授權的數據使用。通過內部培訓和保密協 議,本集團強調保密義務以及任何違反義 務的法律後果。

#### **Quality Management**

The Group places a high emphasis on product quality, and regularly examines its quality-related system and policy, in order to sustain the performance-oriented culture on pursuing continuous improvement on quality instead of adopting a shortterm and project-based approach.

To ensure the services are complied with required standards, quality plan is prepared for each project which includes the requirements for quality control, inspection and testing, and other relevant issues in the production. The quality plan varies according to the project nature, communication with clients, and other aspects.

#### **IP Rights**

Employees are prohibited from duplicating, installing, or using software in violation of its copyright or license conditions as part of the Group's Information Security Policy to protect third-party IP rights and to comply with relevant licensing conditions when software is used. Employees who do not follow the policy will be subject to disciplinary action. Also, the Group will notify the manufacturers if any illegal or unauthorised use of their hardware and/or software is discovered.

#### **Protection of Privacy**

The Group understands that protecting the privacy of its clients and business partners is critical to its success. Therefore, clients and business partners' privacy always remain in the first priority of the Group. Security measures have been established to provide adequate protection and encryption for all data and information upon operation. Meanwhile, the Group has established strict policies for the collection and use of personal data.

#### Advertising and Labelling

Due to the Group's business nature, the Group's operation does not involve in material advertising and labelling related issues.

#### **B7.** Anti-corruption

Fair, ethical and efficient business and working environment are the basic requirements for a sustainable corporate. The Group strictly adheres to the laws and regulations relating to anticorruption and bribery as set out by the government of Hong Kong. Integrity, honesty and fairness are valued in business practices, therefore formulating the Anti-corruption Policy as stipulated in the Employee Handbook, to manage fraudulent practices. At the same time, the Group promotes the importance of ethical operation to involve everyone in the corporate on sustaining the mainstay of the business.

#### 質量管理

本集團重視產品質量,並定期審視有關質 量體系及政策,以維持可持續表現為本集 團文化,並追求質量的持續改進,而不是 採用短期和以項目為基礎的方法。

為確保服務符合要求的標準,本集團為每 個項目訂定質量計劃,當中包括制訂質量 控制要求、檢查和測試,以及其他生產相 關的議題。質量計劃將根據計劃性質、與 客戶的溝通,及其他範疇進行更動。

#### 知識產權

為了保護第三方知識產權及在使用軟件時 遵守相關許可條款,本集團的信息安全政 策中,列明員工不得在違反其版權或許可 條款的情況下複製、安裝或使用軟件,而 違反政策的員工將受到紀律處分。如果注 意到任何非法或未經授權地使用硬件及/ 或軟件,本集團亦將通知製造商。

#### 隱私保護

本集團意識到保護客戶和業務夥伴的隱私 是其成功的關鍵。因此,客戶及業務夥伴 隱私始終是本集團的首要任務。本集團已 建立安全措施,以便在操作時為所有數據 和信息提供充分的保護和加密。與此同 時,本集團制定了嚴格的個人數據收集和 使用政策。

#### 廣告和標籤

由於本集團的業務性質,本集團的業務營 運不涉及重大廣告及標籤相關事宜。

#### B7. 反貪污

公平、合乎道德及有效率的業務及營運環 境,是為可持續企業的基本要求。本集團 嚴格遵守香港政府制定的反貪污及賄賂相 關的法律法規。本集團重視並維護營運中 的誠信、誠實和公平,並在員工手冊中制 定反腐敗政策,以管理欺詐行為。同時, 本集團推廣道德營運的重要性,旨在涵括 所有人以維持業務基礎的可持續性。



During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations of bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering, including but not limited to the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance that would have a significant impact to the Group.

#### **Internal Control**

The Group has adopted the Code of Conduct that addresses provision for conflicts of interest, privacy and confidentiality of information, due diligence, bribery and anti-corruption. Employees should not provide, solicit, or accept anything of considerable value from or to their colleagues, clients, suppliers, or other business partners of the Group unless consent is given, as stated in the Employee Handbook. Besides, employees are required to receive trainings on anti-corruption regularly to ensure their understandings and implementation of relevant internal and external laws and regulations. Employees who breach anti-corruption policy and exploit their positions against the Group's interests will face disciplinary action, which could result in dismissal for serious misconduct.

#### **B8. Community Investment**

Emboldening and supporting the community is one of the Group's commitments. Through social participation and contribution, corporate culture and practices of corporate citizen in the daily operation could be nurtured. The Group focuses on the promotion of the stability of society and supporting underprivileged on rehabilitation to improve the quality of life. Inspiration of employees towards social welfare concerns is also a focus. The Group embraces the human capital into the social management strategies to sustain its corporate social responsibility as a part of the strategic development.

#### **Community Participation**

The Group engaged in community activities, such as donations and sponsorships, to enhance the community development. The Group communicates with local charities regularly to gain a better knowledge of societal issues and to establish links with local communities.

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group has made total donations of HK\$258,000 to the charities in supporting the education and development of the future workforce. The Group expects the donations can be used as an incentive for the outstanding students and to support the needy for further learning.

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,本 集團並不知悉任何嚴重違反對本集團造成 重大影響的賄賂、勒索、欺詐和洗錢相關 的法律法規的情況,包括但不限於《防止 賄賂條例》。

#### 內部控制

本集團已採取行為準則,其中包括利益衝 突、隱私和信息保密、盡職調查、賄賂和 反腐敗的規定。正如員工手冊中所述,除 非獲得同意,員工不得向本集團的同事、 客戶、供應商或其他業務合作夥伴提供、 索取或接受任何實質性的價值。此外,員 工亦需接受反貪污培訓,以確保其對相關 法例法規的理解及實行。違反反腐敗政策 並利用其職位違背本集團利益的員工,將 面臨紀律處分,並可能因嚴重行為不當而 被解僱。

#### B8. 社區投資

本集團致力於鼓勵和支持其社區,並通過 社會參與和貢獻,可在日常營運中培養企 業公民的企業文化和實踐。本集團專注於 促進社會的穩定,及支持弱勢群體的康 復,以提高生活質素。同時,本集團致力 於激勵員工解決社會福利問題。作為策略 發展的一部分,本集團將人力資本納入社 會管理策略,以維持企業社會責任。

#### 社區參與

本集團積極參與社區活動,例如捐贈和贊助,以幫助社區發展。為進一步了解社會 需求並加強與當地社區的聯繫,本集團定 期與本地慈善機構進行溝通。

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度, 本集團總共捐款了258,000港元予慈善機 構,以支持未來勞動人口的教育和發展, 並期望善款可用於激勵優秀學生,以及支 持有需要人士繼續深造。



# THE ESG REPORTING GUIDE CONTENT INDEX OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE

### 聯交所的環境、社會及管治報告指引內 容索引

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Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 層面、一般披露及關鍵	Content	Page Index/Remarks
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	(a) the policies; and	
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer	58-60
	relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare.	
一般披露	有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等機 會、多元化、反歧視以及其他待遇及福利的:	
	(a) 政策;及	
	(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例	
	的資料。	
KPI B1.1 關鍵績效指標B1.1	Total workforce by gender, employment type, age group and geographical region. 按性別、僱傭類型、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員總數。	61



Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 層面、一般披露及關鍵	Content	Page Index/Remarks
績效指標	內容	頁碼索引/備註
Aspect B2. Health and S 層面 B2. 健康與安全	Safety	
General Disclosure	Information on:	
	(a) the policies; and	
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer	62
	relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards.	
一般披露	有關提供安全工作環境及保障僱員避免職業性危害的:	
	(a) 政策:及	
	(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例	
	的資料。	
KPI B2.3	Description of occupational health and safety measures	62-63
關鍵績效指標B2.3	adopted, how they are implemented and monitored. 描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施,以及相關執行及監察 方法。	
Aspect B3. Developme 層面 B3. 發展及培訓	nt and Training	
General Disclosure	Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for	63-64
一般披露	discharging duties at work. Description of training activities. 有關提升僱員履行工作職責的知識及技能的政策。描述培 訓活動。	



Aspects, General		
Disclosures and KPIs 層面、一般披露及關鍵	Content	Page Index/Remarks
眉山, 放顶路反翻鍵 績效指標	內容	頁碼索引/備註
Aspect B4. Labour Stan 層面 B4. 勞工準則	dards	
General Disclosure	Information on:	64-65
	(a) the policies; and	
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer	
一般披露	relating to preventing child and forced labour. 有關防止童工或強制勞工的:	
	(a) 政策;及	
	(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例	
	的資料。	
KPI B4.1	Description of measures to review employment practices to	65
關鍵績效指標B4.1	avoid child and forced labour. 描述檢討招聘慣例的措施以避免童工及強制勞工。	
Aspect B5. Supply Chai 層面 B5. 供應鏈管理	n Management	
General Disclosure	Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the supply chain.	65
一般披露	管理供應鏈的環境及社會風險政策。	
KPI B5.2	Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, how they are implemented and monitored.	65-66
關鍵績效指標B5.2	描述有關聘用供應商的慣例,向其執行有關慣例的供應商 數目,以及有關慣例的執行及監察方法。	



Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 層面、一般披露及關鍵	Content	Page Index/Remarks
績效指標	內容	頁碼索引/備註
Aspect B6. Product Res 層面 B6. 產品責任	ponsibility	
General Disclosure	Information on:	
	(a) the policies; and	
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer	66-67
一般披露	relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress. 有關所提供產品和服務的健康與安全、廣告、標籤及私隱 事宜以及補救方法的:	
	(a) 政策;及	
	(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例	
	的資料。	
KPI B6.3	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting	67
關鍵績效指標B6.3	intellectual property rights. 描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例。	
KPI B6.5 關鍵績效指標B6.5	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, how they are implemented and monitored. 描述消費者資料保障及私隱政策,以及相關執行及監察方 法。	66-67



Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 層面、一般披露及關鍵	Content	Page Index/Remarks
績效指標	內容	頁碼索引/備註
Aspect B7. Anti-corrup 層面 B7. 反貪污	tion	
General Disclosure	Information on:	
	(a) the policies; and	
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer	67-68
一般披露	relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering. 有關防止賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的:	
	(a) 政策;及	
	(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例	
	的資料。	
Aspect B8. Community 層面 B8. 社區投資	Investment	
General Disclosure	Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of the communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration the communities' interests.	68
一般披露	有關以社區參與來了解營運所在社區需要和確保其業務活 動會考慮社區利益的政策。	
KPI B8.1 關鍵績效指標B8.1	Focus areas of contribution. 專注貢獻範疇。	68

KPI B8.2Resources contributed to the focus area.關鍵績效指標B8.2在專注範疇所動用資源。

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告





Ernst & Young 27/F, One Taikoo Place, 979 King's Road, Quarry Bay, Hong Kong

**To the shareholders of AV Concept Holdings Limited** (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

**OPINION** 

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of AV Concept Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 83 to 199, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2021, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2021, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section* of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

**安永會計師事務所** 香港鰂魚涌 英皇道979號 太古坊一座27樓

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致AV Concept Holdings Limited

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司) **股東** 

#### 意見

我們已審計載於第83頁至第199頁的AV Concept Holdings Limited(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(「貴集團」) 的綜合財務報表,當中包括於二零二一年三月三十一 日的綜合財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合損益 表、綜合全面收入表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金 流量表以及綜合財務報表附註(包括主要會計政策摘 要)。

我們認為,綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香 港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)真實公平地反映 貴集團於二零二一年三 月三十一日的綜合財務狀況以及截至該日止年度的綜 合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港公司條例 的披露規定妥為編製。

#### 意見基準

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準則(「香 港審計準則」)進行審計。我們於該等準則下的責任於 本報告*核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的責任一*節 進一步闡述。按照香港會計師公會的*專業會計師道德 守則*(「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已按照守則 履行其他道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑 證充分且適當地為我們的意見提供基礎。



#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

#### Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

## Estimation of fair values of investment properties 投資物業公平價值估計

As at 31 March 2021, the Group's investment properties measured at fair value amounted to approximately HK\$128 million, with the corresponding fair value changes recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. The valuation process is inherently subjective, and dependent on estimation of adjusted unit price. The Group has engaged independent valuers to value the investment properties at the end of the reporting period.

The significant accounting judgements and estimates and disclosures about fair values of investment properties are included in notes 3 and 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

於二零二一年三月三十一日, 貴集團按公平價值計量的投資物業 約為128,000,000港元,而相應公平價值變動於綜合損益表內確 認。估值程序本身具有主觀性,並須依賴估計經調整單位價格。 貴集團已委聘獨立估值師於報告期間結束時為投資物業進行估 值。

主要會計判斷及估計以及有關投資物業公平價值的披露資料載於 綜合財務報表附註3及13。

#### 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項為根據我們的專業判斷,對我們審計本 期間綜合財務報表最為重要的事項。此等事項於我們 審計綜合財務報表及就此出具意見時一併處理,而我 們不會就此等事宜另行提供意見。我們於審計過程中 如何處理下文所述各事項的描述以此為基準提供。

我們已履行本報告核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔 的責任一節所述的責任,包括有關此等事項的責任。 因此,我們的審計工作包括執行專為應對我們對綜合 財務報表出現重大錯誤陳述的風險的評估而設的程 序。我們的審計程序(包括為處理下列事項而執行的 程序)的結果為我們對隨附綜合財務報表的審計意見 提供基礎。

## How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

We evaluated the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the independent valuers engaged by the Group. We also obtained valuation reports prepared by the independent valuers, understood the work of the independent valuers and evaluated its work by assessing the relevance, completeness and accuracy of the data used as inputs for the valuation, and assessing the major assumptions and methodologies adopted in the valuation by checking to the price of similar properties. We also involved our internal valuation expert to assist us in evaluating the major assumptions and methodologies of the valuation of certain investment properties held by the Group.

我們已評估 貴集團委聘的獨立估值師是否勝任、其能力是否 足夠及是否客觀。我們亦已取得獨立估值師編製的估值報告及 了解獨立估值師的工作,並透過評估用作估值輸入值的數據是否 相關、完整及準確,評價獨立估值師的工作,以及查核類似物業 的價格,以評估估值採用的主要假設及方法。我們亦動員內部估 值專家協助評估 貴集團所持若干投資物業的主要假設及估值方 法。



#### Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

## How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

#### Provision against inventories 存貨撥備

As at 31 March 2021, the net inventories balance of the Group amounted to HK\$34 million.

The Group is engaged in the marketing and distribution of electronic components and design, development and sale of consumer products, which are subject to changing market demands and market competition. Management judgement is required for assessing the appropriate level of inventory provision in light of the current challenging business environment.

The significant accounting judgements and estimates and disclosures of the provision and the balance of inventories are included in notes 3, 6 and 20 to the consolidated financial statements.

於二零二一年三月三十一日, 貴集團的存貨結餘淨值為 34,000,000港元。

貴集團從事電子元件的市場推廣及分銷以及消費產品的設計、開發及銷售,受市場需求轉變及市場競爭影響。鑑於現時營商環境挑戰重重,管理層於評估存貨撥備合適水平時須作出判斷。

主要會計判斷及估計以及有關存貨撥備及結餘之披露資料載於綜 合財務報表附註3、6及20。

## OTHER INFORMATION INCLUDED IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

We understood and evaluated the basis which management used in estimating the level of provision for inventories by considering the stock ageing as at 31 March 2021 and the subsequent sales after year ended 31 March 2021. We also compared the carrying amount of the inventories, on a sample basis, to their net realisable value through review of sales of the inventories subsequent to the year end.

我們已透過考慮於二零二一年三月三十一日的庫存賬齡及截至二 零二一年三月三十一日止年度後的期後銷售,了解並評估管理層 用以估計存貨撥備水平的基準。我們亦已透過審閱年結日後的存 貨銷售情況,抽樣比較存貨的賬面值與其可變現淨值。

#### 年報所載的其他資料

貴公司董事須就其他資料負責。其他資料包括年報所 載的資料,惟不包括綜合財務報表及我們就此發出的 核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他資料,我們 亦不就其他資料發表任何形式的鑒證結論。

在我們審計綜合財務報表方面,我們的責任為閲覽其 他資料,而在此過程中,我們會考慮其他資料是否與 綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中了解的情況嚴重不 符,或是否似乎存在重大錯誤陳述。基於我們已進行 的工作,如我們認為其他資料存在重大錯誤陳述,則 我們須報告有關事實。就此而言,我們並無任何報 告。



## RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors of the Company are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

#### 董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責按照香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財 務報告準則及香港公司條例的披露規定編製綜合財務 報表,以令綜合財務報表作出真實公平的反映,以及 落實董事認為編製綜合財務報表所必要的內部監控, 以令綜合財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重 大錯誤陳述。

編製綜合財務報表時, 貴公司董事須負責評估 貴 集團是否有能力繼續持續經營、披露(如適用)與持續 經營相關的事項,並使用持續經營會計法,除非 貴 公司董事擬將 貴集團清盤或終止經營 貴集團,或 除此之外並無實質替代方案,則作別論。

貴公司董事在審核委員會協助下履行其監督 貴集團 財務申報過程的責任。

#### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的責 任

我們的目標為合理確定綜合財務報表整體是否不存在 由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述,並發出包含 我們意見的核數師報告。我們的報告僅向整體股東作 出,除此以外不可作其他用途。我們概不就本報告的 內容對任何其他人士負責或承擔法律責任。

合理鑒證屬高層次鑒證,但不能擔保按照香港審計準 則進行的審計工作總能發現存有的重大錯誤陳述。錯 誤陳述可源於欺詐或錯誤,倘個別或整體在合理預期 情況下可影響使用者基於本綜合財務報表作出的經濟 決定,則被視為重大錯誤陳述。



As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

作為按照香港審計準則進行審計工作一環,我們運用 專業判斷,在整個審計過程中抱持專業懷疑態度。我 們亦:

- 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存有重大錯誤陳述的風險,因應此等風險設計及執行審計程序,以及取得充足和適當的審計憑證以為我們的意見提供基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及合謀串通、偽造、故意遺漏、失實陳述或凌駕內部監控,因此未能發現由此造成的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審計有關的內部監控,以設計適當審計
   程序,惟並非旨在對 貴集團內部監控的成效
   發表意見。
- 評價董事所用會計政策是否合適,以及所作會
   計估計及相關披露是否合理。
- 對董事採用持續經營會計基準是否合適作出結 論,並依照所得的審計憑證,決定是否存在與 事件或情況有關的重大不明朗因素,而可能 對 貴集團持續經營的能力構成重大疑慮。倘 我們認為存在重大不明朗因素,則須於核數師 報告內促請注意綜合財務報表內的相關披露資 料,而倘有關披露資料不足,則須修改我們的 意見。我們的結論乃基於截至核數師報告日期 為止所獲得的審計憑證。然而,未來事件或情 況可能導致 貴集團無法繼續持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表(包括資料披露)的整體列報 方式、架構及內容,以及綜合財務報表是否已 公平地列報相關交易及事件。
- 就 貴集團內各實體或業務活動的財務資料獲 得充足和適當的審計憑證,以就綜合財務報表 發表意見。我們負責指導、監督及執行集團 審計工作。我們為我們的審計意見承擔全部責 任。

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Ip Hing Lam.

我們與審核委員會溝通(其中包括)計劃審計範圍及時 間安排以及重大審計發現,包括我們在審計過程中識 別出的重大內部監控缺失。

我們亦向審核委員會提交聲明,説明我們已符合有關 獨立性的相關道德要求,並與彼等溝通所有可能合理 地被認為會影響我們獨立性的關係及其他事項,以及 (如適用)為消除威脅而採取的行動或防範措施。

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們決定對審計本期 間綜合財務報表最為重要的事項,因而構成關鍵審計 事項。我們於我們的核數師報告內説明該等事項,除 非法律或規例禁止公開披露有關事項,或在極其罕見 的情況下,若合理預期在我們報告內指出某事項所造 成的負面後果將會超過其產生的公眾利益,則我們不 會在報告內指出該事項。

本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人為葉慶霖。

**Ernst & Young** *Certified Public Accountants* Hong Kong 25 June 2021 **安永會計師事務所** *執業會計師* 香港 二零二一年六月二十五日



## **Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss**

**综合損益表** Year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

			2021	2020
		Notes 附註	二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	二零二零年 HK <b>\$</b> ′000 千港元
	1F <del>24</del>			
REVENUE	收益	5	1,241,160	1,337,326
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(1,186,183)	(1,307,032)
Gross profit	毛利		54,977	30,294
Other income and gains	其他收入及收益	5	16,615	13,877
Changes in fair value of investment properti	es 投資物業公平價值之變動	13	4,305	(2,268
Selling and distribution expenses	銷售及分銷費用		(11,028)	(13,123)
Administrative expenses	行政費用		(88,973)	(84,622)
Fair value losses on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, net	透過損益按公平價值列賬之 金融資產之公平價值虧損,			
	淨額		(17,983)	(18,750)
Other income/(expenses), net	其他收入/(費用),淨額		2,778	(10,087)
Finance costs	融資成本	7	(971)	(3,763)
Share of profits and losses of:	分佔溢利及虧損:			
Joint ventures	合營企業		316,859	181,344
Associates	聯營公司		139	(440)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	除税前溢利	6	276,718	92,462
Income tax	所得税	9	(7,192)	(1,711)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	年內溢利		269,526	90,751
Attributable to:	以下人士應佔:			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		269,788	93,443
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(262)	(2,692)
			269,526	90,751
EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO	ο 木 <b>八司擁</b> 右人產化気限及利			
OWNERS OF THE COMPANY	✔ 〒4円弾石八應旧写放鈕利	11		
Basic	基本		HK29.69 cent	HK10.28 cent 港仙
			<b>29.69</b> 港仙	10.28港仙
			HK29.69 cent	HK10.28 cent 港仙
Diluted	攤薄		<b>29.69</b> 港仙	10.28港仙



## **Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income**

综合全面收入表 Year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	年內溢利	269,526	90,751
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS)	其他全面收入/(虧損)		
Other comprehensive income/(loss) that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods Exchange differences on translation of foreign	將於往後期間可能重新分類至損益之 : 其他全面收入/(虧損): 換算海外業務時產生之匯兑差額		
operations		7,258	(7,174)
Reclassification adjustments for a foreign operation disposed of during the year	年內出售海外業務時重新分類調整	108	_
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) THAT MAY BE RECLASSIFIED TO PROFIT OR LOSS IN SUBSEQUENT PERIODS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR, NET OF TAX	將於往後期間可能重新分類至損益之 其他全面收入/(虧損)及年內其他 全面收入/(虧損),扣除税項	7,366	(7,174)
		-	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	年內全面收入總額	276,892	83,577
Attributable to:	以下人士應佔:		
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	277,256	86,180
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(364)	(2,603)
		276,892	83,577



## **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

综合財務狀況表

31 March 2021	二零二一年三月三十一日

			2021	2020
		Netze	二零二一年	二零二零年
		Notes 附註	HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
		四 註	T泡儿	一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment and	物業、廠房及設備以及			
right-of-use assets	使用權資產	12	32,371	35,423
Investment properties	投資物業	13	128,085	120,437
Goodwill	商譽	15	_	-
Other intangible assets	其他無形資產	16	3,832	3,850
Investments in joint ventures	於合營企業之投資	17	1,108,848	843,019
Investments in associates	於聯營公司之投資	18	7,732	248
Financial assets at fair value	透過損益按公平價值列賬之		-	
through profit or loss	金融資產	19	24,701	23,891
Prepayments and deposits	預付款項及按金	22	23,910	23,968
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		1,329,479	1,050,836
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	20	33,736	82,678
Trade receivables	應收貿易賬款	21	34,886	78,935
Due from associates	應收聯營公司款項	18	987	115
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	預付款項、按金及其他應收款			
	項	22	15,045	13,669
Financial assets at fair value	透過損益按公平價值列賬之			
through profit or loss	金融資產	19	48,184	79,839
Tax recoverable	可收回税項		_	1
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及等同現金項目	23	124,298	87,747
Total current assets	流動資產總值		257,136	342,984



## **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**



			2021 一一一一一一一	2020 一一一一一一一
		Notes	二零二一年 HK\$′000	二零二零年 HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債			
Trade payables, deposits received	應付貿易賬款、已收按金及應	蕉		
and accrued expenses	計費用	24	28,615	43,480
Contract liabilities	合約負債	25	36,410	5,785
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	14	870	3,624
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	附息銀行借款	26	-	97,811
Tax payable	應付税項		6,924	1,436
Financial guarantee obligation	財務擔保責任	27	73,646	43,301
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		146,465	195,437
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值		110,671	147,547
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIE	S 總資產減流動負債		1,440,150	1,198,383
	北这种白体			
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	<b>非流動負債</b> 和任何体	1.4	775	2.009
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	14	775	3,088
		14 28	775 14,366	3,088 14,298
Lease liabilities	租賃負債			,
Lease liabilities Deferred tax liabilities	租賃負債 遞延税項負債		14,366	14,298
Lease liabilities Deferred tax liabilities Total non-current liabilities	租賃負債 遞延税項負債 非流動負債總額		14,366 15,141	14,298 17,386
Lease liabilities Deferred tax liabilities Total non-current liabilities Net assets EQUITY	租賃負債 遞延税項負債 非流動負債總額 資產淨值		14,366 15,141 1,425,009	14,298 17,386 1,180,997
Lease liabilities Deferred tax liabilities Total non-current liabilities Net assets	租賃負債 遞延税項負債 非流動負債總額 資產淨值 <b>權益</b>	28	14,366 15,141	14,298 17,386
Lease liabilities Deferred tax liabilities Total non-current liabilities Net assets EQUITY Issued capital Reserves	租賃負債 遞延税項負債 非流動負債總額 資產淨值 <b>權益</b> 已發行股本 儲備	28	14,366 15,141 1,425,009 90,866 1,324,075	14,298 17,386 1,180,997 90,866 1,078,622
Lease liabilities Deferred tax liabilities Total non-current liabilities Net assets EQUITY Issued capital	租賃負債 遞延税項負債 非流動負債總額 資產淨值 <b>權益</b> 已發行股本 儲備	28	14,366 15,141 1,425,009 90,866	14,298 17,386 1,180,997 90,866

So Yuk Kwan 蘇煜均 Director 董事 So Kevin Chi Heng 蘇智恒 Director 董事



# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表 Year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

			Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔								
		lssued capital	Share premium account	Capital reserve <sup>#</sup>	Other reserve	Asset revaluation reserve##	Exchange fluctuation reserve	Retained profits##	Total	Non– controlling interests	Total equity
		已發行股本	股份溢價賬	股本儲備*	其他儲備	資產重估 儲備#	匯兑波動 儲備	保留溢利##		非控股權益	權益總額
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK <b>\$</b> ′000 千港元	HK <b>\$</b> ′000 千港元	HK <b>\$'000</b> 千港元	HK <b>\$</b> ′000 千港元	HK <b>\$</b> ′000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日	90,866	429,719	19,484	(38,483)	38,765	2,171	558,959	1,101,481	14,112	1,115,593
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year: Exchange differences on translation	年內溢利 年內其他全面虧損: 換算海外業務時產生之	-	-	-	-	-	-	93,443	93,443	(2,692)	90,751
of foreign operations	医外科 机 化 化 化 化 化 化 化 化 化 化 化 化 化 化 化 化 化 化	-	-	-	-	-	(7,263)	-	(7,263)	89	(7,174)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year Dividend paid	年內全面收入/(虧損)總額 已派股息	-	-	-	-	-	(7,263) _	93,443 (18,173)	86,180 (18,173)	(2,603)	83,577 (18,173)
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	90,866	429,719*	19,484*	(38,483)*	38,765*	(5,092)*	634,229*	1,169,488	11,509	1,180,997

## **Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity**

綜合權益變動表

Year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

		Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔									
		lssued capital	Share premium account	Capital reserve <sup>#</sup>	Other reserve	Asset revaluation reserve <sup>#</sup> 資產重估	Exchange fluctuation reserve 匯兑波動	Retained profits***	Total	Non– controlling interests	Total equity
		已發行股本 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	股份溢價賬 <b>HK\$′000</b> 千港元	股本儲備 <sup>#</sup> <b>HK\$′000</b> 千港元	其他儲備 <b>HK\$′000</b> 千港元	☆//一/□ 倍 儲備# HK\$'000 千港元		保留溢利 <sup>###</sup> HK <b>\$'000</b> 千港元	總額 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	非控股權益 <b>HK\$′000</b> 千港元	權益總額 HK <b>\$′000</b> 千港元
At 1 April 2020	於二零二零年四月一日	90,866	429,719*	19,484*	(38,483)*	38,765*	(5,092)*	634,229*	1,169,488	11,509	1,180,997
Profit for the year	年內溢利	-	-	-	-	-	-	269,788	269,788	(262)	269,526
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year: Exchange differences on translation	年內其他全面收入(虧損): 換算海外業務時產生之										
of foreign operations Reclassification adjustments for a foreign	匯兑差額 年內出售海外業務時	-	-	-	-	-	7,360	-	7,360	(102)	7,258
operation disposed of during the year	重新分類調整	-	-	-	-	-	108	-	108	-	108
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	年內全面收入/(虧損)總額	-	-	-	-	-	7,468	269,788	277,256	(364)	276,892
Deemed disposal of subsidiaries (note 32)	視作出售附屬公司(附註32)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,079)	(1,079)
Equity-settled share option arrangements	一間附屬公司的權益結算購股權安排										
of a subsidiary (note 30)	(附註30)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
Dividend paid	已付股息	-	-	-	-	-	-	(31,803)	(31,803)	-	(31,803)

Included in the balance of the capital reserve as at 31 March 2021 was a capital redemption reserve balance amounting to approximately HK\$16,142,000 (2020: HK\$16,142,000).

於二零二一年三月三十一日

90.866

429.719\*

19.484\*

(38,483)\*

38.765\*

2.376\*

At 31 March 2021

- <sup>##</sup> The asset revaluation reserve arose from a change in use from owner-occupied properties to investment properties carried at fair value. In accordance with HKAS 16, this balance was frozen and was not available to offset the current and future years' revaluation deficits on investment properties until the retirement or disposal of these assets.
- <sup>###</sup> As at 31 March 2021, there was goodwill of HK\$12,427,000 (2020: HK\$12,427,000) arising from the acquisition of subsidiaries in prior years which remained eliminated against the consolidated retained profits.
- \* These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of HK\$1,324,075,000 (2020: HK\$1,078,622,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2021.

於二零二一年三月三十一日之股本儲備結餘包括 股本贖回儲備結餘約16,142,000港元(二零二零 年:16,142,000港元)。

10.068 1.425.009

872,214\* 1,414,941

- 資產重估儲備源自將自用物業用途更改為按公平 價值列賬之投資物業。根據香港會計準則第16 號,該項餘額被凍結且不可用於抵銷本年度及未 來年度投資物業之重估虧絀,直至該等資產報廢 或出售為止。
- ### 於二零二一年三月三十一日,因以往年度收購附 屬公司而產生之商譽12,427,000港元(二零二零 年:12,427,000港元)繼續與綜合保留溢利抵銷。
  - 該等儲備賬包括於二零二一年三月三十一日綜合 財務狀況表內之綜合儲備1,324,075,000港元(二零 二零年:1,078,622,000港元)。



## **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

**综合現金流量表** 

Year ended 31 March 202	1 截至二零二-	-年三月三十-	-日止年度
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			2021	2020
			二零二一年	二零二零年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動所得現金流量			
Profit before tax	除税前溢利		276,718	92,462
Adjustments for:	就以下項目作出調整:			
Finance costs	融資成本	7	971	3,763
Share of profits of joint ventures	分佔合營企業溢利		(316,859)	(181,344)
Share of (profits)/losses of associates	分佔聯營公司(溢利)/虧損		(139)	440
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	6	1,467	2,368
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	6	2,171	2,387
Changes in fair value of investment properties	投資物業公平價值之變動	13	(4,305)	2,268
Amortisation of other intangible assets	其他無形資產攤銷	6	19	. 19
Impairment of other intangible assets	其他無形資產減值	6	_	200
(Reversal of impairment)/impairment	物業、廠房及設備(減值撥			
of property, plant and equipment	回)/減值	6	(933)	3,579
(Reversal of impairment)/impairment	使用權資產(減值撥回)/		()	-,
of right-of-use assets	減值	6	(194)	5,529
Impairment of/(reversal of impairment of)	應收貿易賬款減值/(減值撥		()	-,
trade receivables, net	回),淨額	6	1,138	(580)
(Reversal of)/provision for impairment of inventories		6	(726)	350
Reversal of impairment of other receivables	其他應收款項減值撥回	6	-	(3,901)
Gain on disposal of items of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備項目之	Ũ		(575 6 1)
plant and equipment	收益	5, 6	_	(24)
Revision of a lease term arising from a change in	和賃不可撤銷期間變動產生之	5, 0		(= -)
the non-cancellable period of a lease	租賃期修改	5,6	(2,526)	_
Gain on derecognition of financial	終止確認財務擔保責任之收益	5, 0	(2,520)	
guarantee obligation		6	(82,197)	(105,353)
Impairment of investments in joint ventures	於合營企業投資之減值	6	82,197	105,353
Impairment of investments in associates	於聯營公司投資之減值	6	588	1,510
Gain on deemed disposal of subsidiaries	視作出售附屬公司之收益	6	(4,924)	-
Fair value losses on financial assets	透過損益按公平價值列賬之金	0	(4,524)	
at fair value through profit	融資產的公平價值虧損,淨			
or loss, net	額	6	17,983	18,750
Dividend income from listed	上市股權投資之股息收入	0	17,505	10,750
equity investments	工币族権区員之族恐怖代	5	(11)	(187)
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	5	(33)	(354)
Interest income on listed bond investments	上市債券投資之利息收入	5	(2,589)	(2,506)
Interest income on a loan receivable	應收貸款之利息收入	5	(2,303)	(2,500)
	·····································	J	-	(010)
Equity–settled share option expense	一间的燭公可之放推給异期放 權費用	30	2	
of a subsidiary	惟貝川	30	۷	

**(32,182)** (55,887)



## **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

**综合現金流量表** Year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

Decrease/(increase) in inventories存貨減少/(增加)Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables應收貿易賬款減少/(增加)Increase in amounts due from associates應收聯營公司款項增加(Increase)/decrease in prepayments, deposits預付款項、按金及其他應收款項and other receivables(增加)/減少Decrease in trade payables, deposits received應付貿易賬款、已收按金及應計and accrued expenses費用減少Increase/(decrease) in contract liabilities合約負債增加/(減少)Cash from/(used in) operations經營所得/(所用)現金Interest portion of lease payments租賃付款利息部分Purchases of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss租賃付款利息部分Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss出售透過損益按公平價值列賬的 金融資產之所得款項	Notes 附註	二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 53,716 42,527 (872) (2,722) (12,539) 29,941	二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元 (25,280) (11,358) - 29,790 (2,883) (10,089)
Decrease/(increase) in inventories存貨減少/(増加) 應收貿易賬款減少/(増加)Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables應收貿易賬款減少/(増加)Increase in amounts due from associates應收聯營公司款項增加(Increase)/decrease in prepayments, deposits and other receivables預付款項、按金及其他應收款項 (増加)/減少Decrease in trade payables, deposits received and accrued expenses應付貿易賬款、已收按金及應計 費用減少Increase/(decrease) in contract liabilities合約負債增加/(減少)Cash from/(used in) operations經營所得/(所用)現金Interest portion of lease payments Purchases of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss租賃付款利息部分 購買透過損益按公平價值列賬的 金融資產Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss出售透過損益按公平價值列賬的 金融資產之所得款項		千港元 53,716 42,527 (872) (2,722) (12,539)	千港元 (25,280) (11,358) - 29,790 (2,883)
Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables       應收貿易賬款減少/(增加)         Increase in amounts due from associates       應收聯營公司款項增加         (Increase)/decrease in prepayments, deposits       預付款項、按金及其他應收款項         and other receivables       預付款項、按金及其他應收款項         Decrease in trade payables, deposits received and accrued expenses       應付貿易賬款、已收按金及應計 費用減少         Increase/(decrease) in contract liabilities       合約負債增加/(減少)         Cash from/(used in) operations       經營所得/(所用)現金         Interest portion of lease payments profit or loss       租賃付款利息部分 購買透過損益按公平價值列賬之 金融資產         Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss       出售透過損益按公平價值列賬的 金融資產之所得款項	<u>附註</u>	53,716 42,527 (872) (2,722) (12,539)	(25,280) (11,358) – 29,790 (2,883)
Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables       應收貿易賬款減少/(增加)         Increase in amounts due from associates       應收聯營公司款項增加         (Increase)/decrease in prepayments, deposits       預付款項、按金及其他應收款項         and other receivables       (增加)/減少         Decrease in trade payables, deposits received and accrued expenses       應付貿易賬款、已收按金及應計 費用減少         Increase/(decrease) in contract liabilities       合約負債增加/(減少)         Cash from/(used in) operations       經營所得/(所用)現金         Interest portion of lease payments profit or loss       租賃付款利息部分         Purchases of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss       租賃付款利息部分         Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss       出售透過損益按公平價值列賬的 金融資產之所得款項		42,527 (872) (2,722) (12,539)	(11,358) - 29,790 (2,883)
Increase in amounts due from associates       應收聯營公司款項增加         (Increase)/decrease in prepayments, deposits and other receivables       預付款項、按金及其他應收款項         Decrease in trade payables, deposits received and accrued expenses       應付貿易賬款、已收按金及應計 費用減少         Increase/(decrease) in contract liabilities       合約負債增加/(減少)         Cash from/(used in) operations       經營所得/(所用)現金         Interest portion of lease payments profit or loss       租賃付款利息部分 購買透過損益按公平價值列賬之 金融資產         Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss       出售透過損益按公平價值列賬的 金融資產之所得款項		(872) (2,722) (12,539)	 29,790 (2,883)
(Increase)/decrease in prepayments, deposits and other receivables       預付款項、按金及其他應收款項 (增加)/減少         Decrease in trade payables, deposits received and accrued expenses       應付貿易賬款、已收按金及應計 費用減少         Increase/(decrease) in contract liabilities       合約負債增加/(減少)         Cash from/(used in) operations       經營所得/(所用)現金         Interest portion of lease payments profit or loss       租賃付款利息部分 購買透過損益按公平價值列賬之 金融資產         Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss       出售透過損益按公平價值列賬的 金融資產之所得款項		(2,722)	(2,883)
and other receivables (增加) /減少 Decrease in trade payables, deposits received and accrued expenses 唐 Increase/(decrease) in contract liabilities 合約負債增加/(減少) Cash from/(used in) operations 經營所得/(所用)現金 Interest portion of lease payments Purchases of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss B Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss B Through profit or loss B Through profit or loss B Through profit or loss C Through profit or los C Through profit or los C Through profit or los C Through profi		(12,539)	(2,883)
Decrease in trade payables, deposits received and accrued expenses       應付貿易賬款、已收按金及應計 費用減少         Increase/(decrease) in contract liabilities       合約負債增加/(減少)         Cash from/(used in) operations       經營所得/(所用)現金         Interest portion of lease payments Purchases of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss       租賃付款利息部分 購買透過損益按公平價值列賬之 金融資產         Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss       出售透過損益按公平價值列賬的 金融資產之所得款項		(12,539)	(2,883)
and accrued expenses     費用減少       Increase/(decrease) in contract liabilities     合約負債增加/(減少)       Cash from/(used in) operations     經營所得/(所用)現金       Interest portion of lease payments     租賃付款利息部分       Purchases of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss     租賃付款利息部分       Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss     金融資產       Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value     出售透過損益按公平價值列賬的       金融資產之所得款項     金融資產之所得款項			,
Increase/(decrease) in contract liabilities     合約負債增加/(減少)       Cash from/(used in) operations     經營所得/(所用)現金       Interest portion of lease payments     租賃付款利息部分       Purchases of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss     租賃付款利息部分       Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss     金融資產       Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss     出售透過損益按公平價值列賬的			,
Cash from/(used in) operations       經營所得/(所用)現金         Interest portion of lease payments       租賃付款利息部分         Purchases of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss       購買透過損益按公平價值列賬之         Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss       出售透過損益按公平價值列賬的         金融資產之所得款項       金融資產之所得款項		29,941	(10,089)
Interest portion of lease payments       租賃付款利息部分         Purchases of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss       購買透過損益按公平價值列賬之         Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss       出售透過損益按公平價值列賬的         金融資產       金融資產之所得款項			
Interest portion of lease payments       租賃付款利息部分         Purchases of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss       購買透過損益按公平價值列賬之         Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss       出售透過損益按公平價值列賬的         金融資產       金融資產之所得款項			
Purchases of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss     購買透過損益按公平價值列賬之 金融資產       Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss     出售透過損益按公平價值列賬的 金融資產之所得款項		77,869	(75,707)
Purchases of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss     購買透過損益按公平價值列賬之 金融資產       Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss     出售透過損益按公平價值列賬的 金融資產之所得款項		(78)	(78)
profit or loss 金融資產 Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value 出售透過損益按公平價值列賬的 through profit or loss 金融資產之所得款項		(10)	(70)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value 出售透過損益按公平價值列賬的 through profit or loss 金融資產之所得款項		(24,273)	(36,399)
through profit or loss 金融資產之所得款項		(24,273)	(30,333)
5 1		38,939	52,934
Dividend income received from a joint venture 已收一間合營企業之股息收入		81,585	69,930
Overseas taxes paid     已付海外税項		(1,609)	(287)
		(1,000)	(207)
Net cash flows from operating activities 經營活動所得之現金流量淨額		172,433	10,393
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 投資活動所得之現金流量			
Bank interest received 已收銀行利息		33	354
Dividends received from listed investments 已收上市投資股息		11	187
Interest income on listed bond investments 上市債券投資之利息收入		2,589	2,506
Interest income on a loan receivable 應收貸款之利息收入		-	616
Purchases of items of property, plant and equipment  購買物業、廠房及設備項目		(185)	(3,404)
Purchases of items of right-of-use assets 購買使用權資產項目	33(b)	-	(1,773)
Proceeds from disposal of items of property, plant 出售物業、廠房及設備項目之所			
and equipment 得款項		-	120
Proceeds from disposal of items of right-of-use assets 出售使用權資產項目之所得款項		-	841
Proceeds from disposal of other intangible assets 出售其他無形資產之所得款項		-	163
Deemed disposal of subsidiaries 視作出售附屬公司	32	(1,561)	-
Subscription of shares in a joint venture 認購一間合營企業之股份		-	(11,250)
Investment in an associate 於一間聯營公司之投資		(500)	(500)
Increase in prepayments and deposits 預付款項及按金增加		-	(21,976)
Net cash flows from/(used in) investing activities 投資活動所得/(所用)之現金流			
量淨額			



## **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

**综合現金流量表** Year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

			2021	2020
			二零二一年	二零二零年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動所得之現金流量			
Net (decrease)/increase in import and	進口及信託收據貸款			
trust receipt loans	(減少)/增加淨額		(102,298)	31,186
Interest paid	已付利息	7	(794)	(3,492)
Interest portion of lease payments	租賃付款利息部分		(99)	(193)
Principal portion of lease payments	租賃付款本金部分		(2,836)	(2,549)
Dividend paid	已付股息		(31,803)	(18,173)
Net cash flows (used in)/from financing activities	融資活動所得/(所用)之			
	現金流量淨額		(137,830)	6,779
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	現金及等同現金項目			
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	增加/(減少)淨額		34,990	(16,944)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	年初之現金及等同現金項目		87.747	105,989
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net	匯率變動之影響,淨額		1,561	(1,298)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	年終之現金及等同現金項目			
AT END OF YEAR			124,298	87,747
ANALYSIS OF BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH	現金及等同現金項目結餘之分析			
EQUIVALENTS	<u>が並及すらが並及日祖跡とり1</u> 1			
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the	綜合財務狀況表及			
consolidated statement of financial position	綜合現金流量表所載之			
and in the consolidated statement of cash flows	現金及等同現金項目	23	124,298	87,747



綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2021 二零二一年三月三十一日

#### 1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION

AV Concept Holdings Limited (the "Company") is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands. The registered office address of the Company is P.O. Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104 Cayman Islands and its principal place of business is located at 6th Floor, Enterprise Square Three, 39 Wang Chiu Road, Kowloon Bay, Hong Kong.

During the year, the Group was engaged in the following principal activities:

- Marketing and distribution of electronic components;
- Design, development and sale of consumer products and product sourcing services; and
- Venture capital investment

#### Information about subsidiaries

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are as follows:

#### 1. 公司及集團資料

AV Concept Holdings Limited (「本公司」)為於 開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司。本公司之註 冊辦事處地址為P.O. Box 309, Ugland House, GrandCayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands,而 其主要營業地點則位於香港九龍灣宏照道39號 企業廣場三期6樓。

年內,本集團從事以下主要業務:

- 電子元件之市場推廣及分銷;
- 消費類產品之設計、開發及銷售以及產品 採購業務;及
- 創業投資

#### 有關附屬公司之資料

本公司之主要附屬公司詳情如下:

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation and business 註冊成立及營業地點	lssued/ registered share capital 已發行∕註冊股本	Percentag equity attrib to the Com 本公司應佔股 <sup>2</sup>	utable pany	Principal activities 主要業務
			Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	
AV Concept Limited 先思行有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元 HK\$1,000,000 <sup>®</sup> 1,000,000港元 <sup>®</sup>	_	100	Investment holding 投資控股
AV Concept Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Singapore 新加坡	SGD4,000,000 4,000,000坡元	_	100	Trading of electronic components 買賣電子元件
AV Electronics Group Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	US\$40,000 40,000美元	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
E-GoGo Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	-	100	Trading of consumer products and investment holding 買賣消費產品及投資控 股
Signeo Design International Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK <b>\$</b> 100 100港元	-	100	Design, development and sale of electronic products 設計、開發及銷售電子 產品



综合財務報表附註 31 March 2021 \_零\_-年三月三十一日

## 1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (continued)

#### 1. 公司及集團資料(續)

Information about subsidiaries (continued)

#### 有關附屬公司之資料(續)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation and business 註冊成立及營業地點	lssued/ registered share capital 已發行/註冊股本	Percentag equity attrib to the Com 本公司應佔股 <sup>2</sup>	utable pany <sup>、</sup> 百分比	Principal activities 主要業務
			Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	
AVC Technology (International) Limited 先思科技(國際)有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	-	100	Trading of electronic components and consumer products 買賣電子元件及消費產 品
New Concept Capital Limited ("New Concept") <sup>#</sup>	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	US\$1 1美元	100	-	Investment holding and venture capital investment 投資控股及創業投資
Whizoo Media Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	-	100	Internet social media business and online advertising 互聯網社交媒體業務及 線上廣告

Represents deferred shares issued by AV Concept Limited

# New Concept is a venture capital organisation

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

指先思行有限公司發行之遞延股份

New Concept 為一間創投組織

上表列示董事認為對本年度業績構成主要影響 或組成本集團資產淨值主要部分之本公司附屬 公司。董事認為,如列出其他附屬公司之詳 情,會導致篇幅過於冗長。



綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2021 二零二一年三月三十一日

#### 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and investment properties which have been measured at fair value. These consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

#### **Basis of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2021. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

When the Company has, directly or indirectly, less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (c) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent of the Group and to the noncontrolling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

#### 2.1 編製基準

本綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會頒佈之 香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(包括 所有香港財務報告準則、香港會計準則(「香港 會計準則」)及詮釋)、香港公認會計原則及香港 公司條例之披露規定編製。除透過損益按公平 價值列賬之金融資產及按公平價值計量之投資 物業外,本綜合財務報表乃按歷史成本慣例編 製。本綜合財務報表乃以港元(「港元」)呈列, 而除另有説明者外,所有價值乃取捨至最接近 之千位數。

#### 綜合賬目基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司(統稱 「本集團」)截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度 之財務報表。附屬公司為本公司直接或間接控 制之實體(包括結構性實體)。當本集團就參與 被投資企業營運承擔或有權獲得可變回報及能 對被投資企業行使權力(即本集團獲賦予現有能 力以主導被投資企業相關活動之既存權利)影響 該等回報時,即取得控制權。

當本公司直接或間接擁有少於被投資企業大多 數投票權或類似權利時,本集團於評估其是否 擁有對被投資企業之權力時會考慮一切相關事 實及情況,包括:

- (a) 與被投資企業其他投票權持有人之合約安 排:
- (b) 其他合約安排所產生之權利;及
- (c) 本集團之投票權及潛在投票權。

附屬公司與本公司之財務報表之報告期間相 同,並採用一致之會計政策編製。附屬公司之 業績由本集團取得控制權之日起綜合入賬,並 持續綜合入賬,直至該控制權終止之日為止。

損益及其他全面收入各個部分會歸於本集團母 公司擁有人及非控股權益,即使此舉會導致非 控股權益出現虧絀結餘亦然。與本集團成員 公司間進行之交易有關之所有集團內資產及負 債、權益、收入、開支及現金流量於綜合賬目 時全數抵銷。

#### 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

#### **Basis of consolidation** (continued)

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described above. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognises (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

## 2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

The Group has adopted the *Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting 2018* and the following revised HKFRSs for the first time for the current year's consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to HKFRS 3	Definition of a Business
Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39 and HKFRS 7	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform
Amendment to HKFRS 16	<i>Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions</i> (early adopted)
Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8	Definition of Material

#### **2.1 編製基準**(續) 綜合賬目基準(續)

倘有事實及情況顯示上述三個控制權元素中一 項或以上出現變動,則本集團會重新評估其是 否控制被投資企業。於一間附屬公司之擁有權 權益變動如並無導致喪失控制權,則入賬列為 權益交易。

综合財務報表附註

倘本集團喪失對附屬公司之控制權,則會終止 確認(i)該附屬公司之資產(包括商譽)及負債、 (ii)任何非控股權益之賬面金額及(iii)於權益內記 錄之累計換算差額;並確認(i)已收代價之公平 價值、(ii)所保留任何投資之公平價值及(iii)損益 內任何因此產生之盈餘或虧絀。先前於其他全 面收入內確認之本集團應佔部分按本集團直接 出售相關資產或負債時須採用之基準,重新分 類至損益或保留溢利(如適用)。

#### 2.2 會計政策及披露之變動

本集團在本年度綜合財務報表中首次採納二零 一八年度財務報告的概念框架及以下經修訂香 港財務報告準則。

香港財務報告準則第3號 (修訂本)	業務之定義
香港財務報告準則第9號、 香港會計準則第39號及 香港財務報告準則第7號 (修訂本)	利率基準改革
香港財務報告準則第16號 (修訂本)	<i>與新型冠狀病毒疫 情相關之租金減 免</i> (提早採納)
香港會計準則第1號及香港 會計準則第8號(修訂本)	重大之定義



**综合財務報表附註** 

## 2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (continued)

The nature and the impact of the *Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting 2018* and the revised HKFRSs are described below:

- Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting 2018 (the (a) "Conceptual Framework") sets out a comprehensive set of concepts for financial reporting and standard setting, and provides guidance for preparers of financial statements in developing consistent accounting policies and assistance to all parties to understand and interpret the standards. The Conceptual Framework includes new chapters on measurement and reporting financial performance, new guidance on the derecognition of assets and liabilities, and updated definitions and recognition criteria for assets and liabilities. It also clarifies the roles of stewardship, prudence and measurement uncertainty in financial reporting. The Conceptual Framework is not a standard, and none of the concepts contained therein override the concepts or requirements in any standard. The Conceptual Framework did not have any significant impact on the financial position and performance of the Group.
- (b) Amendments to HKFRS 3 clarify and provide additional guidance on the definition of a business. The amendments clarify that for an integrated set of activities and assets to be considered a business, it must include, at a minimum, an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create output. A business can exist without including all of the inputs and processes needed to create outputs. The amendments remove the assessment of whether market participants are capable of acquiring the business and continue to produce outputs. Instead, the focus is on whether acquired inputs and acquired substantive processes together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs. The amendments have also narrowed the definition of outputs to focus on goods or services provided to customers, investment income or other income from ordinary activities. Furthermore, the amendments provide guidance to assess whether an acquired process is substantive and introduce an optional fair value concentration test to permit a simplified assessment of whether an acquired set of activities and assets is not a business. The Group has applied the amendments prospectively to transactions or other events that occurred on or after 1 April 2020. The amendments did not have any impact on the financial position and performance of the Group.

#### 2.2 會計政策及披露之變動(續)

*二零一八年度財務報告的概念框架*及經修訂香 港財務報告準則的性質及影響於下文概述:

- (a) 二零一八年度財務報告的概念框架(「概念 框架」)載列有關財務報告及標準制定的整 套概念,且提供指引以供財務報表編製者 制定一致的會計政策,並提供協助予各方 以理解及詮釋準則。概念框架包含有關計 量及報告財務表現的新章節、有關撤銷確 認資產及負債的新指引,以及資產及負債 的更新定義及確認標準。其亦澄清監管、 審慎及計量不確定性於財務報告之作用。 概念框架並非一項準則,且其中包含的概 念概無凌駕任何準則的概念或規定。概念 框架並無對本集團的財務狀況及表現造成 任何重大影響。
- (b) 香港財務報告準則第3號(修訂本)澄清及 提供有關業務定義之額外指引。該等修訂 澄清,一組綜合活動及資產須至少包括一 項輸入參數與一個重要過程共同對創造收 益之能力作出重大貢獻,方能被視為一項 業務。在並未包含所有創造收益之輸入參 數及過程之情況下,業務亦可存在。該等 修訂本取消對市場參與者是否具備能力收 購業務及持續產生收益進行之評估,相 反,重點放在已取得輸入參數及已取得重 要過程能否共同對創造收益之能力作出重 大貢獻。該等修訂本亦收窄收益之定義, 聚焦向客戶提供之貨品或服務、投資收入 或來自日常活動之其他收入。此外,該等 修訂本提供有關評估已取得過程是否屬重 大之指引, 並引入選擇性公平價值集中度 測試,允許對一組已收購活動及資產是否 屬一項業務進行簡單評估。本集團已針對 於二零二零年四月一日或之後發生之交易 或其他事件,按前瞻基準應用該等修訂 本。該等修訂本並無對本集團的財務狀況 及表現造成任何影響。

#### 2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND **DISCLOSURES** (continued)

- Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39 and HKFRS 7 address issues (c) affecting financial reporting in the period before the replacement of an existing interest rate benchmark with an alternative riskfree rate ("RFR"). The amendments provide temporary reliefs which enable hedge accounting to continue during the period of uncertainty before the introduction of the alternative RFR. In addition, the amendments require companies to provide additional information to investors about their hedging relationships which are directly affected by these uncertainties. The amendments did not have any impact on the financial position and performance of the Group as the Group does not have any interest rate hedging relationships.
- (d) Amendment to HKFRS 16 provides a practical expedient for lessees to elect not to apply lease modification accounting for rent concessions arising as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic. The practical expedient applies only to rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic and only if (i) the change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change; (ii) any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2021; and (iii) there is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease. The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 June 2020 with earlier application permitted and shall be applied retrospectively. The amendment did not have any impact on the financial position and performance of the Group.
- (e) Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8 provide a new definition of material. The new definition states that information is material if omitting, misstating or obscuring it could reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements. The amendments clarify that materiality will depend on the nature or magnitude of information, or both. The amendments did not have any significant impact on the financial position and performance of the Group.

#### 2.2 會計政策及披露之變動(續)

香港財務報告準則第9號、香港會計準則 (c) 第39號及香港財務報告準則第7號(修訂 本)旨在解決現有利率基準被另一無風險 利率(「無風險利率」)取代之前,影響該期 間的財務報告之問題。該等修訂本提供一 些暫時性補救措施,使能夠在引入其他無 風險利率之前的一段不確定之期限內,繼 續進行對沖會計處理。此外,該等修訂本 要求各公司須就其直接受該等不確定事項 影響之對沖關係向投資者提供額外資料。 由於本集團並無任何利率對沖關係,故該 等修訂本並無對本集團的財務狀況及表現 造成任何影響。

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- 年 = 日 = +

- (d) 香港財務報告準則第16號(修訂本)為承 租人提供實際權宜方法,讓承租人選擇不 就由新型冠狀病毒疫情所直接引致的租金 減免應用租賃修改會計處理。實際權宜方 法僅適用於由新型冠狀病毒疫情所直接引 致的租金减免,且僅在(i)租賃付款的變動 會導致修訂後的租賃代價較緊接租賃付款 變動前的租賃代價大致不變或減少;(ii)任 何租賃付款的減少僅影響原先於二零二一 年六月三十日或之前到期的付款;及(iii) 租賃的其他條款及條件並無實質變動時, 方可適用。該修訂本於二零二零年六月一 日或之後開始的年度期間生效,並允許提 早應用及將予追溯應用。該等修訂本並無 對本集團的財務狀況及表現造成任何影 響。
- (e) 香港會計準則第1號及香港會計準則第8 號(修訂本)為重大一詞提供新定義。新定 義指出,倘省略、錯誤陳述或隱蔽某項資 料,可合理預期對一般用途的財務報表之 主要使用者以該等財務報表為基礎所作出 的決策造成影響,該資料即屬重大。該等 修訂本釐清重大性將取決於資料的性質或 程度, 或同時取決於性質及程度兩者。 該等修訂本並無對本集團的財務狀況及表 現造成任何重大影響。



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#### 2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

The Group has not applied the following new and revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to HKFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual	香港財務報告準則第3號	引用概念框架3
Amendments to fixing 5	Framework <sup>3</sup>	(修訂本)	11.77%%%%%
Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, HKFRS 7 HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16	<i>Interest Rate Benchmark</i> 4 <i>Reform - Phase 2</i> <sup>1</sup>	香港財務報告準則第9 號、香港會計準則第 39號、香港財務報告 準則第7號、香港財務 報告準則第4號及香港 財務報告準則第16號 (修訂本)	<i>利率基準改革-第2階段</i> 1
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (2011)	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture <sup>5</sup>	香港財務報告準則第10號 及香港會計準則第28 號(二零一一年)(修訂 本)	投資者與其聯營或合營公司之 間之資產出售或注資 <sup>5</sup>
HKFRS 17	Insurance Contracts <sup>4</sup>	香港財務報告準則第17號	保險合約4
Amendments to HKFRS 17	Insurance Contracts <sup>4, 7</sup>	香港財務報告準則第17號 (修訂本)	保險合約4.7
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current <sup>4, 6</sup>	香港會計準則第1號 (修訂本)	將負債分類為流動或非流動4、6
Amendments to HKAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use <sup>3</sup>	香港會計準則第16號 (修訂本)	物業、廠房及設備:用作擬定 用途前之所得款項 <sup>3</sup>
Amendment to HKFRS 16	<i>Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions</i> <i>beyond 30 June 2021</i> <sup>2</sup>	香港會計準則第16號 (修訂本)	二零二一年六月三十日之後的 新型冠狀病毒疫情相關租金 減免 <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 37	Onerous Contracts - Cost of Fulfilling a Contract <sup>3</sup>	香港會計準則第 <b>37</b> 號 (修訂本)	虧損合約-履行合約之成本3
Amendments to HKAS 1	Disclosure of Accounting Policies <sup>4</sup>	香港會計準則第1號 (修訂本)	披露會計政策4
Amendments to HKAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates <sup>4</sup>	香港會計準則第8號 (修訂本)	會計估計之定義4
Amendments to HKAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction⁴	香港會計準則第12號 (修訂本)	與單一交易產生之資產和負債 有關之遞延税項4
Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018-2020	Amendments to HKFRS 1, HKFRS 9, Illustrative Examples accompanying HKFRS 16, and HKAS 41 <sup>3</sup>	二零一八年至二零二零年 之 <i>年度改進</i>	香港財務報告準則第1號、香港 財務報告準則第9號、香港 財務報告準則第16號隨附之 闡釋範例及香港會計準則第 41號(修訂本) <sup>3</sup>

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告

本集團並無於該等綜合財務報表應用下列已頒

佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準

準則

則。

#### 2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021
- <sup>2</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2021
- <sup>3</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022
- <sup>4</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023
- <sup>5</sup> No mandatory effective date yet determined but available for adoption
- <sup>6</sup> As a consequence of the amendments to HKAS 1, Hong Kong Interpretation 5 Presentation of Financial Statements - Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause was revised in October 2020 to align the corresponding wording with no change in conclusion
- <sup>7</sup> As a consequence of the amendments to HKFRS 17 issued in October 2020, HKFRS 4 was amended to extend the temporary exemption that permits insurers to apply HKAS 39 rather than HKFRS 9 for annual periods beginning before 1 January 2023

Further information about those HKFRSs that are expected to be applicable to the Group is described below.

Amendments to HKFRS 3 are intended to replace a reference to the previous Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements with a reference to the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting issued in June 2018 without significantly changing its requirements. The amendments also add to HKFRS 3 an exception to its recognition principle for an entity to refer to the Conceptual Framework to determine what constitutes an asset or a liability. The exception specifies that, for liabilities and contingent liabilities that would be within the scope of HKAS 37 or HK(IFRIC)-Int 21 if they were incurred separately rather than assumed in a business combination. an entity applying HKFRS 3 should refer to HKAS 37 or HK(IFRIC)-Int 21 respectively instead of the Conceptual Framework. Furthermore, the amendments clarify that contingent assets do not qualify for recognition at the acquisition date. The Group expects to adopt the amendments prospectively from 1 April 2022. Since the amendments apply prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the date of first application, the Group will not be affected by these amendments on the date of transition.

#### 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告 準則(續)

於二零二一年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生

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- 效 於二零二一年四月一日或之後開始之年度期間生
- 效
- 3 於二零二二年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生 效
- 4 於二零二三年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生
- 5 尚未確定強制生效日期,但可供採納

效

- 6 隨著頒佈香港會計準則第1號(修訂本),香港詮釋 第5號財務報表之呈報一借款人對載有按要求償還 條款之定期貸款進行分類於二零二零年十月已予 修訂,以在不改變結論之情況下保持措詞一致
- 7 隨著香港財務報告準則第17號(修訂本)於二零二 零年十月頒佈,香港財務報告準則第4號已予修 訂,以延長允許承保人應用香港會計準則第39號 而非香港財務報告準則第9號之暫時性豁免至二零 二三年一月一日之前開始之年度期間

預期適用於本集團之香港財務報告準則之進一 步資料闡述如下。

香港財務報告準則第3號(修訂本)旨在以二零 一八年六月頒佈的財務報告的概念框架取代以 往*對財務報表編製及呈列框架的提述*,而毋須 大幅改變當中的規定。該等修訂本亦就香港財 務報告準則第3號有關實體引用概念框架以釐定 構成資產或負債之項目的確認原則增設一項例 外情況。該例外情況規定,對於可能屬於香港 會計準則第37號或香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員 會)-詮釋第21號範圍內的負債及或然負債而 言,倘該等負債屬單獨產生而非於業務合併中 產生,則原本應用香港財務報告準則第3號的實 體應當分別引用香港會計準則第37號或香港(國 際財務報告詮釋委員會)-詮釋第21號,而非概 念框架。此外,該等修訂本澄清,或然資產不 符合於收購日期確認的條件。本集團預計自二 零二二年四月一日起按前瞻基準採納該等修訂 本。由於按前瞻基準對收購日期為首次應用日 期或之後的業務合併應用該等修訂本,故本集 團於過渡日期將不會受該等修訂本的影響。



综合財務報表附註

#### 2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16 address issues not dealt with in the previous amendments which affect financial reporting when an existing interest rate benchmark is replaced with an alternative RFR. The Phase 2 amendments provide a practical expedient to allow the effective interest rate to be updated without adjusting the carrying amount when accounting for changes in the basis for determining the contractual cash flows of financial assets and liabilities, if the change is a direct consequence of the interest rate benchmark reform and the new basis for determining the contractual cash flows is economically equivalent to the previous basis immediately preceding the change. In addition, the amendments permit changes required by the interest rate benchmark reform to be made to hedge designations and hedge documentation without the hedging relationship being discontinued. Any gains or losses that could arise on transition are dealt with through the normal requirements of HKFRS 9 to measure and recognise hedge ineffectiveness. The amendments also provide a temporary relief to entities from having to meet the separately identifiable requirement when an RFR is designated as a risk component. The relief allows an entity, upon designation of the hedge, to assume that the separately identifiable requirement is met, provided the entity reasonably expects the RFR risk component to become separately identifiable within the next 24 months. Furthermore, the amendments require an entity to disclose additional information to enable users of financial statements to understand the effect of interest rate benchmark reform on an entity's financial instruments and risk management strategy. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021 and shall be applied retrospectively, but entities are not required to restate the comparative information. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (2011) address an inconsistency between the requirements in HKFRS 10 and in HKAS 28 (2011) in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. The amendments require a full recognition of a gain or loss when the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture constitutes a business. For a transaction involving assets that do not constitute a business, a gain or loss resulting from the transaction is recognised in the investor's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investor's interest in that associate or joint venture. The amendments are to be applied prospectively. The previous mandatory effective date of amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (2011) was removed by the HKICPA in January 2016 and a new mandatory effective date will be determined after the completion of a broader review of accounting for associates and joint ventures. However, the amendments are available for adoption now.

#### 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告 準則(<sub>續</sub>)

香港財務報告準則第9號、香港會計準則第39 號、香港財務報告準則第7號、香港財務報告準 則第4號及香港財務報告準則第16號(修訂本) 旨在解決現有利率基準被另一無風險利率取代 時,於過往修訂本中未有處理且影響財務報告 的問題。該等第2階段修訂本提供實際權宜方 法,容許於對金融資產及負債之合約現金流量 釐定基準的變動進行會計處理時,可更新實際 利率但毋須調整賬面值,前提是該變動須為基 於利率基準改革而直接引致,且釐定合約現金 流量的新基準在經濟上等同緊接該變動前的先 前基準。此外,該等修訂本允許利率基準改革 所規定的變更,在不中斷對沖關係的情況下, 應用於對沖關係的指定及記錄。過渡期間可能 產生的任何收益或虧損均通過香港財務報告準 則第9號的一般規定處理,以計量及確認對沖 的無效性。倘無風險利率被指定為風險組成部 分,該等修訂本亦暫時寬免實體必須滿足可單 獨識別的要求。有關寬免允許實體在可合理預 期無風險利率的風險組成部分於未來24個月內 將變得可單獨識別時,於對沖關係獲指定後, 假定其已滿足可單獨識別之規定。此外,該等 修訂本亦規定實體須披露額外資料,以使財務 報表的使用者能夠了解利率基準改革對實體的 金融工具及風險管理策略的影響。該等修訂本 於二零二一年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間 生效,並將予追溯應用,但實體毋須重列比較 資料。預期該等修訂本將不會對本集團綜合財 務報表造成任何重大影響。

香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第28 號(二零一一年)(修訂本)處理香港財務報告準 則第10號與香港會計準則第28號(二零一一年) 兩者有關投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業間之 資產出售或注入處理之規定之不一致情況。該 等修訂本規定,當投資者與其聯營公司或合營 企業間之資產出售或注入構成一項業務時,須 確認全數收益或虧損。倘交易涉及不構成一項 業務之資產,則該交易所產生之收益或虧損於 該投資者之損益內確認,惟僅以不相關投資者 於該聯營公司或合營企業之權益為限。該等修 訂本將按未來適用法應用。香港會計師公會於 二零一六年一月取消香港財務報告準則第10號 及香港會計準則第28號(二零一一年)(修訂本) 先前之強制生效日期,並將於完成對聯營公司 及合營企業會計處理之更廣泛檢討後釐定新強 制生效日期。然而,該等修訂本現時乃可供採 納。

#### 2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

Amendments to HKAS 1 clarify the requirements for classifying liabilities as current or non-current. The amendments specify that if an entity's right to defer settlement of a liability is subject to the entity complying with specified conditions, the entity has a right to defer settlement of the liability at the end of the reporting period if it complies with those conditions at that date. Classification of a liability is unaffected by the likelihood that the entity will exercise its right to defer settlement of the liability. The amendments also clarify the situations that are considered a settlement of a liability. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and shall be applied retrospectively. Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to HKAS 16 prohibit an entity from deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment any proceeds from selling items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, an entity recognises the proceeds from selling any such items, and the cost of those items, in profit or loss. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 and shall be applied retrospectively only to items of property, plant and equipment made available for use on or after the beginning of the earliest period presented in the consolidated financial statements in which the entity first applies the amendments. Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to HKAS 37 clarify that for the purpose of assessing whether a contract is onerous under HKAS 37, the cost of fulfilling the contract comprises the costs that relate directly to the contract. Costs that relate directly to a contract include both the incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (e.g., direct labour and materials) and an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling that contract (e.g., an allocation of the depreciation charge for an item of property, plant and equipment used in fulfilling the contract as well as contract management and supervision costs). General and administrative costs do not relate directly to a contract and are excluded unless they are explicitly chargeable to the counterparty under the contract. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 and shall be applied to contracts for which an entity has not yet fulfilled all its obligations at the beginning of the annual reporting period in which it first applies the amendments. Earlier application is permitted. Any cumulative effect of initially applying the amendments shall be recognised as an adjustment to the opening equity at the date of initial application without restating the comparative information. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

#### 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告 準則(<sub>續</sub>)

综合財務報表附註

香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)澄清將負債分類為 流動或非流動的規定。該等修訂本訂明,倘實 體延遲償還負債的權利取決於實體符合特定條 件,則只要該實體於報告期末符合條件,其於 該日將有權延遲償還負債。實體行使其延遲償 還負債權利的可能性高低,不會影響負債的分 類。該等修訂本於二零二三年一月一日或之 後開始之年度期間生效,並將追溯應用。該等 修訂本獲允許提早應用。預期該等修訂本將不 會對本集團綜合財務報表造成任何重大影響。

香港會計準則第16號(修訂本)禁止實體從物 業、廠房及設備項目的成本中,扣除任何出售 項目(讓該資產達到管理層預定可運作的位置 及狀態的過程中產生)所得款項。相反,實體 必須將任何出售該等項目的所得款項及該等項 目的成本於損益確認。該等修訂本於二零二二 年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效,並只 會對於實體首次採用該等修訂本且於綜合財務 報表呈列的最早期間開始時或之後可供使用的 物業、廠房及設備項目追溯應用。允許提早應 用。預期該等修訂本將不會對本集團綜合財務 報表造成任何重大影響。

香港會計準則第37號(修訂本)澄清,就評估合 約根據香港會計準則第37號是否屬虧損合約而 言,履行合約的成本包括與合約直接相關的成 本。與合約直接相關的成本包括就履行該合約 所需的增量成本(例如直接勞工及材料)及與履 行該合約直接相關的其他成本的分攤(例如履行 合約所用物業、廠房及設備項目的折舊費用分 攤以及合約管理及監管成本)。一般及行政成 本與合約並無直接關連,除非按合約明確向對 手方收取,否則不會包括在內。該等修訂本於 二零二二年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生 效,並將應用於實體首次應用該等修訂本的年 度報告期間開始時實體尚未履行其所有責任的 合約,且允許提早應用。首次應用該等修訂本 的任何累計影響將確認為對首次應用日期之期 初權益的調整,而毋須重列比較資料。預期該 等修訂本將不會對本集團綜合財務報表造成任 何重大影響。



综合財務報表附註

#### 2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018-2020 sets out amendments to HKFRS 1, HKFRS 9, Illustrative Examples accompanying HKFRS 16, and HKAS 41. Details of the amendments that are expected to be applicable to the Group are as follows:

- HKFRS 9 *Financial Instruments*: clarifies the fees that an entity includes when assessing whether the terms of a new or modified financial liability are substantially different from the terms of the original financial liability. These fees include only those paid or received between the borrower and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the borrower or lender on the other's behalf. An entity applies the amendment to financial liabilities that are modified or exchanged on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period in which the entity first applies the amendment. The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. Earlier application is permitted. The amendment is not expected to have a significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.
- HKFRS 16 *Leases*: removes the illustration of payments from the lessor relating to leasehold improvements in Illustrative Example 13 accompanying HKFRS 16. This removes potential confusion regarding the treatment of lease incentives when applying HKFRS 16.

#### 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告 準則(<sub>續</sub>)

二零一八年至二零二零年之年度改進載列香港 財務報告準則第1號、香港財務報告準則第9 號、香港財務報告準則第16號隨附之闡釋範例 以及香港會計準則第41號(修訂本)。預期本集 團所適用之修訂本詳情如下:

- 香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具:澄清 在評估一項新訂或經修訂金融負債之條款 是否顯著不同於原始金融負債之條款時實 體所計入之費用。該等費用僅包括借款人 與貸款人之間已支付或已收取之費用,其 中包括借款人或貸款人代表另一方支付或 收取之費用。實體對其首次應用該修訂本 的年度報告期間開始時或之後修改或交換 之金融負債應用該修訂本。該修訂本於二 零二二年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間 生效,並允許提早應用。預期該修訂本將 不會對本集團綜合財務報表造成重大影 響。
- 香港財務報告準則第16號租賃:移除於 香港財務報告準則第16號隨附之第13項 闡釋範例中有關出租人就租賃物業裝修作 出之付款説明。此舉消除了應用香港財務 報告準則第16號時在處理租賃優惠方面 之潛在混淆。



綜合財務報表附註

31 March 2021 二零二一年三月三十一日

#### 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Investments in associates and joint ventures

An associate is an entity in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it is in a position to exercise significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint venture. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The Group's investments in associates and joint ventures are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses. The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures is included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, respectively. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate or joint venture, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates or joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's investments in the associates or joint ventures, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Goodwill arising from the acquisition of associates or joint ventures is included as part of the Group's investments in associates or joint ventures.

If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or vice versa, the retained interest is not remeasured. Instead, the investment continues to be accounted for under the equity method. In all other cases, upon loss of significant influence over the associate or joint control over the joint venture, the Group measures and recognises any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate or joint venture upon loss of significant influence or joint control and the fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognised in profit or loss.

#### 2.4 主要會計政策摘要

#### 於聯營公司及合營企業之投資

聯營公司為本集團於其中擁有一般不少於20% 股份投票權之長期權益,並能對其行使重大影 響力之實體。重大影響力指有權參與被投資企 業之財務及營運政策決定,但非對該等政策擁 有控制權或共同控制權。

合營企業為一種合營安排,據此對安排擁有共 同控制權之訂約方對合營企業之淨資產享有權 利。共同控制權指按合約協定共享對安排之控 制權,僅於與相關活動有關之決策規定共享控 制權之訂約方須一致同意時存在。

本集團於聯營公司及合營企業之投資於綜合財 務狀況表內以權益會計法按本集團應佔資產淨 值扣減任何減值虧損列賬。本集團應佔聯營公 司及合營企業之收購後業績及其他全面收入分 別列入綜合損益表及綜合全面收益報表。此 外,當有變動直接於聯營公司或合營企業之離 益內確認時,本集團於綜合權益變動表內確認 其分佔之任何變動(倘適用)。本集團與其聯營 公司或合營企業之間的交易所產生之未變現收 資為限予以撇銷,惟未變現虧損證實所轉讓 產出現減值除外。收購聯營公司或合營企業投 資之一部分入賬。

倘於一間聯營公司之投資變成於一間合營企 業之投資(反之亦然),則不會重新計量保留權 益。相反,投資會繼續按權益法入賬。在所有 其他情況下,於喪失對聯營公司之重大影響力 或合營企業之共同控制權時,本集團按公平價 值計量及確認任何保留投資。於喪失重大影響 力或共同控制權時聯營公司或合營企業之賬面 金額與保留投資之公平價值及出售所得款項之 間的任何差額於損益內確認。



综合財務報表附註

#### 31 March 2021 二零二一年三月三十一日

#### 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Business combinations and goodwill**

Business combinations and goodwill are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred is measured at the acquisition date fair value which is the sum of the acquisition date fair values of assets transferred by the Group, liabilities assumed by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of net assets in the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

The Group determines that it has acquired a business when the acquired set of activities and assets includes an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts of the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the previously held equity interest is remeasured at its acquisition date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability is measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured and subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount recognised for noncontrolling interests and any fair value of the Group's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the identifiable net assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the sum of this consideration and other items is lower than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is, after reassessment, recognised in profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase.

#### 2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

#### 業務合併及商譽

業務合併及商譽乃採用收購法入賬。轉讓之代 價按收購日期公平價值計量,該公平價值乃本 集團轉讓之資產、本集團向被收購方之前擁有 人承擔之負債及本集團為換取被收購方之控 權所發行之股本權益於收購日期之公平價值總 和。就每宗業務合併而言,本集團選擇按公平 價值或按應佔被收購方可識別資產淨值之比例 計量於被收購方之非控股權益,該權益為現時 按例分佔資產淨值。非控股權益之一切其他成 份均以公平價值計量。收購相關成本於產生時 支銷。

當所收購的一組活動及資產包括共同對創造產 出之能力有顯著貢獻的輸入及實質性過程時, 本集團確定其已收購業務。

本集團收購業務時會根據合約條款、於收購日 期之經濟情況及相關條件,評估將承接之金融 資產及所承擔之金融負債,以作出適當之分類 及指定。這包括自被收購方之主合約分拆嵌入 式衍生工具。

倘業務合併乃分階段達成,則先前持有之股本 權益按其收購日期公平價值重新計量,因此產 生之任何盈虧於損益內確認。

收購方將轉讓之任何或然代價於收購日期按公 平價值確認。歸入資產或負債類別之或然代價 按公平價值計量,其公平價值變動則於損益 內確認。歸入權益類別之或然代價毋須重新計 量,其後結算則於權益內入賬。

商譽初始按成本計量,而成本乃指已轉讓代 價、已確認非控股權益金額及本集團先前持有 之被收購方股本權益之任何公平價值總額超出 所收購可資識別資產淨值及所承擔負債之差 額。倘此代價及其他項目之總和低於所收購附 屬公司資產淨值之公平價值,則其差額經重新 評估後於損益內確認為議價收購之收益。

#### 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Business combinations and goodwill (continued)**

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. The Group performs its annual impairment test of goodwill as at 31 March. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on the disposal. Goodwill disposed of in these circumstances is measured based on the relative value of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

#### Fair value measurement

The Group measures its investment properties and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

#### 2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

#### 業務合併及商譽(續)

於初始確認後, 商譽按成本減任何累計減值虧 損計量。商譽須每年作減值測試, 倘發生事件 或情況變化顯示賬面值可能出現減值, 則會更 頻密地進行減值測試。本集團於三月三十一日 進行商譽之年度減值測試。就減值測試而言, 從業務合併獲得之商譽自收購日期起分配至本 集團之各現金產生單位或現金產生單位組別, 該等單位或單位組別預期將受惠於合併之協同 效益, 而不論本集團其他資產或負債是否已分 配至該等單位或單位組別。

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減值乃透過評估與商譽有關之現金產生單位(或 現金產生單位組別)之可收回金額釐定。倘現金 產生單位(或現金產生單位組別)之可收回金額 少於其賬面金額,則確認減值虧損。已確認之 商譽減值虧損不會於其後期間撥回。

倘商譽獲分配至某個現金產生單位(或現金產生 單位組別),而該單位之部分業務已出售,則在 釐定所出售業務之盈虧時,與所出售業務相關 之商譽會計入該業務之賬面金額。在此等情況 下出售之商譽乃根據所出售業務之相關價值及 現金產生單位之保留部分計量。

#### 公平價值計量

本集團於各報告期間結束時按公平價值計量其 投資物業及透過損益按公平價值列賬之金融資 產。公平價值為市場參與者之間於計量日期進 行之有序交易中,出售資產所收取或轉讓負債 所支付之價格。公平價值計量乃基於假設出售 資產或轉讓負債之交易在該資產或負債之主要 市場(或在不存在主要市場之情況下,則在對該 資產或負債最有利之市場)進行而作出。該主要 或最有利之市場須為本集團可進入之市場。資 產或負債之公平價值乃採用市場參與者為資產 或負債定價時所用之假設計量,即假設市場參 與者按其最佳經濟利益行事。

非金融資產之公平價值計量計及市場參與者透 過以最大限度使用該資產及達致最佳用途,或 透過將該資產出售予能夠以最大限度使用該資 產及達致最佳用途之另一名市場參與者而產生 經濟利益之能力。



**综合財務報表附註** 

## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Fair value measurement (continued)

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1	-	based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
Level 2	-	based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly

Level 3 – based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the consolidated financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

#### Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories, financial assets and investment properties), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cashgenerating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pretax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

#### 2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

#### 公平價值計量(續)

本集團採用在當前情況下適用並且有足夠可利 用數據支持之估值技術計量公平價值,以盡量 使用相關可觀察輸入數據及盡量避免使用不可 觀察輸入數據。

在綜合財務報表內計量或披露公平價值之所有 資產及負債,均根據對公平價值計量整體而言 具重要意義之最低層次輸入數據按下述公平價 值層級分類:

- 第一層 基於相同資產或負債在活躍市場 上之報價(未經調整)
- 第二層 基於對公平價值計量而言具有重 要意義之最低層次輸入數據乃直 接或間接可觀察之估值技術
- 第三層 基於對公平價值計量而言具有重 要意義之最低層次輸入數據乃不 可觀察之估值技術

就按經常性基準於綜合財務報表內確認之資產 及負債而言,本集團於各報告期間結束時透過 重新評估分類(基於對公平價值計量整體而言具 有重要意義之最低層次輸入數據)決定各層級之 間有否出現轉移。

#### 非金融資產之減值

倘有跡象顯示出現減值,或需就資產進行年度 減值測試(存貨、金融資產及投資物業除外), 則估計該資產之可收回金額。資產之可收回金 額按資產或現金產生單位之使用價值與其公平 價值減出售成本之較高者計算,並就個別資產 而釐定,除非有關資產未能在大致獨立於其他 資產或資產組合之情況下產生現金流入,則在 此情況下,可收回金額乃以資產所屬之現金產 生單位釐定。

減值虧損僅於資產賬面金額超出其可收回金額 時方予確認。評估使用價值時,估計未來現金 流量按可反映當時市場對貨幣時間價值及資 產特有風險之評估之除税前貼現率貼現至其現 值。減值虧損於產生期間自綜合損益表扣除。



#### 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Impairment of non-financial assets (continued)

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/ amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

#### **Related parties**

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

#### or

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
  - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
  - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
  - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
  - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;

#### 2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

#### 非金融資產之減值(續)

於各報告期間結束時均會評估是否有跡象顯示 先前確認之減值虧損不再存在或可能已減少。 倘出現該等跡象,則會估計可收回金額。先前 確認之資產(商譽除外)減值虧損僅於用以釐定 該資產可收回金額之估計出現變動時方會撥 回,惟撥回數額不得超過假設於過往年度並無 就有關資產確認減值虧損而予以釐定之賬面金 額(扣除任何折舊/攤銷)。撥回之減值虧損於 產生期間計入綜合損益表。

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#### 有關連人士

在下列情況下,一方將視為本集團之有關連人 士:

- (a) 一方為一名人士或該人士之近親,且該人 士
  - (i) 對本集團有控制權或共同控制權;
  - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響力;或
  - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司之主要管 理層成員;

#### 或

- (b) 一方為符合下列任何條件之實體:
  - (i) 該實體與本集團為同一集團之成員 公司;
  - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體(或另一實體 之母公司、附屬公司或同系附屬公 司)之聯營公司或合營企業;
  - (iii) 該實體與本集團為同一第三方之合營企業;
  - (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體之合營企
     業,而另一實體為該第三方實體之
     聯營公司;



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## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **POLICIES** (continued)

#### **Related parties** (continued)

- (continued) (b)
  - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group:
  - the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person (vi) identified in (a):
  - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
  - (viii) an entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

#### Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Freehold land and buildings	2% – 3%
Leasehold improvements	20% - 33 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>3</sub> %
Furniture, fittings and office equipment	20% - 33 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>3</sub> %
Motor vehicles	20%
Plant and machinery	20%

## 2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

### 有關連人士(續)

- (續) (b)
  - 該實體為本集團或與本集團有關連 (v) 之實體就僱員福利而設之離職後福 利計劃;
  - 該實體受(a)項所識別人士控制或共 (vi) 同控制;
  - (vii) (a)(i)項所識別人士對該實體有重大 影響力或屬該實體(或該實體之母 公司)主要管理層成員;及
  - (viii) 該實體或該實體所屬集團之任何成 員公司為本集團或本集團之母公司 提供主要管理人員服務。

#### 物業、廠房及設備及折舊

物業、廠房及設備乃按成本減累計折舊及任何 減值虧損列賬。物業、廠房及設備項目之成本 包括其購買價及促使有關資產達致其運作狀況 及運送至工作地點作擬定用途之任何直接應佔 成本。

物業、廠房及設備項目於投運後所產生之開支 (例如維修保養)一般於產生期間內自綜合損益 表扣除。在符合確認條件之情況下,主要檢查 之開支於資產賬面金額中資本化作為重置。倘 物業、廠房及設備之重要部分須不時重置,則 本集團確認該等部分為具有特定使用年限之個 別資產,並相應計提折舊。

折舊乃按每項物業、廠房及設備項目之估計可 使用年期,以直線法撇銷其成本至其剩餘價值 計算。就此所採用之主要年率如下:

永久業權土地及樓宇	2%至3%
租賃物業裝修	20%至33 <sup>1</sup> /₃%
傢俬、裝置及辦公室設備	20%至33 <sup>1</sup> /₃%
汽車	20%
廠房及機器	20%



### 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (continued)

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

#### **Investment properties**

Investment properties are interests in land and buildings (including the leasehold property held as a right-of-use assets which would otherwise meet the definition of an investment property) held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation, rather than for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes; or for sale in the ordinary course of business. Such properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the end of the reporting period.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the year in which they arise.

Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the year of the retirement or disposal.

#### Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is the fair value as at the date of acquisition. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are subsequently amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end.

## 2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

#### 物業、廠房及設備及折舊(續)

倘物業、廠房及設備項目之各部分具有不同之 可使用年期,則有關項目之成本將按合理基準 分配予各部分,而每部分將作個別折舊。剩餘 價值、可使用年期及折舊方法最少會於各財政 年度結束時檢討一次並作出調整(如適用)。

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物業、廠房及設備項目(包括初始確認之任何主 要部分)於出售時或預期日後使用或出售該項目 不再帶來經濟利益時終止確認。於終止確認資 產年度之綜合損益表內確認之出售或報廢所產 生之任何盈虧,為有關資產之出售所得款項淨 額與賬面金額之差額。

#### 投資物業

投資物業為持作賺取租金收入及/或資本增值 (而非用於生產或供應貨品或服務或用作行政用 途)或於日常業務中作為銷售用途之土地及樓宇 之權益(包括持作使用權資產之租賃土地就原先 符合投資物業定義之物業)。該等物業初始按成 本(包括交易成本)計量。於初始確認後,投資 物業按反映於報告期間結束時之市況之公平價 值列賬。

投資物業公平價值變動所產生之盈虧,於其產 生年度之綜合損益表內入賬。

報廢或出售投資物業之任何盈虧,於其報廢或 出售年度之綜合損益表內確認。

#### 無形資產(商譽除外)

個別收購之無形資產於初始確認時按成本計 量。在業務合併過程中收購無形資產之成本乃 收購當日之公平價值。無形資產之可使用年期 可評估為有限或無限。年期有限之無形資產其 後按可使用經濟年期攤銷,並於該無形資產可 能出現減值跡象時進行減值評估。可使用年期 有限之無形資產之攤銷期及攤銷方法須最少於 每個財政年度結束時檢討一次。



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## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Intangible assets (other than goodwill) (continued) Club memberships

The Group's club memberships are stated at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses, on an individual basis.

#### Trademarks and customer relationships

Trademarks and customer relationships are stated at cost less any impairment losses and are amortised on the straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of five years.

#### Mobile application

Mobile application is stated at cost less any impairment losses and is amortised on the straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of five years.

#### Leases

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

#### Group as a lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and rightof-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

#### (a) Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are recognised at the commencement date of the lease (that is the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-ofuse assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Land	50 years
Buildings	2 to 3 years
Motor vehicles	5 years

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Group by the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful lives of the asset.

## 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告 準則(續)

#### 無形資產(商譽除外)(續) 會籍

本集團之會籍根據個別基準按成本減任何累計 攤銷及任何累計減值虧損列賬。

#### 商標及客戶關係

商標及客戶關係按成本減任何減值虧損列賬, 並以直線法按其五年之估計可使用年期攤銷。

#### 手機應用程式

手機應用程式按成本減任何減值虧損列賬,並 以直線法按其五年之估計可使用年期攤銷。

#### 租賃

本集團於訂立合約時評估合約是否為租賃或包 含租賃。倘合約為換取代價而給予在一段時間 內控制可識別資產使用之權利,則該合約為租 賃或包含租賃。

#### 本集團作為承租人

本集團對所有租賃應用單一確認及計量方法, 惟短期租賃及低價值資產租賃除外。本集團確 認租賃負債以作出租賃款項,而使用權資產指 使用相關資產的權利。

- (a) 使用權資產
  - 於租賃開始日期(即相關資產可供使用的 日期)確認使用權資產。使用權資產按成 本減任何累計折舊及任何減值虧損計量, 並就任何重新計量租賃負債作出調整。使 用權資產成本包括已確認租賃負債金額、 初始已產生直接成本及於開始日期或之前 作出之租賃付款減任何已收取租賃優惠。 使用權資產於租期與資產估計可使用年期 (以較短者為準)按直線法折舊如下:

土地	50年
樓宇	2至3年
汽車	5年

倘租賃資產的所有權於租期結束前轉移至 本集團,或成本反映購買選擇權之行使, 則折舊以資產估計可使用年期計算。

### 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Leases (continued)

### Group as a lessee (continued)

#### (b) Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are recognised at the commencement date of the lease at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for termination of a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate the lease. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in lease payments (e.g., a change to future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate) or a change in assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

#### (c) Short-term leases

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of buildings (that is those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). Lease payments on shortterm leases are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

## 2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

#### <mark>租賃(續)</mark> 本集團作為承租人(續)

(b) 租賃負債 於租賃開始日期按租賃期內將作出的租賃 付款現值確認租賃負債。租賃付款包括定 額付款(含實質定額款項)減任何已收取租 賃優惠、取決於指數或利率的可變租賃款 項以及預期根據剩餘價值擔保支付的金 額。租賃付款亦包括本集團合理確定行使 的購買選擇權的行使價及在租期反映本集 團行使終止權時,有關終止租賃的罰款。 不取決於指數或利率的可變租賃付款在出 現觸發付款的事件或條件的期間內確認為 開支。

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在計算租賃付款之現值時,本集團在租賃 開始日期使用增量借貸利率,原因為租賃 中所隱含之利率不易確定。於開始日期 後,租賃負債之金額將會增加以反映利息 的增加及就已作出之租賃付款作出扣減。 此外,倘有修改、租賃期變動、租賃付款 變動(即租賃付款日後因指數或比率變動 出現變動)或購買相關資產之選擇權的評 估改變,則租賃負債之賬面金額將獲重新 計量。

(c) 短期租賃 本集團對樓宇的短期租賃(即自開始日期 起租期為12個月或以下且不含購買選擇 權的租賃)應用短期租賃確認豁免。短期 租賃的租賃付款以直線法按租期確認為開 支。



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### 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **POLICIES** (continued)

#### Leases (continued)

#### Group as a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it classifies at lease inception (or when there is a lease modification) each of its leases as either an operating lease or a finance lease.

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. When a contract contains lease and non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each component on a relative stand-alone selling price basis. Rental income is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in revenue in the consolidated statement of profit or loss due to its operating nature. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Leases that transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee are accounted for as finance leases.

### Investments and other financial assets

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income, and fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value, plus in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under HKFRS 15 in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model.

## 2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

## 租賃(續) 本集團作為出租人

當本集團作為出租人時,其於租賃開始時(或發 生租賃變更時)將其各項租賃分類為經營租賃或 融資租賃。

本集團並未轉讓資產所有權所附帶的絕大部分 風險及回報的租賃歸類為經營租賃。倘合約包 括租賃及非租賃部分,本集團根據相對獨立的 售價基準將合約代價分配予各部分。租金收入 於租期內按直線法列賬,並因其經營性質而計 入綜合損益表之收益內。於磋商及安排經營租 賃時產生的初始直接成本乃計入租賃資產的 賬面值,並於租期內按相同方法確認為租金收 入。或然租金乃於所賺取的期間內確認為收 益。

相關資產所有權所附帶的絕大部分風險及回報 轉讓予承租人之租賃列賬為融資租賃。

### 投資及其他金融資產

#### 初始確認及計量

金融資產於初始確認時分類為隨後按攤銷成本 計量、透過其他全面收入按公平價值列賬及透 過損益按公平價值列賬。

金融資產於初始確認時的分類視乎金融資產合 約現金流量的特徵及本集團管理彼等的業務模 式而定。除並無重大融資組成部分或本集團已 應用可行權益方式(不調整重大融資組成部份影 響)的應收貿易賬款外,本集團初步按其公平價 值加(倘並非透過損益按公平價值列賬之金融資 產)交易成本計量金融資產。並無重大融資組成 部分或本集團已應用可行權益方式的應收貿易 賬款按照下文「收益確認」所載政策按根據香港 財務報告準則第15號釐定的交易價格計量。

為使金融資產按攤銷成本或透過其他全面收入 按公平價值分類及計量,其需產生僅為支付本 金及未償還本金之利息(「僅支付本金及利息」) 的現金流量。擁有並非僅支付本金及利息現金 流量的金融資產分類為及按透過損益按公平價 值列賬計量,不論業務模式為何。

### 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Investments and other financial assets (continued)** Initial recognition and measurement (continued)

The Group's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortised cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, while financial assets classified and measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling. Financial assets which are not held within the aforementioned business models are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

#### Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

#### Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

#### Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

This category includes equity investments which the Group had not irrevocably elected to classify at fair value through other comprehensive income. Dividends on equity investments classified as financial assets at fair value profit or loss are also recognised as other income in the consolidated statement of profit or loss when the right of payment has been established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

## 2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

#### 投資及其他金融資產(續) 初始確認及計量(續)

本集團管理金融資產的業務模式指其管理其金 融資產以產生現金流量的方式。業務模式釐定 現金流量是否來自收集合約現金流量、出售金 融資產,或兩者兼有。按攤銷成本分類及計量 的金融資產於旨在持有金融資產以收取合約現 金流量的業務模式中持有,而透過其他全面收 入按公平價值分類及計量的金融資產則於旨在 持有以收取合約現金流量及出售的業務模式中 持有。並非按上述業務模式持有的金融資產以 透過損益按公平價值列賬分類及計量。

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所有以正常方式買賣之金融資產於交易日期(即 本集團承諾購買或出售該資產之日期)確認。正 常方式買賣指一般按照市場規例或慣例訂定之 期間內交付資產之金融資產買賣。

#### 其後計量

金融資產之其後計量取決於其分類如下:

按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產(債務工具) 按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產隨後使用實際利率 法計量,並可予減值。當資產終止確認、修改 或減值時,於綜合損益表中確認收益及虧損。

### 透過損益按公平價值列賬之金融資產

透過損益按公平價值列賬之金融資產按公平價 值於綜合財務狀況表內入賬,而公平價值變動 淨額則於綜合損益表內確認。

該類別包括本集團並無不可撤回地選擇透過其 他全面收入按公平價值進行分類的股本投資。 在支付權確立,與股息相關的經濟利益很可 能將流入本集團,且股息的金額能夠可靠計量 時,分類為透過損益按公平價值列賬的金融資 產之股本投資的股息亦於綜合損益表內確認為 其他收入。



**综合財務報表附註** 

# 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Derecognition of financial assets**

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "passthrough" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

#### Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

## 2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

#### 終止確認金融資產

金融資產(或(倘適用)金融資產之一部分或一組 類似金融資產之一部分)在下列情況將終止確認 (即自本集團之綜合財務狀況表移除):

- 從該項資產收取現金流量之權利已屆滿; 或
- 本集團已轉讓從該項資產收取現金流量之 權利,或已承擔責任根據「轉付」安排在並 無重大延誤之情況下將所收取現金流量全 數支付予第三方;且(a)本集團已轉讓該 項資產之絕大部分風險及回報;或(b)本 集團並無轉讓或保留該項資產之絕大部分 風險及回報,但已轉讓該項資產之控制 權。

倘本集團已轉讓從該項資產收取現金流量之權 利或已訂立轉付安排,則本集團會評估其是否 保留資產擁有權之風險及回報以及保留之程 度。倘本集團既無轉讓或保留該項資產之絕大 部分風險及回報,亦無轉讓該項資產之絕大 離,則本集團會繼續按其持續參與之程度確認 所轉讓資產。在此情況下,本集團亦會確認相 關負債。已轉讓資產及相關負債按可反映本集 團所保留之權利和責任之基準計量。

以擔保方式持續參與已轉讓資產,乃按該資產 之原賬面金額與本集團可被要求償付代價之最 高金額兩者中之較低者計量。

#### 金融資產減值

本集團確認對並非按透過損益按公平價值列 賬的所有債務工具預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧 損」)的撥備。預期信貸虧損乃以根據合約應付 的合約現金流量與本集團預期收取的所有現金 流量之間的差額為基準,按原有實際利率相近 的利率貼現。預期現金流量將包括合約條款組 成部分的自銷售所持有抵押物所得的現金流量 或其他信貸加強措施所得的現金流量。

### 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Impairment of financial assets (continued) General approach

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort, including historical and forward-looking information.

The Group considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subject to impairment under the general approach and they are classified within the following stages for measurement of ECLs except for trade receivables which apply the simplified approach as detailed below.

- Stage 1 Financial instruments for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs
- Stage 2 Financial instruments for which credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition but that are not credit-impaired financial assets and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs
- Stage 3 Financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date (but that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired) and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs

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## 2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

#### 金融資產減值(續) 一般方法

預期信貸虧損於兩個階段獲確認。就自初步確 認起信貸風險並無顯著增加的信貸風險而言, 預期信貸虧損就因未來十二個月內可能發生的 違約事件導致的信貸虧損而作出(十二個月預期 信貸虧損)。就自初步確認起經已顯著增加的信 貸風險而言,不論何時發生違約事件,於餘下 風險年期內的預期信貸虧損均須計提虧損撥備 (全期預期信貸虧損)。

於各報告日期,本集團評估自初步確認後金融 工具的信貸風險是否有大幅增加。當作出評估 時,本集團比較於報告日期金融工具發生違 約風險與於初步確認日期金融工具發生違約風 險,並於沒有過度成本或努力的情況下考慮可 得的合理有據資料,包括過往及前瞻性資料。

本集團在合約付款已逾期90天時認為金融資產 違約。然而,在若干情況下,倘內部或外部資 料反映,在並無計及本集團任何現有信貸增強 措施前,本集團不大可能悉數收到未償還合約 款項,則本集團亦可認為金融資產將會違約。 金融資產於無合理預期可收回合約現金流量時 撇銷。

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產按一般方法進行減 值,並按下列階段分類以計量預期信貸虧損, 惟下文詳述應用簡化方法的應收貿易賬款外。

- 階段1 一 金融工具的信貸風險自初始確認 後以來並無顯著增加,其虧損撥 備按等同12個月預期信貸虧損的 金額計量
- 階段2 一 金融工具的信貸風險自初始確認 後以來顯著增加(惟並非信貸減 值的金融資產除外),其虧損撥 備按等同全期預期信貸虧損的金 額計量
- 階段3 一 於報告日期發生信貸減值的金融 資產(惟並非購買或發起的信貸 減值金融資產除外),其虧損撥 備按等同全期預期信貸虧損的金 額計量



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## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Impairment of financial assets (continued) Simplified approach

For trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or when the Group applies the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group applies the simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Under the simplified approach, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

### **Financial liabilities**

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, or payables, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade payables, deposits received, financial liabilities included in accrued expenses, lease liabilities, interestbearing bank borrowings and financial guarantee obligation.

#### Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

#### Financial liabilities at amortised cost (loans and borrowings)

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

## 2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

#### 金融資產減值(續) 簡化方法

就不包括重大融資部分的應收貿易賬款而言, 或當本集團採用不調整重大融資部分影響的可 行權宜方法時,本集團會應用簡化方法計算預 期信貸虧損。根據簡化方法,本集團不會跟蹤 信貸凮險變動,惟於各報告日期根據全期預期 信貸虧損確認虧損撥備。本集團已建立一個基 於其歷史信貸虧損經驗的撥備矩陣,並根據債 務人及經濟環境特定的前瞻性因素進行調整。

## 金融負債

#### 初始確認及計量

金融負債於初始確認時劃分為透過損益按公平 價值列賬之金融負債、貸款及借款或應付款項 (倘適用)。

所有金融負債初始按公平價值及(如屬貸款及借款以及應付款項)扣除直接應佔交易成本確認。

本集團之金融負債包括應付貿易賬款、已收按 金、計入應計開支的金融負債、租賃負債、附 息銀行借款及財務擔保責任。

#### 其後計量

金融負債之其後計量乃視乎其如下分類:

按攤銷成本列賬之金融負債(貸款及借款) 於初始確認後,計息貸款及借款於其後採用實 際利率法按攤銷成本計量,除非貼現之影響不 大,則會按成本列賬。在負債終止確認及透過 實際利率攤銷程序進行時,收益及虧損會在綜 合損益表內確認。

攤銷成本於計及任何收購折讓或溢價及屬實際 利率不可或缺部分之費用或成本後計算。實際 利率攤銷計入綜合損益表內之融資成本。

## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Financial liabilities (continued)

#### Subsequent measurement (continued)

#### Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. A financial guarantee contract is recognised initially as a liability at its fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee contracts at the higher of: (i) the ECL allowance determined in accordance with the policy as set out in "Impairment of financial assets"; and (ii) the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, the cumulative amount of income recognised.

#### **Derecognition of financial liabilities**

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

#### **Offsetting of financial instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the weighted average basis and includes all costs of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Net realisable value is based on the estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to disposal.

#### **Cash and cash equivalents**

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

## 2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

#### 金融負債(續) 其後計量(續)

財務擔保合約

本集團發出之財務擔保合約為要求付款以彌償 擔保持有人因指定債務人未能按照債務工具條 款於到期時付款而招致之損失之合約。財務擔 保合約初始按公平價值確認為負債,並就直接 歸屬於發出該擔保之交易成本作出調整。初始 確認後,本集團按以下兩者中之較高者計量財 務擔保合約:(i)根據「金融資產減值」所載政策 釐定的預期信貸虧損撥備:(ii)初步確認的金額 (若適用)減已確認的累計收入金額。

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#### 終止確認金融負債

倘金融負債項下之責任被解除、取消或到期, 即終止確認金融負債。

倘現有金融負債被同一放債人以另一項條款迥 異之金融負債取代,或現有負債之條款大部分 被修訂,則該項交換或修訂會視作終止確認原 有負債及確認新負債,各自之賬面金額差額於 綜合損益表內確認。

#### 抵銷金融工具

倘現時存在一項可依法執行之權利,可抵銷已 確認金額,且有意以淨額結算或同時變現資產 及償付債務,則金融資產與金融負債可予抵 銷,並於綜合財務狀況表內呈報淨額。

#### 存貨

存貨按成本與可變現淨值兩者中之較低者入 賬。成本乃以加權平均法計算,並包括所有購 買成本及於將存貨送抵目前地點及達致目前狀 況時產生之其他成本。可變現淨值則按估計售 價減去出售將產生之任何估計成本計算。

#### 現金及等同現金項目

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及等同現金項目 包括手頭現金、銀行及其他金融機構之活期存 款,以及可隨時兑換為已知數額現金、價值變 動風險不大、一般於收購後三個月內到期之短 期高流通性投資,減去須按要求償還並構成本 集團現金管理重要部分之銀行透支。



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## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **POLICIES** (continued)

#### Cash and cash equivalents (continued)

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks and other financial institutions, including term deposits, which are not restricted as to use.

#### **Provisions**

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

#### **Income tax**

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

## 2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

#### 現金及等同現金項目(續)

就綜合財務狀況表而言,現金及等同現金項目 包括用途不受限制之手頭現金以及銀行及其他 金融機構之存款(包括定期存款)。

#### 撥備

倘由於過往發生之事件而產生目前之債務(法定 或推定), 並可能導致日後須流出資源以清償債 務,則會確認撥備,惟債務之金額須能夠可靠 地估計。

當貼現之影響重大,則就撥備確認之金額為預 期清償債務所需之未來開支於報告期間結束時 之現值。因時間過去而產生之已貼現現值金額 增加會計入綜合損益表內之融資成本。

#### 所得税

所得税包括即期及遞延税項。有關損益外確認 項目之所得税會於損益外確認,即於其他全面 收入或直接在權益內確認。

即期税項資產及負債乃根據於報告期間結束時 已頒佈或實際已頒佈之税率(及税法),並考慮 本集團業務所在國家之現有詮釋及慣例,按預 期自課税機關收回或支付予課税機關之金額計 量。

遞延税項就於報告期間結束時資產與負債之税 基及作財務申報用途之賬面金額兩者間之所有 暫時差異以負債法撥備。

遞延税項負債乃就所有應課税暫時差異確認, 惟:

- 遞延税項負債由於一項交易(並非業務合 . 併)中最初確認商譽或資產或負債而產 生,且於交易時並無對會計溢利或應課税 溢利或虧損構成影響除外;及
- 就與於附屬公司、聯營公司及合營企業之 投資有關之應課税暫時差異而言,暫時差 異之撥回時間可以控制及暫時差異有可能 不會於可預見未來撥回除外。



## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if and only if the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

## 2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

#### 所得税(續)

遞延税項資產就所有可扣減暫時差異及未被動 用税項抵免與任何未被動用税項虧損之結轉確 認。遞延税項資產僅在可能有應課税溢利以動 用可扣減暫時差異及結轉之未被動用税項抵免 及未被動用税項虧損時,方可確認,惟:

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- 遞延税項資產與於一項交易(並非業務合 併)中最初確認資產或負債時產生而於交 易時並無對會計溢利或應課税溢利或虧損 構成影響之可扣減暫時差異有關除外;及
- 就與於附屬公司、聯營公司及合營企業之 投資有關之可扣減暫時差異而言,遞延税 項資產僅以暫時差異有可能於可預見未來 撥回及可能有應課税溢利以動用暫時差異 為限確認。

本公司於各報告期間結束時檢討遞延税項資產 之賬面金額,並於不再可能有足夠應課税溢利 以動用全部或部分遞延税項資產時作出扣減。 未確認之遞延税項資產會於各報告期間結束時 重新評估,並在可能有足夠應課税溢利以收回 全部或部分遞延税項資產時確認。

遞延税項資產與負債以變現資產或清償負債之 期間之預期適用税率,按於報告期間結束時已 頒佈或實際已頒佈之税率(及税法)計量。

當且僅當本集團有法定執行權利可將即期税項 資產與即期税項負債抵銷,且遞延税項資產與 遞延税項負債與同一税務機關對同一應税實體 或於各未來期間預期有大額遞延税項負債或資 產需要結算或收回時,擬按淨額基準結算即期 税項負債及資產或同時變現資產及結算負債之 不同税務實體徵收之所得税相關,則遞延税項 資產與遞延税項負債可予抵銷。



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# 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Government grants**

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

#### **Revenue recognition**

#### Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when the control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

When the consideration in a contract includes a variable amount, the amount of consideration is estimated to be that which the Group will be entitled in exchange for transferring the goods or services to the customer. The variable consideration is estimated at contract inception and constrained until it is highly probable that a significant revenue reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur when the associated uncertainty with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

When the contract contains a financing component which provides the customer with a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer for more than one year, revenue is measured at the present value of the amount receivable, discounted using the discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction between the Group and the customer at contract inception. When the contract contains a financing component which provides the Group with a significant financial benefit for more than one year, revenue recognised under the contract includes the interest expense accreted on the contract liability under the effective interest method. For a contract where the period between the payment by the customer and the transfer of the promised goods or services is one year or less, the transaction price is not adjusted for the effects of a significant financing component, using the practical expedient in HKFRS 15.

(a) Sale of products

Revenue from the sale of products is recognised at the point in time when control of the asset is transferred to the customer, generally on delivery of the products.

(b) Provision of services

Revenue from the provision of services is recognised at the point in time when the services have been rendered.

## 2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

### 政府補助

倘能合理保證可收取政府補助,且所有附帶條 件得到遵行,便會按公平價值確認政府補助。 倘補助與費用項目有關,該補助將有系統地在 擬補償之成本之支銷期間確認為費用。

### 收益確認

#### 來自客戶合約之收益

來自客戶合約之收益乃在商品或服務的控制權 按反映本集團預期有權在交換該等商品或服務 中獲取的代價金額轉移予客戶時確認。

倘合約中的代價包含可變金額,則估計本集團 就向客戶轉讓貨品或服務而有權在交換中獲取 的代價金額。可變代價在合約開始時估計並受 約束,直至可變代價相關之不確定因素其後得 到解決,而已確認的累計收益金額不大可能出 現重大收益撥回為止。

倘合約含有融資組成部分,而該融資組成部分 為客戶提供超過一年之商品或服務轉讓融資的 重大利益時,收益按應收款項現值計量,並採 用於合約開始時本集團與客戶訂立的獨立融資 沒易中所反映的貼現率貼現。倘合約含有融資 組成部分,而該融資組成部分為本集團提供超 過一年之重大財務利益時,根據合約確認的收 益包括根據實際利率法計算的合約負債所產生 的利息開支。就客戶付款與轉移承諾商品或服 務之間的期限為一年或一年以下的合約而言, 交易價格不會根據香港財務報告準則第15號的 可行權宜方法就重大融資組成部分的影響進行 調整。

- (a) 銷售產品
   銷售產品的收益於資產的控制權轉移予
   客戶的某個時間點(一般為交付貨品時)確
   認。
- (b) 提供服務 提供服務的收益於已提供服務的某個時間 點確認。



### 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Revenue recognition (continued) Other income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Rental income is recognised on a time proportion basis over the lease terms.

Dividend income is recognised when the shareholders' right to receive payment has been established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

#### **Contract liabilities**

A contract liability is recognised when a payment is received or a payment is due (whichever is earlier) from a customer before the Group transfers the related goods or services. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Group performs under the contract (i.e., transfers control of the related goods or services to the customer).

#### **Share-based payments**

The Company and its subsidiaries operate share option schemes for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Employees (including directors) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments ("equity-settled transactions").

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees for grants after 7 November 2002 is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an external valuer using a binomial model, further details of which are given in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements.

## 2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

## 收益確認(續)

其他收入

利息收入乃採用實際利率法,利用將金融工具 於預計年期(或較短期間,如適用)的估計未來 現金收入準確貼現至金融資產賬面淨值的利率 按累計基準確認。

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租金收入乃按租賃年期之時間比例確認。

股息收入於股東收取款項的權利獲確立,且與 股息相關的經濟利益很可能會流入本集團,而 股息金額能夠可靠地計量時確認。

#### 合約負債

合約負債於本集團向客戶轉移相關貨品或服務 前收取或付款到期時(以較早者為準)確認。合 約負債於本集團根據合約履約時(即向客戶轉移 相關貨品或服務的控制權)確認為收益。

#### 以股份付款

本公司及其附屬公司設有購股權計劃,旨在向 對本集團之成功營運作出貢獻之合資格參與者 提供獎勵及回報。本集團僱員(包括董事)藉以 股份付款方式收取薪酬,據此,僱員提供服務 作為收取股本工具之代價(「股權結算交易」)。

與僱員進行於二零零二年十一月七日後授出之 股權結算交易之成本,乃參照於授出日期之公 平價值計量。公平價值乃由外聘估值師以二項 式模式釐定,進一步詳情載於綜合財務報表附 註30。



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# 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Share-based payments (continued)

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised in employee benefit expenses, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at the end of each reporting period until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to the consolidated statement of profit or loss for a period represents the movement in the cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period.

Service and non-market performance conditions are not taken into account when determining the grant date fair value of awards, but the likelihood of the conditions being met is assessed as part of the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. Market performance conditions are reflected within the grant date fair value. Any other conditions attached to an award, but without an associated service requirement, are considered to be non-vesting conditions. Non-vesting conditions are reflected in the fair value of an award and lead to an immediate expensing of an award unless there are also service and/or performance conditions.

For awards that do not ultimately vest because non-market performance and/or service conditions have not been met, no expense is recognised. Where awards include a market or non-vesting condition, the transactions are treated as vesting irrespective of whether the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. In addition, an expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payments, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. This includes any award where non-vesting conditions within the control of either the Group or the employee are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and is designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share.

### 2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

#### 以股份付款(續)

股權結算交易之成本連同相應增加之權益,在 績效及/或服務條件獲得履行之期間於僱員福 利開支內確認。在歸屬日期前,於各報告期間 結束時確認之股權結算交易累計開支,反映歸 屬期已屆滿部分及本集團對最終將會歸屬之股 本工具數目之最佳估計。在某一期間內在綜合 損益表之扣除或進賬金額,反映於期初及期終 確認之累計開支變動。

在釐定獎勵於授出日期之公平價值時,不會計 及服務及非市場績效條件,但達成有關條件之 可能性會評估為本集團對將最終歸屬之股本工 具數目之最佳估計之一部分。市場績效條件在 授出日期公平價值中反映。獎勵所附帶但無 相關服務要求之任何其他條件被視為非歸屬條 件。除非同時附有服務及/或績效條件,否則 非歸屬條件在獎勵之公平價值中反映,並會導 致獎勵即時支銷。

因非市場績效及/或服務條件並未達成而最終 未歸屬之獎勵不會確認任何開支。倘獎勵包括 一項市場或非歸屬條件,則只要所有其他績效 及/或服務條件已經達成,不論市場或非歸屬 條件是否達成,該等交易均會被視為已歸屬。

倘股權結算之獎勵之條款有所修訂,如獎勵之 原有條款已達成,則所確認開支最少須達到猶 如條款並無任何修訂之水平。此外,倘有關修 訂導致以股份付款之總公平價值有所增加,或 於修訂日期經計量為僱員帶來其他利益,則須 就該等修訂確認開支。

倘股權結算之獎勵被註銷,將被視為猶如已於 註銷日期歸屬,任何尚未確認之獎勵開支則即 時確認。此包括未符合屬本集團或僱員控制範 圍內之非歸屬條件所涉及之任何獎勵。然而, 倘有新獎勵取代已註銷獎勵,並於授出日期指 定為取代獎勵,則已註銷獎勵及新獎勵,均如 前段所述被視為猶如原先獎勵之修訂。

未行使購股權之攤薄效應於計算每股盈利時乃 列為額外股份攤薄。

## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Other employee benefits

#### **Pension schemes**

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme, except for the Group's employer voluntary contributions, which are refunded to the Group when the employee leaves employment prior to the contributions vesting fully, in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in Mainland China, Singapore and Korea are required to participate in pension schemes operated by the respective local municipal governments. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll costs to the pension schemes. The contributions are charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the pension schemes.

#### **Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs are recognised as expenses in the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### **Dividends**

Final dividends are recognised as a liability when they are approved by the shareholders in a general meeting. Proposed final dividends are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Interim dividends are simultaneously proposed and declared, because the Company's memorandum and articles of associate grant the directors the authority to declare interim dividends. Consequently, interim dividends are recognised immediately as a liability when they are proposed and declared.

## 2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

#### <mark>其他僱員福利</mark> 退休金計劃

本集團根據強制性公積金計劃條例,為符合資 格參與定額供款強制性公積金退休福利計劃 (「強積金計劃」)之僱員營辦強積金計劃。供款 乃按僱員基本薪金之某一百分比計算,並於 根據強積金計劃之規則規定應付時自綜合損益 表扣除。強積金計劃之資產以獨立管理基金形 式,與本集團資產分開持有。於向強積金計劃 供款時,本集團之僱主供款即全數撥歸僱員。 至於本集團之僱主自願供款,倘僱員在根據強 積金計劃之規則獲得全數供款前離職,則會退 還本集團則除外。

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本集團於中國內地、新加坡及韓國經營業務之 附屬公司之僱員須參與由各當地市政府營辦之 退休金計劃。該等附屬公司須根據員工薪金成 本之若干百分比向退休金計劃供款。供款乃於 根據退休金計劃之規則規定應付時自綜合損益 表扣除。

#### 借款成本

借款成本於產生期間之綜合損益表內確認為開 支。

#### 股息

末期股息於股東大會上經股東批准後確認為負 債。建議末期股息於綜合財務報表附註披露。

由於本公司之組織章程大綱及細則授權董事宣 派中期股息,故中期股息之擬派及宣派乃同步 進行。因此,中期股息於擬派及宣派時即時確 認為負債。



**综合財務報表附註** 

# 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Foreign currencies**

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of a non-monetary item measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation difference on the item whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss, respectively).

In determining the exchange rate on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income on the derecognition of a non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability relating to an advance consideration, the date of initial transaction is the date on which the Group initially recognises the non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the advance consideration. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, the Group determines the transaction date for each payment or receipt of the advance consideration.

The functional currencies of certain overseas subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates are currencies other than the Hong Kong dollar. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period and their statements of profit or loss are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange fluctuation reserve. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

### 2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

#### 外幣

本綜合財務報表乃以港元,即本公司之功能貨 幣呈列。本集團內各實體自行決定其本身之功 能貨幣,而包括在各實體之財務報表之項目乃 使用該功能貨幣計算。本集團內實體記錄外幣 交易最初使用其各自功能貨幣於交易日期適用 之匯率記錄。以外幣為結算單位之貨幣性資產 與負債會按於報告期間結束時適用之功能貨幣 匯率換算。因結算或換算貨幣性項目而產生之 差額均於綜合損益表內確認。

以外幣歷史成本計量之非貨幣性項目,按最初 交易日期之匯率換算。按外幣公平價值計量之 非貨幣性項目,使用公平價值計量日期之匯率 換算。換算按公平價值計量之非貨幣性項目所 產生之收益或虧損,與確認該項目公平價值變 動收益或虧損之處理方法一致,即於其他全面 收入或損益內確認公平價值收益或虧損之項目 之匯兑差額,亦分別於其他全面收入或損益內 確認。

於釐定初始確認相關資產、開支或收入所用的 匯率時,終止確認與預付代價有關的非貨幣資 產或非貨幣負債,初始交易日期為本集團初始 確認預付代價產生的非貨幣資產或非貨幣負債 當日。倘涉及多筆預付款項或預收款項,本集 團會釐定每次預付或預收代價的交易日期。

若干海外附屬公司、合營企業及聯營公司之功 能貨幣為港元以外之貨幣。於報告期間結束 時,該等實體之資產與負債會按於報告期間結 束時適用之匯率換算為港元,而其損益表會按 年度加權平均匯率換算為港元。所產生之匯兑 差額於其他全面收入內確認及於匯兑波動儲備 內累計。出售海外業務時,與該特定海外業務 有關之其他全面收入部分會在綜合損益表內確 認。



## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Foreign currencies (continued)

Any goodwill arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation and any fair value adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities arising on acquisition are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the closing rate.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash flows of overseas subsidiaries are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

#### Judgements

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

#### Classification between investment properties and owneroccupied properties

The Group determines whether a property qualifies as an investment property, and has developed criteria in making that judgement. Investment property is a property held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. Therefore, the Group considers whether a property generates cash flows largely independently of the other assets held by the Group.

Some properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation and another portion that is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. If these portions could be sold separately or leased out separately under a finance lease, the Group accounts for the portions separately. If the portions could not be sold separately, the property is an investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes.

## 2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

#### 外幣(續)

因收購海外業務而產生之任何商譽及對收購所 產生資產及負債賬面金額之任何公平價值調 整,均被視為該海外業務之資產及負債,並以 結算匯率換算。

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就綜合現金流量表而言,海外附屬公司之現金 流量按現金流量日期之適用匯率換算為港元。 海外附屬公司於整個年度內經常產生之現金流 量按年內之加權平均匯率換算為港元。

### 3. 主要會計判斷及估計

管理層編製本集團綜合財務報表時,須作出判 斷、估計及假設,其將影響所申報之收益、開 支、資產及負債之金額以及相關披露和或然負 債之披露。有關此等假設及估計之不明朗因素 所可能產生之結果,或會導致日後之資產或負 債之賬面金額須作出重大調整。

#### 判斷

於應用本集團會計政策之過程中,除涉及估計 之判斷外,管理層已作出以下對於綜合財務報 表內確認之金額構成最重大影響之判斷:

#### 投資物業與自用物業之間之分類

本集團決定一項物業是否合資格作為投資物 業,並已制定作出該判斷之標準。投資物業為 就賺取租金或資本增值或兩者兼得而持有之物 業。因此,本集團會考慮物業能否產生現金流 量,而很大程度不受本集團持有之其他資產影 響。

某些物業一部分持作賺取租金或資本升值,另 一部分持作生產或供應貨品或服務或作行政用 途。倘此等部分可獨立出售或根據融資租賃單 獨出租,本集團將該等部分單獨入賬。倘該等 部分不可單獨出售,惟持作生產或供應貨品或 服務或作行政用途之部分不大,有關物業方為 投資物業。



**综合財務報表附註** 

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

#### Judgements (continued)

Classification between investment properties and owneroccupied properties (continued)

Judgement is made on an individual property basis to determine whether ancillary services are so significant that a property does not qualify as an investment property.

#### **Estimation uncertainty**

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

#### Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses carried forward to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the unused tax losses can be utilised. Recognition primarily involves judgement regarding the future performance of the particular legal entity or tax group in which the deferred tax asset has been recognised. A variety of other factors are also evaluated in considering whether there is convincing evidence that it is probable that some portions or all of the deferred tax assets will ultimately be realised, such as the existence of taxable temporary differences, tax planning strategies and the periods in which estimated tax losses can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets and related financial models and budgets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and to the extent that there is insufficient convincing evidence that sufficient taxable profits will be available within the utilisation periods to allow utilisation of the tax losses carried forward, the asset balance will be reduced and charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss. The amount of unrecognised tax losses at 31 March 2021 was approximately HK\$623 million (2020: approximately HK\$568 million).

## 3. 主要會計判斷及估計(續)

#### 判斷(續)

投資物業與自用物業之間之分類(續)

判斷乃就個別物業作出,以決定相關服務是否 重大,令該物業不符合資格作為投資物業。

#### 估計之不明朗因素

下文闡述有關未來之主要假設及於報告期間結 束時估計不明朗因素之其他主要來源,其具有 可能導致須對下個財政年度之資產與負債之賬 面金額作出重大調整之重大風險。

#### 遞延税項資產

遞延税項資產就未被動用結轉税項虧損確認, 惟以預期很可能取得未來應課税溢利而可動用 未被動用之税項虧損與之抵銷為限。遞延税項 資產之確認主要涉及對已確認遞延税項資產之 特定法定實體或税務組別未來表現之判斷。其 他不同因素亦予以評估,以考慮是否有有力之 憑證證明部分或全部遞延税項資產最終有可能 會變現,例如存在應課税暫時差異、税務規劃 策略及可動用估計税項虧損之期間。遞延税項 資產之賬面金額及有關財務模式與預算會於各 報告期間結束時檢討,若並無足夠有力之憑證 證明在可動用期內有足夠應課税溢利以動用結 轉税項虧損,屆時將調低資產結餘並自綜合損 益表扣除。於二零二一年三月三十一日,尚未 確認税項虧損金額約為623,000,000港元(二零 二零年:約568,000,000港元)。



## 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

## Estimation uncertainty (continued)

### Estimation of fair value of investment properties

In the absence of current prices in an active market for similar properties, the Group considers information from a variety of sources, including:

- (a) current prices in an active market for properties of a different nature, condition or location, adjusted to reflect those differences; and
- (b) recent prices of similar properties on less active markets, with adjustments to reflect any changes in economic conditions since the date of the transactions that occurred at those prices.

The carrying amount of investment properties at 31 March 2021 was HK\$128,085,000 (2020: HK\$120,437,000). Further details, including the key assumptions used for fair value measurement and a sensitivity analysis, are given in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### Impairment of trade receivables, deposits and other receivables

The Group makes impairment provision for trade receivables, deposits and other receivables based on an assessment of the recoverability of these receivables. Impairment provision is made for these receivables where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible. The identification of doubtful debts requires the use of judgement and estimates, including the current creditworthiness and the past collection history of each debtor. Where the expectation on the recoverability of these receivables is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of these receivables and impairment provision in the periods in which such estimate has been changed. The aggregate carrying amount of trade receivables as at 31 March 2021 was HK\$34,886,000 (2020: HK\$78,935,000). The aggregate carrying amount of deposits and other receivables as at 31 March 2021 was HK\$15,555,000 (2020: HK\$13,767,000).

#### **Provision for inventories**

The Group's management reviews the inventory ageing analysis periodically, and makes allowance for obsolete and slow-moving inventory items identified that are no longer suitable for sales. The Group carries out an inventory review on a product-by-product basis at the end of each reporting period and makes allowance for obsolete and slow-moving items through management's estimation of the net realisable value for such obsolete and slow-moving items based primarily on the latest invoice prices and current market conditions. The aggregate carrying amount of the Group's inventories as at 31 March 2021 was HK\$33,736,000 (2020: HK\$82,678,000).

## 3. 主要會計判斷及估計(續)

#### 估計之不明朗因素(續) 估計投資物業之公平價值

在並無類似物業之現時活躍市場定價之情況 下,本集團考慮不同來源之資料,包括:

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- (a) 不同性質、狀況或位置之物業之現時活躍 市場定價,並作出調整以反映該等差異;及
- (b) 類似物業最近在較不活躍市場之定價,並 作出調整以反映以該等定價進行之交易日 期起之任何經濟情況變化。

於二零二一年三月三十一日,投資物業之賬 面金額為128,085,000港元(二零二零年: 120,437,000港元)。進一步詳情(包括計量公平 價值所用之主要假設以及敏感度分析)載於綜合 財務報表附註13。

#### 應收貿易賬款、按金及其他應收款項之減值

本集團按對應收貿易賬款、按金及其他應收款 項可收回程度之評估作出該等應收款項之減值 撥備。倘事件或情況變化顯示結餘可能無法收 回,則對該等應收款項作出減值撥備。分辨呆 賬需要運用判斷及估計,包括各債務人現時信 用狀況及過往收款紀錄。當預期該等應收款項 之可收回程度與原定估計有差異時,該差異將 會於估計改變之期間內,影響該等應收款項之 賬面值及減值撥備。於二零二一年三月三十一 日,應收貿易賬款之賬面總額為34,886,000 港元(二零二零年:78,935,000港元)。於二零 二一年三月三十一日,按金及其他應收款項 之賬面總額為15,555,000港元(二零二零年: 13,767,000港元)。

#### 存貨撥備

本集團之管理層定期審閱存貨之賬齡分析,並 會為確認為不再適合銷售之陳舊及滞銷存貨項 目作出撥備。於各報告期間結束時,本集團會 檢閱各項產品之存貨,並會透過管理層主要根 據最後發票價及現時市況對該等陳舊及滯銷項 目之可變現淨值估計,為陳舊及滯銷項目作出 撥備。於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團存 貨之賬面總額為33,736,000港元(二零二零年: 82,678,000港元)。



**综合財務報表附註** 

## 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

## Estimation uncertainty (continued)

Useful lives of other intangible assets

The Group amortises its intangible assets with a finite useful life on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful lives reflect management's estimate of the period that the Group intends to derive future economic benefits from the use of these intangible assets. The carrying amount of other intangible assets at 31 March 2021 was HK\$3,832,000 (2020: HK\$3,850,000).

## Fair value measurement of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

When the fair values of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss recorded in the consolidated statement of financial position cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair values are measured using valuation techniques including the use of market comparable and other valuation techniques commonly used by other market participants. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as market comparables and discount rates. Further details of these valuations are given in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements.

## 3. 主要會計判斷及估計(續)

### 估計之不明朗因素(續) 其他無形資產之可使用年期

本集團根據具有限可使用年期之無形資產之估 計可使用年期以直線法攤銷該等無形資產。估 計可使用年期反映管理層對本集團計劃透過 使用該等無形資產產生未來經濟利益期間之估 計。於二零二一年三月三十一日,其他無形資 產之賬面金額為3,832,000港元(二零二零年: 3,850,000)。

#### 透過損益按公平價值列賬之金融資產公平價值 計量

計入綜合財務狀況表內之透過損益按公平價值 列賬之金融資產之公平價值,無法按活躍市場 之報價計量,可採用估值技術(包括採用市場比 較法及其他市場參與者常用之其他估值技術)計 量其公平價值。該等模型之輸入值盡可能從可 觀察市場獲取,倘若不可行,則需要作出一定 程度之判斷來確定公平價值。判斷包括考慮市 場可資比較及貼現率等輸入值。有關該等估值 之進一步詳情載於綜合財務報表附註37。



### 4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their products and services and has four reportable operating segments as follows:

- (a) the semiconductor distribution segment engages in the sale and distribution of electronic components;
- (b) the consumer product and product sourcing business segment engages in the design, development and sale of consumer products and product sourcing services;
- (c) the venture capital segment engages in the investments in listed/ unlisted equity and debt investments with an ultimate objective of obtaining capital gains on investee's equity listing or, in some circumstances, prior to listing. It also includes investments in real estate, managed funds, convertible bonds and listed bonds; and
- (d) the others segment mainly comprises the Group's internet social media business.

Management monitors the results of the Group's operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit/loss, which is a measure of adjusted profit/loss before tax. The adjusted profit/loss before tax is measured consistently with the Group's profit/loss before tax except that bank interest income, rental income, share of profits and losses of joint ventures and associates, impairment of investments in associates, gain on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment, impairment/ reversal of impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-ofuse assets, reversal of impairment of other receivables, changes in fair value of investment properties, finance costs and unallocated expenses are excluded from such measurement.

Segment assets exclude investments in joint ventures and associates, tax recoverable, cash and cash equivalents and other unallocated head office and corporate assets as these assets are managed on a group basis.

Segment liabilities exclude tax payable, deferred tax liabilities, lease liabilities, interest-bearing bank borrowings, financial guarantee obligation and other unallocated head office and corporate liabilities as these liabilities are managed on a group basis.

Intersegment sales and transfers are transacted with reference to the selling prices used for sales made to third parties at the then prevailing market prices.

### 4. 經營分部資料

就管理而言,本集團按產品及服務劃分其業務 單位,並有以下四個可呈報之經營分部:

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- (a) 半導體分銷分部,涉及電子元件之銷售及分銷;
- (b) 消費類產品及產品採購業務分部,涉及消費類產品之設計、開發及銷售以及產品採購服務;
- (c) 創投分部,涉及上市/非上市股本及債務 投資之投資,最終目標為在被投資企業股 本上市後或(在某些情況下)上市前取得資 本盈利,亦包括房地產、管理基金、可換 股債券及上市債券之投資;及
- (d) 其他分部主要包括本集團之互聯網社交媒 體業務。

管理層會分開監察本集團經營分部之業績,以 就資源分配及表現評估作出決定。分部表現乃 根據可呈報分部溢利/虧損(即經調整除税前溢 利/虧損之計量方法)評估。經調整除税前溢 利/虧損之計量方法與本集團除税前溢利/虧 損者一致,惟銀行利息收入、租金收入、分佔 合營企業及聯營公司溢利及虧損、於聯營公司 之投資之減值、出售物業、廠房及設備項目之 收益、物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產之減 值/減值撥回、其他應收款項之減值撥回、投 資物業公平價值之變動、融資成本及未分配開 支則不包括於該計量中。

分部資產不包括於合營企業及聯營公司之投 資、可收回税項、現金及等同現金項目以及其 他未分配總辦事處及公司資產,原因為該等資 產乃按集團基準管理。

分部負債不包括應付税項、遞延税項負債、租 賃負債、附息銀行借款、財務擔保責任以及其 他未分配總辦事處及公司負債,原因為該等負 債乃按集團基準管理。

分部間銷售及轉撥乃參考向第三方進行銷售時 使用之售價按當時通行市價進行。



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## 4. **OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)**

### 4. 經營分部資料(續)

		Semiconductor distribution	Consumer product and product sourcing business 消費類產品 及產品	Venture capital	Others	Total
		半導體分銷 HK <b>\$′000</b>	採購業務 HK <b>\$</b> ′000	創投 HK\$′000	其他 HK\$′000	總計 HK <b>\$'000</b>
			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Year ended 31 March 2021	截至二零二一年 三月三十一日止年度					
Segment revenue	分部收益					
Sales to external customers Other losses	向外界顧客之銷售 其他虧損	1,190,417 _	47,082 _	- (15,240)	3,661	1,241,160 (15,240)
Total Reconciliation:	總計 對賬:	1,190,417	47,082	(15,240)	3,661	1,225,920
Add: Other losses (note)	到服. 加:其他虧損(附註)					15,240
Revenue as presented in the consolidated statement of	於綜合損益表呈列 之收益					
profit or loss						1,241,160
Segment results Reconciliation:	<b>分部業績</b> 對賬:	34,645	(16,844)	(19,511)	(12,685)	(14,395)
Bank interest income Rental income	銀行利息收入 租金收入					33 4,151
Share of profits of joint ventures Share of profits of associates Impairment of investments	分佔合營企業溢利 分佔聯營公司虧損 於聯營公司之投資					316,859 139
in associates Reversal of impairment of property,	之減值 物業、廠房及設備					(588)
plant and equipment	之減值撥回					933
Reversal of impairment of right-of-use assets	使用權資產之減值撥回					194
Changes in fair value of investment properties	投資物業公平價值 之變動					4,305
Unallocated expenses	未分配開支					(33,942)
Finance costs	融資成本					(971)
Profit before tax	除税前溢利					276,718



综合財務報表附註

## 4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

### 4. 經營分部資料(續)

		Semiconductor distribution 半導體分銷 HK <b>\$</b> '000 千港元	Consumer product and product sourcing business 消費類產品 及產品 採購業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Venture capital 創投 HK <b>\$</b> '000 千港元	Others 其他 HK\$′000 千港元	Total 總計 HK <b>\$</b> ′000 千港元
Year ended 31 March 2020	截至二零二零年 三月三十一日止年度					
Segment revenue Sales to external customers Other losses	<b>分部收益</b> 向外界顧客之銷售 其他虧損	1,259,208	74,902 _	_ (15,296)	3,216	1,337,326 (15,296)
Total Reconciliation:	總計 對賬:	1,259,208	74,902	(15,296)	3,216	1,322,030
Add: Other losses (note)	加:其他虧損(附註)					15,296
Revenue as presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss	於綜合損益表呈列之收益					1,337,326
Segment results	分部業績	7,166	(24,964)	(22,439)	(6,951)	(47,188)
Reconciliation:	ン <b>印朱</b> 線 對賬:	7,100	(24,904)	(22,455)	(0,951)	(47,100)
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入					354
Rental income	租金收入					4,920
Share of profits of joint ventures	分佔合營企業溢利					181,344
Share of losses of associates Impairment of investments	分佔聯營公司虧損 於聯營公司之投資					(440)
in associates	之減值					(1,510)
Gain on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及 設備項目之收益					24
Impairment of property, plant	物業、廠房及設備 之減值					(2 570)
and equipment Impairment of right-of-use assets	之 <sub>//回</sub> 使用權資產之減值					(3,579) (5,529)
Reversal of impairment of other receivables	又而權負 <u>産</u> 之減值 其他應收款項之減值撥回					(3,323) 3,901
Changes in fair value of	投資物業公平價值					-,
investment properties	之變動					(2,268)
Unallocated expenses	未分配開支					(33,804)
Finance costs	融資成本					(3,763)
Profit before tax	除税前溢利					92,462

Note: Other losses in segment revenue were classified as other income and gains, and fair value losses on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, net, in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

附註:分部收益內之其他虧損已分類為綜合損益表內之 其他收入及收益以及透過損益按公平價值列賬之 金融資產之公平價值虧損淨額。



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## 4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

### 4. 經營分部資料(續)

		Semiconductor	Consumer product and product sourcing	Venture		
		distribution	business 消費類產品 及產品	capital	Others	Total
		半導體分銷	採購業務	創投	其他	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
31 March 2021	二零二一年三月三十一日					
Segment assets	分部資產	634,034	104,153	67,914	3,384	809,485
Reconciliation:	對賬:					
Elimination of intersegment receivables	抵銷分部間應收款項					(516,044)
Investments in joint ventures	於合營企業之投資					1,108,848
Investments in associates	於聯營公司之投資					7,732
Corporate and other unallocated assets	公司及其他未分配資產					176,594
Total assets	資產總值					1,586,615
Segment liabilities	分部負債	46,867	246,894	209,653	69,657	573,071
Reconciliation:	對賬:					
Elimination of intersegment payables	抵銷分部間應付款項					(516,044)
Corporate and other unallocated liabilities						104,579
Total liabilities	負債總額					161,606
31 March 2020	二零二零年三月三十一日					
Segment assets	分部資產	673,365	113,590	100,094	4,050	891,099
Reconciliation:	對賬:					
Elimination of intersegment receivables	抵銷分部間應收款項					(479,199)
Investments in joint ventures	於合營企業之投資					843,019
Investments in associates	於聯營公司之投資					248
Corporate and other unallocated assets	公司及其他未分配資產					138,653
Total assets	資產總值					1,393,820
Segment liabilities	分部負債	32,873	229,927	211,098	54,641	528,539
Reconciliation:	为 <b>即</b> 吴良 對賬:	52,075	223,321	2.1,000	5 170 1	520,533
Elimination of intersegment payables	抵銷分部間應付款項					(479,199)
Corporate and other unallocated liabilities						163,483
Total liabilities	負債總額					212,823
	只具际识					212,023



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## 4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued) Other segment information:

## 經營分部資料(續) 其他分部資料:

		Semiconductor	Consumer product and product sourcing	Venture		
		distribution	<b>business</b> 消費類產品 及產品	capital	Others	Total
		半導體分銷 HK\$'000	採購業務 HK\$'000	<b>創投</b> HK\$'000	<b>其他</b> HK\$'000	總計 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Year ended 31 March 2021	截至二零二一年 三月三十一日止年度					
Depreciation of property, plant	物業、廠房及設備折舊		_			
and equipment	使用權資產折舊	1,007	7 124	347	106	1,467
Depreciation of right-of-use assets Amortisation of other intangible assets	使用催員座如昏 其他無形資產之攤銷	1,047 19	- 124	1,000	-	2,171 19
Reversal of impairment of inventories	存貨之減值撥回	(475)	(251)	-	-	(726)
Impairment/(reversal of impairment) of	應收貿易賬款之減值/	(	()			()
trade receivables, net	(減值撥回),淨額	-	1,144	-	(6)	1,138
Reversal of impairment of property,	物業、廠房及設備					
plant and equipment	之減值撥回	-	(933)	-	-	(933)
Impairment/(reversal of impairment) of	使用權資產之減值/	474	(265)			(40.4)
right-of-use assets Impairment of investments in joint	(減值撥回) 於合營企業之投資之減值	171	(365)	-	-	(194)
ventures	你可習止未之仅具之, 侧但					82,197
Impairment of investments in associates	於聯營公司之投資之減值					588
Capital expenditure*	資本開支*	47	39	-	99	185
Year ended 31 March 2020	截至二零二零年 三月三十一日止年度					
Depreciation of property, plant	物業、廠房及設備折舊					
and equipment		1,304	466	316	282	2,368
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	1,021	320	1,046	-	2,387
Amortisation of other intangible assets	其他無形資產之攤銷	19	-	-	-	19
(Reversal of)/provision for impairment	存貨之減值(撥回)/撥備					
of inventories		(3,225)	3,575	-	-	350
(Reversal of impairment)/impairment	應收貿易賬款之(減值撥回)/ 減值,運算		(CO1)		21	(F00)
of trade receivables, net	減值,淨額 物業、廠房及設備之減值	-	(601)	-	21	(580)
Impairment of property, plant and equipment	彻未一顺厉及议佣之颅迫	1,538	1,494	_	547	3,579
Impairment of right-of-use assets	使用權資產之減值	513	5,016	_	-	5,529
Impairment of other intangible assets	其他無形資產之減值	200	-	-	-	200
Reversal of impairment of other receivables	其他應收款項之減值撥回					(3,901)
Impairment of investments in joint	於合營企業之投資之減值					()
ventures						105,353
Impairment of investments in associates	於聯營公司之投資之減值					1,510
Capital expenditure*	資本開支*	2,006	684	669	45	3,404

\* Capital expenditure consists of additions to property, plant and equipment.

資本開支包括添置物業、廠房及設備。



**综合財務報表附註** 31 March 2021 \_零\_-年三月三十一日

	<mark>經營分部資料</mark> (續) 地區資料 (a) 來自外界顧客之收益	t		ERATING SEGMENT INFO ographical information Revenue from external custom
202	2021			
二零二零	二零二一年			
HK\$'00	HK\$'000			
千港	千港元			
72,94	41,546		香港	Hong Kong
1,259,44	1,196,033		新加坡	Singapore
3,46	816		台灣	Taiwan
1,46	2,765		印尼	Indonesia
1,337,32	1,241,160			
產生所在地讀	上述收益資料乃根據銷售 分。		e is based on the locations in which	The revenue information above is the sales originated.
		,		
	<b>(b)</b> 非流動資產	(		Non-current assets
202	(b) 非流動資產 2021	(		Non-current assets
二零二零	(b) 非流動資產 2021 二零二一年	(		Non-current assets
	(b) 非流動資產 2021	(		Non-current assets
二零二零 <sup>4</sup> HK\$'00 千港	(b) 非流動資產 2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	(	<b>二</b> 注	
二零二零 <sup>4</sup> HK\$'00 千港 885,03	(b) 非流動資產 2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	(	香港	Hong Kong
二零二零 <sup>4</sup> HK\$'00 千港疗 885,03 115,79	(b) 非流動資產 2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,148,556 121,344	(	中國內地	Hong Kong Mainland China
二零二零 <sup>4</sup> HK\$'00 千港 885,03	(b) 非流動資產 2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	(		Hong Kong

The non-current asset information above is based on the locations of the assets and excludes financial instruments.

#### Information about major customers

For the year ended 31 March 2021, no revenue from the Group's sales to a single customer amounted to 10% or above of the Group's total revenue (2020: Nil).

上述非流動資產資料按資產所在地計算, 當中不包括金融工具。

### 有關主要客戶之資料

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,概無來 自本集團向一名單一客戶所作銷售之收益佔本 集團收益總額10%或以上(二零二零年:無)。



**综合財務報表附註** 

### 5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

### 5. 收益、其他收入及收益

An analysis of revenue, other income and gains is as follows:

收益、其他收入及收益之分析如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue from contracts with customers	客戶合約收益		
Semiconductor distribution	半導體分銷	1,190,417	1,259,208
Consumer product sales and product	消費類產品銷售及產品採購業務		
sourcing business		47,082	74,902
Others	其他	3,661	3,216
		1,241,160	1,337,326

## **Revenue from contracts with customers**

For the year ended 31 March 2021

(i) Disaggregated revenue information

## 來自客戶合約之收益

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

(i) 收益資料明細

				1 - /3 - 1	H H I K
			Consumer		
			product and		
			product		
		Semiconductor	sourcing		
Segments		distribution	business	Others	Total
			消費類產品及		
分部		半導體分銷	產品採購業務	其他	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Total revenue from contracts with customers	來自客戶合約之收益總額	1,190,417	47,082	3,661	1,241,160
Geographical markets	地區市場				
Hong Kong	香港	95	37,790	3,661	41,546
Singapore	新加坡	1,190,322	5,711	-	1,196,033
Taiwan	台灣	-	816	-	816
Indonesia	印尼	-	2,765	-	2,765
Total revenue from contracts with customers	來自客戶合約之收益總額	1,190,417	47,082	3,661	1,241,160
Timing of revenue recognition	收益確認的時間				
Transferred at a point in time	於某個時間點轉移	1,190,417	47,082	3,661	1,241,160



综合財務報表附註

31 March 2021 二零二一年三月三十一日

## 5. **REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS (continued)**

5. 收益、其他收入及收益(續)

An analysis of revenue, other income and gains is as follows: (continued)
Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)
(i) Disaggregated revenue information (continued)

收益、其他收入及收益之分析如下:(續) 來自客戶合約之收益(續)

## (i) 收益資料明細(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2020

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

Transferred at a point in time	於某個時 間點轉移	1,259,208	74,902	3,216	1,337,326
Timing of revenue recognition	收益確認的時間				
Total revenue from contracts with customers	來自客戶 合約之收益總額	1,259,208	74,902	3,216	1,337,326
Indonesia	印尼	-	1,468	-	1,468
Taiwan	台灣	-	3,469	-	3,469
Singapore	新加坡	1,251,775	7,665	-	1,259,440
Hong Kong	香港	7,433	62,300	3,216	72,949
Geographical markets	地區市場				
Total revenue from contracts with customers	來自客戶合約之收益總額	1,259,208	74,902	3,216	1,337,32
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
分部		半導體分銷	消費類產品及 產品採購業務	其他	總計
Segments		distribution	business	Others	Tota
		Semiconductor	product sourcing		
			product and		
			Consumer		

The following table shows the amounts of revenue recognised in the current reporting period that were included in the contract liabilities at the beginning of the reporting period: 下表列示於本報告期間確認之收益金額 (已計入報告期初合約負債):

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$′000 千港元
Revenue recognised that was included in contract liabilities at the beginning of the reporting period:	確認計入報告期初合約 負債中的收益:		
Sale of products	銷售產品	4,599	14,566



### 5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS (continued)

An analysis of revenue, other income and gains is as follows: (continued) **Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)** 

#### (ii) Performance obligations

Information about the Group's performance obligations is summarised below:

#### Sale of products

The performance obligation is satisfied upon delivery of the goods and payment is generally due within 30 to 45 days of issuance, except for well-established customers, where the terms are extended to over 60 days.

#### Provision of services

The performance obligation is satisfied when the services are rendered and payment is generally due within 30 to 45 days of issuance, except for well-established customers, where the terms are extended to over 60 days.

As a practical expedient, the transaction prices allocated to the remaining performance obligations (unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied) are not disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements because all the remaining performance obligations in relation to the sale of products are a part of contracts that have an original expected duration of one year or less.

#### Other income and gains

### 5. 收益、其他收入及收益(續)

收益、其他收入及收益之分析如下:(續) 來自客戶合約之收益(續)

#### (ii) 履約責任

本集團履約責任資料概述如下:

銷售產品

履約責任在交付貨品後達成及付款通常在 發出後30至45天內結付,惟信譽良好的 客戶除外,其期限延長至超過60天。

综合財務報表附註

#### 提供服務

履約責任隨提供服務時達成及付款通常在發出後30至45天內結付,惟信譽良好的客戶除外,其期限延長至超過60天。

作為可行權宜法,分配至餘下履約責任 (未達成或部分未達成)的交易價格並未於 綜合財務報表附註內披露,乃因所有與銷 售產品有關的餘下履約責任為原預計期限 為一年或以內合約的一部分。

#### 其他收入及收益

e the meene and game			
		<b>2021</b> 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		— ₹ —	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	33	354
Interest income on listed bond investments	上市債券投資之利息收入	2,589	2,506
Interest income on a loan receivable	應收貸款之利息收入	-	616
Dividend income from listed equity investments	上市股本投資之股息收入	11	187
Gain on disposal of items of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備項目		
plant and equipment	之收益	-	24
Rental income	租金收入	4,151	4,920
Government grants	政府補助	3,823	_
Foreign exchange differences, net	匯兑差額淨額	853	963
Revision of a lease term arising from a change in	租賃不可撤銷期間變動產生之		
the non-cancellable period of a lease	租賃期修改	2,526	_
Others	其他	2,629	4,307
		16,615	13,877



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31 March 2021 二零二一年三月三十一日

## 6. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

#### 除税前溢利 6.

		俊廷蚁:		
			2021	2020
		Notes 附註	二零二一年 <b>HK\$′000</b> 千港元	二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost of inventories sold** (Reversal of)/provision for	銷貨成本** 存貨減值(撥回)/撥備**		1,184,974	1,303,012
impairment of inventories**			(726)	350
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	12	1,467	2,368
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	12	2,171	2,387
Amortisation of other intangible assets*	其他無形資產攤銷* 未計入租賃負債之計量	16	19	19
Lease payments not included in the measurement of lease liabilities	木町八祖貝貝俱之町里 的租賃付款	14	1 570	2 226
Revision of lease term arising from	和祖員的款租賃不可撤銷期間變動產生之	14	1,578	3,336
a change in the non-cancellable period of a lease		14	(2,526)	_
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	14	2,008	2,007
Staff costs (including directors' remuneration	員工成本(包括董事酬金		2,000	2,007
– note 8):	一附註8):			
Wages, salaries and other allowances	工資、薪金及其他津貼		53,095	54,851
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款		1,836	1,666
			54,931	56,517
Other (income)/expenses, net:	其他(收入)/費用,淨額:			
Impairment of other intangible assets	其他無形資產減值	16	-	200
Impairment of financial assets, net:	金融資產之減值,淨額: ,			
Impairment of/(reversal of impairment of)	應收貿易賬款之減值/			
trade receivables, net	(減值撥回),淨額	21	1,138	(580)
Reversal of impairment of other receivables	其他應收款項之減值撥回	22	-	(3,901)
Impairment of investments in associates	於聯營公司之投資之減值	18	588	1,510
Impairment of investments in joint ventures	於合營企業之投資之減值 取消確認融資擔保責任之收益		82,197	105,353
Gain on derecognition of financial guarantee obligation	以府唯吣隵貝加怀貝口之收血		(82,197)	(105,353)
(Reversal of impairment)/impairment of	物業、廠房及設備(減值撥回)/		(02,157)	(105,555)
property, plant and equipment	減值	12	(933)	3,579
(Reversal of impairment)/impairment of	使用權資產(減值撥回)/	12	(555)	5,5,5
right-of-use assets	減值	12	(194)	5,529
Gain on deemed disposal of subsidiaries	視作出售附屬公司之收益	32	(4,924)	-
Others	其他		1,547	3,750
			(2,778)	10,087
Fair value losses on financial assets at fair	透過損益按公平價值列賬之金融			
value through profit or loss, net	資產之公平價值虧損,淨額		17,983	18,750
Foreign exchange differences, net	外匯差額,淨額		(853)	(963)
Gain on disposal of items of property, plant	出售物業、廠房及設備項目		(000)	(505)
and equipment	之收益		_	(24)
Direct operating expenses (including repairs	收租投資物業所產生之直接營運			· · · ·
and maintenance), arising on rental-earning	開支(包括維修及保養)			
investment properties			915	658
<ul> <li>* This balance is included in "Administrative e consolidated statement of profit or loss.</li> <li>** These balances are included in "Cost of sales" e statement of profit or loss.</li> </ul>			3計入綜合損益表之「行政 除乃計入綜合損益表之「銷	
statement of pront of 1035.				

本集團之除税前溢利乃扣除/(計入)以下各項 後達致:



综合財務報表附註 31 March 2021 二零二一年三月三十

### 7. FINANCE COSTS

## 7. 融資成本

An analysis of finance costs is as follows:

融資成本之分析如下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Interest on bank borrowings	銀行借款之利息	794	3,492
Interest on lease liabilities (note 14)	租賃負債之利息(附註14)	177	271

3,763

#### DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND FIVE HIGHEST 8. 董事薪酬及五位薪酬最高之僱員 8. PAID EMPLOYEES

### **Directors' remuneration**

Directors' remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules, section 383(1)(a), (b), (c) and (f) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, is as follows:

#### 董事薪酬

根據上市規則、香港公司條例第383(1)(a)、 (b)、(c)及(f)條及公司(披露董事利益資料)規例 第2部披露之年內董事薪酬如下:

971

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Fees	袍金	513	500
Other emoluments:	其他酬金:		
Salaries, housing and other allowances,	薪金、房屋及其他津貼以		
and benefits in kind	及實物利益	14,337	14,411
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款	597	298
		14,934	14,709
		15,447	15,209



綜合財務報表附註 31 March 2021 二零二一年三月三十一日

#### DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND FIVE HIGHEST 董事薪酬及五位薪酬最高之僱員 8. 8. PAID EMPLOYEES (continued) (續)

### **Directors' remuneration (continued)**

#### (a) Independent Non-executive Directors

The fees paid to Independent Non-executive Directors during the year are as follows:

## 董事薪酬(續)

### (a) 獨立非執行董事

年內支付予獨立非執行董事之袍金如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$′000 千港元
Dr. Lui Ming Wah, SBS, JP	呂明華博士,SBS,太平紳士	150	150
Mr. Charles Edward Chapman	Charles Edward Chapman先生	150	150
Mr. Lai Yat Hung Edmund (1)	黎逸鴻先生(附註) <sup>(1)</sup>	150	50
Mr. Wong Ka Kit <sup>(2)</sup>	黄家傑先生 <sup>(2)</sup>	63	150
Notes:		<b>513</b> 附註:	500
<sup>(1)</sup> the director was appointed on 6 December 2019.		(1) 該董事已於二零一; 任。	九年十二月六日獲委
(2) the director was resigned on 28 August	2020.	(2) 該董事已於二零二零	八月二十八日辭任。
There were no other emoluments pay Non-executive Directors during the year		年內並無其他應付獨立 (二零二零年 : 無)。	非執行董事之酬金
Executive Directors	(b)	執行董事	

#### **Executive Directors** (b)

Executive Directors		<b>(b)</b> 執行:	董事	
		Salaries, housing and other allowances, and benefits in kind 薪金、房屋及	Pension scheme contributions	Total remuneration
		新亚、房座及 其他津貼以及 實物利益 HK\$'000	退休金計劃 供款 HK\$'000	<b>薪酬總額</b> HK\$′000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
<b>2021</b> Executive Directors:	二零二一年 執行董事:			
Dr. So Yuk Kwan Mr. So Kevin Chi Heng	蘇煜均博士 蘇智恒先生	8,985 2,570	330 128	9,315 2,698
Mr. So Chi Sun Sunny	蘇智燊先生	2,782	139	2,921
		14,337	597	14,934
2020 Executive Directors:	二零二零年 執行董事:			
Dr. So Yuk Kwan	蘇煜均博士	8,821	34	8,855
Mr. So Kevin Chi Heng	蘇智恒先生	2,970	140	3,110
Mr. So Chi Sun Sunny	蘇智燊先生	2,620	124	2,744
		14,411	298	14,709



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## 8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND FIVE HIGHEST 8. PAID EMPLOYEES (continued)

#### **Directors' remuneration (continued)**

#### (b) Executive Directors (continued)

There was no other arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year (2020: Nil).

#### Five highest paid employees

The five highest paid employees during the year included three (2020: three) directors, details of whose remuneration are set out above. Details of the remuneration of the remaining two highest paid employees (2020: two) for the year are as follows:

### 董事薪酬及五位薪酬最高之僱員 (續)

#### 董事薪酬(續)

#### (b) 執行董事(續)

年內,概無任何有關董事放棄或同意放棄 任何薪酬之其他安排(二零二零年:無)。

#### 五位薪酬最高之僱員

年內,五位薪酬最高之僱員包括三位(二零二零 年:三位)董事,其薪酬詳情載於上文。年內其 餘兩位薪酬最高之僱員(二零二零年:兩位)之 薪酬詳情如下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		НК\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	薪金、津貼及實物利益	4,051	3,587
The number of non-director, highest p	oaid employees whose	薪酬介乎以下組別之薪酬最高	非董事僱員之人

remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

薪酬介乎以下組別之薪酬最高非董事僱員之人 數如下:

		Number of employees 僱員人數	
		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	-	1
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元	1	-
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000	2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元	1	1
		2	2



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## 9. INCOME TAX

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made as the Group did not generate any assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year. Taxes on profits assessable elsewhere have been calculated at the rates of tax prevailing in the jurisdictions in which the Group operates.

### 9. 所得税

由於本集團於年內並無在香港產生任何應課税 溢利,故並無計提香港利得税撥備。其他地區 應課税溢利之税項乃按本集團經營業務所在司 法權區之現行適用税率計算。

		<b>2021</b> 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		— ₹ — HK\$′000	—
		千港元	千港元
Current-Elsewhere	即期-其他地區		
Charge for the year	年內支出	7,098	1,598
Deferred (note 28)	遞延(附註28)	94	113
Total tax charge for the year	年內税項支出總額	7,192	1,711

A reconciliation of the tax expense applicable to profit before tax at the statutory rate for the jurisdictions in which the Company and the majority of its subsidiaries are domiciled to the tax charge at the effective tax rate is as follows: 採用本公司及其大部分附屬公司註冊司法權區 之法定税率計算之除税前溢利適用之税項開支 與按實際税率計算之税項支出之對賬如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 工进一
		千港元	千港元
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	276,718	92,462
Tax at the statutory tax rate of 16.5%	按法定税率16.5%(二零二零年:16.5%)	45 450	45.256
(2020: 16.5%)	計算之税項	45,658	15,256
Effect of different tax rates in other jurisdictions	其他司法權區税率差異之影響	155	(49)
Profits and losses attributable to joint ventures	合營企業及聯營公司應佔		
and associates	溢利及虧損	(52,305)	(29,849)
Income not subject to tax	毋須課税收入	(5,529)	(3,498)
Expenses not deductible for tax	不可扣税開支	6,749	6,964
Tax losses not recognised	未確認之税項虧損	12,200	12,990
Others	其他	264	(103)
Tax charge for the year	年內税項支出	7,192	1,711

The share of tax attributable to joint ventures and associates amounting to HK\$59,345,000 (2020: HK\$30,872,000) and HK\$13,000 (2020: Nil), respectively, is included in "Share of profits and losses of joint ventures and associates" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

分佔合營企業及聯營公司之應佔税項分別為 59,345,000港元(二零二零年:30,872,000港 元)及13,000港元(二零二零年:零),已計入綜 合損益表內之「分佔合營企業及聯營公司溢利及 虧損」。



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### **10. DIVIDEND**

## 10. 股息

	<b>2021</b> 20
	二零二一年    二零二零 HK\$'000    HK\$'0
	千港元 千浦
	股普通股0.030港元
(2020: HK\$0.025) per ordinary share (二零二零年: 0.	.025港元) <b>27,260</b> 22,7
At the Board meeting held on 25 June 2021, the Board resolved recommend the payment of a final dividend of HK\$0.030 (202 HK\$0.025) per share for the year ended 31 March 2021. The propose final dividend is not reflected as dividend payable in the consolidate financial statements until it is approved by the shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.	20:         上,董事會議決建議派付截至二零二一年3           ed         三十一日止年度之末期股息每股0.030港元           ed         零二零年:0.025港元)。建議末期股息於股
EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY	11. 本公司擁有人應佔每股盈利
The calculation of the basic earnings per share amount is based of the profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 908,663,302 (202 908,663,302) in issue during the year.	he 年內溢利及年內已發行普通股之加權平均
The Company had no dilutive potential ordinary shares in issue for th current year.	he 本公司於本年度並無已發行具攤薄影響之》 普通股。
The calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share is based on:	每股基本及攤薄盈利乃根據以下數據計算:
	<b>2021</b> 20
	<b>二零二一</b> 年 二零二零
	HK\$'000 HK\$'0 千港元 千洲

269,788 93,443 calculation



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## 11. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY (continued)

# 11. 本公司擁有人應佔每股盈利(續)

The calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share is based on: (continued)

每股基本及攤薄盈利乃根據以下數據計算: (續)

		Number o 股份數	
		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Shares	股份		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year used in the basic	用以計算每股基本及攤薄盈利之 年內已發行普通股加權平均數		
and diluted earnings per share calculation		908,663,302	908,663,302

# 12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND RIGHT- 12. 物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產 OF-USE ASSETS

		Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets	物業、廠房及設備 使用權資產	(a) (b)	7,098 25,273	8,220 27,203
			32.371	35.423



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12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND RIGHT- OF-USE ASSETS (continued)	<b>12.</b> 物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產
(a) Property, plant and equipment	(a) 物業、廠房及設備

		Buildings (Hong Kong) 樓宇 (香港) HKS'000 千港元	Freehold land and buildings (outside Hong Kong) 永久業權 土地及樓牢 (香港以外地區) HK\$'000 千港元	Leasehold improvements 租賃 物業裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture, fittings and office equipment 傢俬、裝置及 辦公室設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicles KK\$'000 千港元	Plant and machinery 廠房及機器 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
31 March 2021	二零二一年三月三十一日							
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020:	於二零二零年三月三十一日 及二零二零年四月一日:							
Cost	成本	5,409	8,370	9,682	7,845	7,708	1,163	40,177
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	累計折舊及減值	(1,813)	(5,203)	(9,682)	(7,644)	(6,452)	(1,163)	(31,957)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨額	3,596	3,167	_	201	1,256	-	8,220
At 1 April 2020, net of accumulated	於二零二零年四月一日,							
depreciation and impairment	扣除累計折舊及減值	3,596	3,167	-	201	1,256	-	8,220
Additions	添置	-	-	-	185	-	-	185
Deemed disposal of subsidiaries	視作出售附屬公司(附註32)							
(note 32)	てなっており	-	-	(546)	(450)	-	-	(996)
Depreciation (note 6) Reversal of impairment (note 6)	折舊(附註6) 減值撥回(附註6)	(132)	(701)	- 533	(157) 400	(477)	-	(1,467) 933
Exchange realignment	减值吸回(M100) 匯兑調整		181	13	400	- 15	-	223
At 31 March 2021, net of accumulated	故-柬-年三日三∔日,							
depreciation and impairment	小二マニー 〒二八二7 日 扣除累計折舊及減值	3,464	2,647	-	193	794	-	7,098
At 31 March 2021:	於二零二一年三月三十一日:							
Cost	成本	5,409	8,876	8,511	7,537	7,759	1,163	39,255
Accumulated depreciation and	累計折舊及減值							
impairment		(1,945)	(6,229)	(8,511)	(7,344)	(6,965)	(1,163)	(32,157)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨額	3,464	2,647	-	193	794	-	7,098



综合財務報表附註 31 March 2021 二零二一年三月三十一日

12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND RIGHT- OF-USE ASSETS (continued)	<b>12.</b> 物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產
(a) Property, plant and equipment (continued)	(a) 物業、廠房及設備(續)
Freehold	
land and	Furniture,
buildings	fittings
Buildings (outside	Leasehold and office Motor Plant and

	Buildings	(outside	Leasenoid	and office	Motor	Plant and	
	(Hong Kong)	Hong Kong) 永久業權	improvements	equipment	vehicles	machinery	Total
	樓宇	土地及樓宇	租賃	傢俬、裝置及			
	(香港)	(香港以外地區)	物業裝修	辦公室設備	汽車	廠房及機器	合計
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
二零二零年三月三十一日							
於二零一九年四月一日:							
成本	5,144	8,909	7,585	7,839	7,757	1,163	38,397
累計折舊及減值							
	(1,687)	(4,854)	(7,447)	(6,166)	(6,599)	(469)	(27,222)
賬面淨額	3,457	4,055	138	1,673	1,158	694	11,175
於二零一九年四月一日,扣除							
	3.457	4.055	138	1.673	1,158	694	11,175
	265	-	2,097	373	669	-	3,404
出售	-	-	-	(1)	(95)	-	(96)
折舊(附註6)	(126)	(673)	(332)	(560)	(444)	(233)	(2,368)
減值(附註6)	-	-	(1,907)	(1,210)	-	(462)	(3,579)
匯兑調整	-	(215)	4	(74)	(32)	1	(316)
於二零二零年三月三十一日,							
扣除累計折舊及減值	3,596	3,167	-	201	1,256	-	8,220
於二零二零年三月三十一日:							
	5.409	8.370	9.682	7.845	7.708	1.163	40,177
累計折舊及減值	.,		.,	,	,	1	.,
	(1,813)	(5,203)	(9,682)	(7,644)	(6,452)	(1,163)	(31,957)
賬面淨額	3,596	3,167	-	201	1,256	-	8,220
	於二零一九年四月一日: 成本 累計折舊及減值 賬面淨額 於二零一九年四月一日,扣除 累計折舊及減值 添置 出售 折舊(附註6) 產兑調整 於二零二零年三月三十一日, 扣除累計折舊及減值 於二零二零年三月三十一日; 成本	(Hong Kong)         標宇 (香港)         二零二零年三月三十一日         於二零一九年四月一日:         成本       5,144         累計折舊及減值       (1,687)         賬面淨額       3,457         漆置       265         出售       -         折舊(附註6)       (126)         減值(附註6)       -         成本       5,596         於二零二零年三月三十一日:       3,596         於二零二零年三月三十一日:       5,409         案計折舊及減值       1,813	(Hong Kong)         Hong Kong) 永久葉權 樓宇         Hong Kong) 永久葉權 土地及樓宇           (香港)         (香港以外地區)           HKS'000         千港元           二零二零年三月三十一日         (1.687)           成本         5,144           寒白草館         (1.687)           東計折舊及減值         3,457           秋二零一九年四月一日・扣除 累計折舊及減值         3,457           秋二零一九年四月一日・扣除 累計折舊及減值         3,457           秋二零一九年四月一日・加除 累計折舊及減值         3,457           大二零一九年四月一日・11除         265           次二零一九年四月一日・11除         265           方置         265           二零二、二、二、二、二、二、二、二、二、二、二、二、二、二、二、二、二、二、二	(Hong Kong) 永久葉権 (香港)Hong Kong) 永久葉権 (香港以外地區)improvements 秋葉終修 物業装修 特末元一零二零年三月三十一日(香港)(香港以外地區)物業支修 物業支修 日K\$'000 干港元二零二零十二月二十一日 次二零一九年四月一日 : 成本 累計折舊及減值5,1448,9097,585原面浮額3,4574,055138於二零一九年四月一日 · 扣除 累計折舊及減值3,4574,055138漆雪265-2,097出售折舊(附註6)(126)(673)(332)減值(附註6)(1,907)厘兑調整-2(215)4於二零二零年三月三十一日 · 九除果計析舊及減值3,5963,167六二零二零年三月三十一日 : 成本 累計折舊及減值5,4098,3709,682泉計折舊及減值(1,813)(5,203)(9,682)	(Hong Kong) $\lambda \Lambda Х # ##(ST #)Hong Kong)\lambda \Lambda X # ##KS 000improvements\lambda \Lambda X # ##KS 000equipment\lambda \Lambda X # ##M # KS 000equipmentM K S 000HKS 000H K S 000HKS 000HKS 000HKS 000H K S 000HKS 000HKS 000HKS 000HKS 000I K S 000I I S 0I I I I I I S 0I I S 0I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I $	(Hong Kong)         Hong Kong)         improvements         equipment         vehicles           水久葉権         様字         土地及僕子         租賃         係私、装置及         洗車           (香港)         (香港)(香港)(%100)         州K5'000)         州K5'000         HK5'000         I	(Hong Kong)         Hong Kong)         improvements         equipment         vehicles         machinery           水大葉櫨         程子         土地及建字         租賃         傢 係 、 装置及         汽車         廠房及機器           (香港)         (香港以外地區)         地数支修         地致2000         円米3000         円米5000         円米5000         円米5000         円米5000         円米2000         日米2000         日米2000<

## 12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (continued)

#### (a) Property, plant and equipment (continued)

At 31 March 2021, the Group's certain property, plant and equipment and leasehold land included in right-of-use assets (note 12(b)) with a carrying amount of HK\$23,762,000 (2020: HK\$24,648,000) were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to Group.

At 31 March 2020, the Group's management identified certain subsidiaries which continued to sustain losses and estimated corresponding recoverable amounts of their property, plant and equipment. Based on these estimates, an impairment loss of HK\$3,579,000 was recognised to write down the carrying amounts of these items of property, plant and equipment to their recoverable amount of nil as at 31 March 2020. The recoverable amount of the items of property, plant and equipment was determined based on a value-in-use calculation using cash flow projections based on financial budgets covering the remaining useful lives of the respective items of property, plant and equipment.

#### (b) Right-of-use assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's right-of-use assets and the movements during the year are as follows:

# 12. 物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產

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#### (a) 物業、廠房及設備(續)

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集 團計入使用權資產(附註12(b))賬面 值為23,762,000港元(二零二零年: 24,648,000港元)之物業、廠房及設備及 租賃土地已予抵押,作為授予本集團之一 般銀行信貸之擔保。

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團的管 理層識別若干持續錄得虧損的附屬公司並 彼等物業、廠房及設備的相關估計可收回 金額。根據該等估計,於二零二零一三月 三十一日確認減值虧損3,579,000港元, 以撇減該等物業、廠房及設備項目的賬面 值至彼等的可收回金額為零。物業、廠房 及設備項目的可收回金額根據使用價值計 算法釐定,該計算方法乃採用基於涵蓋有 關物業、廠房及設備項目的餘下使用年期 的財務預算的現金流量預測。

#### (b) 使用權資產

本集團使用權資產之賬面值及年內變動如 下:

		Leasehold			
		land	Buildings	Motor vehicles	Total
		租賃土地	樓宇	汽車	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
As at 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日	23,134	743	5,285	29,162
Additions	添置	1.773	5,049	-	6,822
Depreciation (note 6)	折舊(附註6)	(840)	(367)	(1,180)	(2,387)
Impairment (note 6)	減值(附註6)	_	(5,415)	(114)	(5,529)
Disposal	出售	_	-	(841)	(841)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	_	26	(50)	(24)
As at 31 March 2020 and	於二零二零年三月三十一日				
1 April 2020	及二零二零年四月一日	24,067	36	3,100	27,203
Additions	添置	,	257	_	257
Deemed disposal of subsidiaries	視作出售附屬公司(附註32)				
(note 32)		-	(200)	-	(200)
Depreciation (note 6)	折舊(附註6)	(864)	(174)	(1,133)	(2,171)
Reversal of impairment (note 6)	減值撥回(附註6)	-	194	-	194
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	_	(37)	27	(10)
As at 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	23,203	76	1,994	25,273



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## 12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND RIGHT-**OF-USE ASSETS** (continued)

### (b) Right-of-use assets (continued)

At 31 March 2020, the Group's management identified certain subsidiaries which continued to sustain losses and estimated corresponding recoverable amounts of their right-of-use assets. Based on these estimates, an impairment loss of HK\$5,529,000 was recognised to write down the carrying amounts of these items of right-of-use assets to their recoverable amount of Nil as at 31 March 2020. The recoverable amount of the items of rightof-use assets was determined based on a value-in-use calculation using cash flow projections based on financial budgets covering the remaining lease terms of the respective right-of-use assets.

# **13. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

### 12. 物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產 (續)

#### (b) 使用權資產(續)

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團的管 理層識別若干持續錄得虧損的附屬公司並 彼等使用權資產的相關估計可收回金額。 根據該等估計,於二零二零年三月三十一 日確認減值虧損5.529.000港元,以撇減 該等使用權資產項目的賬面值至彼等的可 收回金額為零。使用權資產項目的可收回 金額根據使用價值計算法釐定,該計算方 法乃採用基於涵蓋有關使用權資產的餘下 租期的財務預算的現金流量預測。

# 13. 投資物業

		<b>2021</b> 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Carrying amount at beginning of year	年初之賬面金額	120,437	125,798
Changes in fair value of investment properties	投資物業公平價值之變動	4,305	(2,268)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	3,343	(3,093)

Carrying amount at end of year	年終之賬面金額	128,085	120,437

The Group's investment properties consist of one residential property in Hong Kong, four office properties and several serviced apartments in Mainland China and one residential property in Singapore. The directors of the Company have determined that the investment properties consist of three classes of asset, i.e., residential properties, office properties and serviced apartments, based on the nature, characteristics and risks of each property. The Group's investment property in Hong Kong was revalued on 31 March 2021 based on a valuation performed by management with reference to recent market transactions at HK\$6,800,000. The Group's investment properties in Shenzhen and Chengdu were revalued on 31 March 2021 based on valuations performed by ValQuest Advisory (Hong Kong) Limited, independent professionally qualified valuer, at HK\$72,633,000 and HK\$26,735,000, respectively. The Group's investment property in Singapore was revalued on 31 March 2021 based on valuation performed by TEHO Property Consultants Pte. Ltd., independent professionally gualified valuer, at HK\$21,917,000. Each year, the Group's chief financial officer decides to appoint which external valuer to be responsible for the external valuations of the Group's properties. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained. The Group's chief financial officer has discussions with the valuers on the valuation assumptions and valuation results when the valuations are performed for annual financial reporting.

本集團之投資物業包括位於香港之一項住宅物 業、位於中國內地之四項辦公室物業及多套服 務式公寓以及位於新加坡之一項住宅物業。本 公司董事確認,按照各物業之性質、特點及風 險,該等投資物業可劃分為三類資產,即住宅 物業、辦公室物業及服務式公寓。本集團位於 香港之投資物業由管理層參照近期市場交易 進行估值,於二零二一年三月三十一日重估為 6.800.000港元。本集團位於深圳及成都之投資 物業由獨立專業合資格估值師中誠達行(香港) 有限公司進行估值,於二零二一年三月三十一 日分別重估為72,633,000港元及26,735,000港 元。本集團位於新加坡之投資物業由獨立專業 合資格估值師TEHO Property Consultants Pte. Ltd.進行估值,於二零二一年三月三十一日重 估為21,917,000港元。本集團首席財務總監每 年決定委任之外部估值師,負責對本集團之物 業進行外部估值。甄選條件包括市場知識、聲 譽、獨立性及能否維持專業標準。於就年度財 務申報進行估值時,本集團首席財務總監已經 與估值師討論估值假設及估值結果。



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## 13. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

The investment properties are leased to third parties under operating leases, further summary details of which are included in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

Further particulars of the Group's investment properties are included on page 200.

## Fair value hierarchy

The following table illustrates the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's investment properties:

# 13. 投資物業(續)

投資物業乃根據經營租賃租予第三方,進一步 概要詳情載於綜合財務報表附註14。

有關本集團投資物業之進一步詳情載於第200 頁。

## 公平價值等級架構

下表列示本集團投資物業之公平價值計量等級 架構:

### Fair value measurement as at 31 March 2021 using

於二零二一年三月三十一日之 公平價值計量時使用

		4	./13		
		Quoted prices in active markets	Significant observable inputs	Significant unobservable inputs	
		(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	Total
		活躍市場	重大可觀察	重大不可觀察	
		之報價	輸入值	輸入值	
		(第一層)	(第二層)	(第三層)	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Recurring fair value measurement for:	下列各項之經常性公平 價值計量:				
Residential properties	住宅物業	-	-	28,717	28,717
Office properties	辦公室物業	-	-	72,633	72,633
Serviced apartments	服務式公寓	-	-	26,735	26,735
		_	-	128,085	128,085



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# 13. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

# **13.** 投資物業 (續) 公平價值等級架構 (續)

	using 一日之	value measurem 81 March 2020 u 二零年三月三十- 平價值計量時使別	as at 3 於二零二		
	Significant unobservable	Significant observable	Quoted prices in active		
Total	inputs (Level 3) 重大不可觀察 輸入值	inputs (Level 2) 重大可觀察 輸入值	markets (Level 1) 活躍市場 之報價		
合計 HK\$'000	(第三層) HK\$'000	(第二層) HK\$'000	(第一層) HK\$'000		
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元		
				下列各項之經常性公平 價值計量:	Recurring fair value measurement for:
26,623	26,623	_	_	住宅物業	Residential properties
67,603	67,603	_	_	辦公室物業	Office properties
26,211	26,211	-	_	服務式公寓	Serviced apartments
120,437	120,437	_	_		

During the year, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 (2020: Nil).

年內,第一及第二層公平價值計量之間並無轉 移,第三層亦無任何轉入或轉出(二零二零年: 無)。



# 13. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

# 13. 投資物業(續)

#### Fair value hierarchy (continued)

Reconciliation of fair value measurements categorised within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy:

### **公平價值等級架構(續)** 分類為公平價值等級架構第三層之公平價值計

力與局公十頃值寺級朱伸弟二層之公十頃值司 量對賬:

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		Residential properties 住宅物業 HK\$'000 千港元	Office properties 辦公室物業 HK\$'000 千港元	Serviced apartments 服務式公寓 HK\$'000 千港元
Carrying amount at 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日 之賬面金額	27,340	71,797	26,661
Net gains/(losses) from a fair value adjustment recognised in the consolidated statement of	於綜合損益表內確認之 公平價值調整 收益/(虧損)淨額	569	(4.104)	1 257
profit or loss Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(1,286)	(4,194)	1,357 (1,807)
Carrying amount at 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日 及二零二零年四月一日 之賬面金額	26,623	67,603	26,211
Net gains/(losses) from a fair value adjustment recognised in the consolidated statement of profit	於綜合損益表內確認之 公平價值調整 收益/(虧損)淨額	_0,0_0	0.,000	,
or loss	<b>座大曹</b>	868	5,030	(1,593)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	1,226		2,117
Carrying amount at 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日 之賬面金額	28,717	72,633	26,735



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# 13. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

### Fair value hierarchy (continued)

Below is a summary of the valuation techniques used and the key inputs to the valuation of investment properties:

# 13. 投資物業(續)

公平價值等級架構(續)

下文概述於對投資物業進行估值時所用估值技 術及主要輸入值:

	Valuation techniques 估值技術	Significant unobservable inputs 重大不可觀察輸入值	Value/Range (weighted average) 數值/範圍(加權平均)
Residential property situated in Hong Kong 位於香港之住宅物業	Market comparison approach 市場比較法	Adjusted unit price (per square foot) 經調整單位價格(每平方呎)	HK\$12,639 (2020: HK\$12,104) 12,639港元 (二零二零年:12,104港元)
Residential property situated in Singapore 位於新加坡之住宅物業	Market comparison approach 市場比較法	Adjusted unit price (per square meter) 經調整單位價格(每平方米)	SGD20,541 (2020: SGD20,000) 20,541坡元 (二零二零年:20,000坡元)
Office properties situated in Mainland China 位於中國內地之辦公室物業	Market comparison approach 市場比較法	Adjusted unit price (per square meter) 經調整單位價格(每平方米)	RMB61,353 (2020: RMB61,852) 人民幣61,353元 (二零二零年:人民幣61,852元)
Serviced apartments situated in Mainland China 位於中國內地之服務式公寓	Market comparison approach 市場比較法	Adjusted unit price (per square meter) 經調整單位價格(每平方米)	RMB20,774 (2020: RMB22,061) 人民幣20,774元 (二零二零年:人民幣22,061元)

Under the market comparison approach, the properties are valued on the market basis assuming sales in their existing state with the benefit of vacant possession and by making reference to comparable sales evidence as available in the relevant markets. Comparison is based on prices realised in actual transactions or asking prices of comparable properties. Appropriate adjustments are then made to account for the differences between such properties in terms of age, time, location, floor level and other relevant factors.

A significant increase/(decrease) in the adjusted unit price would result in a significant increase/(decrease) in the fair value of the investment properties.

根據市場比較法,物業按市場基準進行估值, 當中假設以現況交吉出售,並參照相關市場可 獲得之可資比較銷售憑證。比較以實際交易錄 得之價格或可資比較物業之叫價為基礎。有關 價格其後作出適當調整,以計及物業樓齡、時 間、位置、樓層及其他相關因素等差異。

經調整單位價格顯著上升/(下跌)將導致投資 物業公平價值顯著上升/(下跌)。

# **14. LEASES AND LEASE LIABILITIES**

#### The Group as a lessee

The Group has lease contracts for various items of land, buildings and motor vehicles used in its operations. Land has lease term of 50 years. Leases of buildings generally have lease terms between two and three years, while motor vehicles generally have lease term of five years. Generally, the Group is restricted from assigning and subleasing the leased assets outside the Group.

#### (a) Lease liabilities

The carrying amounts of the lease liabilities and the movements during the year are as follows:

# **14. 租賃及租賃負債** 本集團作為承租人

本集團就其經營中使用的各種土地、樓宇及汽 車項目訂立租賃合約。土地的租期為50年。樓 宇的租期通常在兩至三年之間,而汽車的租期 通常為五年。一般而言,本集團不得在本集團 以外轉讓和轉租租賃資產。

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### (a) 租賃負債

租賃負債的賬面值及年內變動如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$′000 千港元
As at 1 April	於四月一日	6,712	4,243
New leases	新租賃	257	5,049
Accretion of interest recognised	年內確認的利息增加		
during the year (note 7)	(附註7)	177	271
Payments	付款	(3,013)	(2,820)
Revision of a lease term arising from a change in the non-cancellable	租賃不可撤銷期間變動 產生之租賃期修改		
period of a lease		(2,526)	-
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	38	(31)
As at 31 March	於三月三十一日	1,645	6,712
Analysed for reporting purpose as:	項目呈報分析:		
Current liabilities	流動負債	870	3,624
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	775	3,088
		1,645	6,712

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities is disclosed in note 38 to the consolidated financial statements.

租賃負債的到期日分析於綜合財務報表附 註38中披露。



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## 14. LEASES AND LEASE LIABILITIES (continued)

#### The Group as a lessee (continued)

(b) The amounts recognised in consolidated statement of profit or loss in relation to leases are as follows:

# 14. 租賃及租賃負債(續)

本集團作為承和人(續)

(b) 就租賃於綜合損益表中確認的金額如下:

	2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
租賃負債利息	177	271
使用權資產之折舊費用	2,171	2,387
使用權資產之(減值撥回)/減值		
	(194)	5,529
與餘下租期於二零二零年 三月三十一日或之前結束 的短期租賃及其他租賃 有關的開支(計入行政開支)*		
	1,578	3,336
修改(附註6)		
	(2,526)	-
於損益確認之總金額	1,206	11,523
	使用權資產之折舊費用 使用權資產之(減值撥回)/減值 與餘下租期於二零二零年 三月三十一日或之前結束 的短期租賃及其他租賃 有關的開支(計入行政開支)* (附註6) 租賃不可撤銷期間產生之租賃期 修改(附註6)	二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元         租賃負債利息       177         使用權資產之折舊費用       2,171         使用權資產之(減值撥回)/減值       (194)         與餘下租期於二零二零年       (194)         與餘下租期於二零二零年       (194)         與餘下租期於二零二零年       (194)         與餘下租期於二零二零年       (194)         與餘下和期於二零二零年       (1578)         相質不可撤銷期間產生之租賃期       (1578)         個賃不可撤銷期間產生之租賃期       (2,526)

Included in "lease payments not included in the measurement of lease liabilities" in note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

The total cash outflow for leases is disclosed in note 33 to the (c) consolidated financial statements.

### The Group as a lessor

The Group leases its investment properties (note 13) consisting of one residential property in Hong Kong, four office properties and several serviced apartments in Mainland China, and one residential property in Singapore under operating lease arrangements. The terms of the leases generally require the tenants to pay security deposits. Rental income recognised by the Group during the year was HK\$4,151,000 (2020: HK\$4,920,000), details of which are included in note 5 to the consolidated financial statements

- 之計量的租賃付款」。
- 租賃的現金流出總額於綜合財務報表附註 (c) 33中披露。

#### 本集團作為出租人

本集團根據經營租賃安排出租於香港的一項住 宅物業、於中國內地的四項辦公室物業及若干 服務式公寓以及於新加坡的一項住宅物業的投 資物業(附註13)。租賃之條款一般要求租戶 支付保證金。本集團於年內確認的租金收入 為4,151,000港元(二零二零年:4,920,000港 元),詳情載於綜合財務報表附註5。





## 14. LEASES AND LEASE LIABILITIES (continued)

#### The Group as a lessor (continued)

At 31 March 2021, the undiscounted lease payments receivable by the Group in future periods under non-cancellable operating leases with its tenants are as follows:

## **14. 租賃及租賃負債**(續) 本集團作為出租人(續)

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團與租戶在 不可撤銷的經營租賃下於未來期間應收的未貼 現租賃付款如下:

5,597

7,141

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within one year	一年內	3,671	3,530
After one year but within two years	超過一年但兩年內	1,926	1,970
After two years but within three years	超過兩年但三年內	-	1,641

## 15. GOODWILL

#### 2021 2020 二零二一年 二零二零年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 At beginning and end of year: 年初及年末: 成本 32,780 32.780 Cost 累計減值 Accumulated impairment (32,780) (32,780) Net carrying amount 賬面淨額

15. 商譽

# Impairment testing of goodwill and other intangible assets

Goodwill and other intangible assets acquired through business combination are allocated to the cash-generating unit of the semiconductor distribution business and the mobile application development business for impairment testing.

#### Semiconductor distribution business

Goodwill allocated to semiconductor distribution business was fully impaired in previous years.

#### Mobile application development business

The business was terminated and the goodwill allocated to mobile application development business was fully impaired in previous years.

#### 商譽及其他無形資產減值測試

透過業務合併收購之商譽及其他無形資產已分 配至半導體分銷業務及手機應用程式開發業務 之現金產生單位,以作減值測試。

#### 半導體分銷業務

分配至半導體分銷業務之商譽已於上一年度全 數減值。

#### 手機應用程式開發業務

該業務已終止且分配至手機應用程式開發業務 之商譽已於過往年度全數減值。



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# **16. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

# 16. 其他無形資產

		Club memberships 會籍 HK\$'000 千港元	Trademarks 商標 HK\$'000 千港元	Customer relationships 客戶關係 HK\$'000 千港元	Mobile application 手機應用程式 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
31 March 2021	二零二一年三月三十一日					
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020:	於二零二零年三月三十一日及 二零二零年四月一日:					
Cost	成本	4,514	87	23,998	9,400	37,999
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	累計攤銷及減值	(664)	(87)	(23,998)	(9,400)	(34,149)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨額	3,850		_	_	3,850
Cost at 1 April 2020, net of accumulated	於二零二零年四月一日的成本					
amortisation and impairment	扣除累計攤銷及減值	3,850	-	-	-	3,850
Amortisation (note 6)	攤銷(附註6)	(19)	-	-	-	(19)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	1		-	-	1
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	3,832		-	-	3,832
At 31 March 2021:	於二零二一年三月三十一日:					
Cost	成本	4,514	87	23,998	9,400	37,999
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	累計攤銷及減值	(682)	(87)	(23,998)	(9,400)	(34,167)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨額	3,832	-	-	-	3,832



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## **16. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS** (continued)

# 16. 其他無形資產(續)

		Club memberships 會籍 HK\$'000 千港元	Trademarks 商標 HK\$'000 千港元	Customer relationships 客戶關係 HK\$'000 千港元	Mobile application 手機應用程式 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
31 March 2020	二零二零年三月三十一日					
At 1 April 2019:	於二零一九年四月一日:					
Cost	成本	4,682	87	25,602	9,400	39,771
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	累計攤銷及減值	(448)	(87)	(25,602)	(9,400)	(35,537)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨額	4,234	_	-	-	4,234
Cost at 1 April 2019, net of accumulated	於二零一九年四月一日的成本,					
amortisation and impairment	扣除累計攤銷及減值	4,234	-	-	-	4,234
Disposal	出售	(163)	-	-	-	(163)
Impairment (note 6)	減值(附註6)	(200)	-	-	-	(200)
Amortisation (note 6)	攤銷(附註6)	(19)	-	-	-	(19)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(2)	-	-	-	(2)
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	3,850	-	-	-	3,850
At 31 March 2020:	於二零二零年三月三十一日:					
Cost	成本	4,514	87	23,998	9,400	37,999
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	累計攤銷及減值	(664)	(87)	(23,998)	(9,400)	(34,149)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨額	3,850	-	_	-	3,850

In the prior year, certain club memberships were impaired due to the decrease in market value. The directors had consequently determined to recognise an impairment loss on certain club memberships amounting to HK\$200,000 and their recoverable amount of HK\$750,000 was determined using the fair value less costs of disposal with reference to the market price quoted for the relevant club memberships.

於上個年度,若干會籍減值乃因市值降低。董 事隨後已確定確認若干會籍的減值虧損200,000 港元並參考就相關會籍所報市價,使用公平價 值減去出售成本釐定彼等的可收回金額750,000 港元。



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# **17. INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES**

# 17. 於合營企業之投資

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$′000 千港元
Share of net assets	分佔資產淨值	1,035,202	799,718
Financial guarantees provided (note 27)	已提供財務擔保(附註27)	73,646	43,301

**1,108,848** 843,019

Particulars of the material joint venture are as follows:

重大合營企業詳情如下:

			Pe	ercentage of 百分比		
Name 名稱	lssued share capital 已發行股本	Place of incorporation and business 註冊成立及營業地點	Ownership interest 擁有權權益	Voting power 投票權	Profit sharing 分佔溢利	Principal activities 主要業務
AVP Electronics Limited*	180,000,000 ordinary shares	Hong Kong	75	50	75	Trading of electronic
同憶有限公司*	180,000,000股普通股	香港				components 買賣電子元件

The above joint venture has a financial year end of 31 December. The consolidated financial statements are adjusted for the material transactions between 1 January and 31 March.

AVP Electronics Limited and its subsidiaries (collectively, "AVPEL Group"), which are considered a material group of joint ventures of the Group, are accounted for using the equity method.

上述合營企業之財政年度結算日為十二月 三十一日。綜合財務報表已就一月一日至三月 三十一日之重大交易作出調整。

同憶有限公司及其附屬公司(統稱「同憶集團」) 被視為本集團之重大合營企業集團,按權益法 入賬。



# 综合財務報表附註

## 17. INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES (continued)

The following table illustrates the summarised financial information of AVPEL Group adjusted for any differences in accounting policies and reconciled to the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements:

# 17. 於合營企業之投資(續)

下表列示同憶集團之財務資料概要(已就任何會 計政策差異作出調整)以及與綜合財務報表內賬 面金額之對賬:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年 HK\$′000	二零二零年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及等同現金項目	1,796,383	1,526,001
Other current assets	其他流動資產	7,749,140	6,464,000
Current assets	流動資產	9,545,523	7,990,001
Non-current assets	非流動資產	109,365	28,671
Financial liabilities, excluding trade and other	金融負債(不包括應付貿易賬款		
payables	及其他應付款項)	(6,306,296)	(5,909,591)
Other current liabilities	其他流動負債	(1,967,218)	(1,039,254)
Current liabilities	流動負債	(8,273,514)	(6,948,845)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(1,105)	(3,537)
Net assets attributable to owners of	同憶有限公司擁有人應佔資產淨值		
AVP Electronics Limited		1,380,269	1,066,290
Reconciliation to the Group's interests in	與本集團於合營企業之權益對賬:		
the joint ventures:			
Proportion of the Group's ownership	本集團擁有權比例	75%	75%
Group's share of net assets attributable to	本集團分佔同憶有限公司擁有人	4 005 000	700 740
owners of AVP Electronics Limited Financial guarantees provided (note 27)	應佔資產淨值 已提供財務擔保(附註27)	1,035,202 73,646	799,718 43,301
	□ 征 厌兇 劢 狺 床 (附 缸 27)	73,040	45,501
Carrying amount of the investments	投資賬面金額	1,108,848	843,019
Revenue	收益	28,612,111	26,095,254
Interest income	利息收入	3,091	9,512
Depreciation	折舊	(5,261)	(3,297)
Interest expenses	利息費用	(71,186)	(130,322)
Tax	税項	(79,127)	(41,163)
Profit and total comprehensive income	年內溢利及全面收入總額		
for the year		422,479	241,791
Dividends paid	已付股息	108,500	93,000



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## **18. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES**

## 18. 於聯營公司之投資

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Share of net assets	分佔資產淨值	7,952	1,758
Goodwill	商譽	1,878	_
Provision for impairment	減值撥備	(2,098)	(1,510)
Due from associates	應收聯 營公司款項	987	115
		8,719	363
Less: Current portion	減:流動部分	(987)	(115)
Non-current portion	非流動部分	7,732	248

The balances due from associates are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand. The carrying amounts of the balances due from associates approximate to their fair values. There was no recent history of default for past due amounts for amounts due from associates. As at 31 March 2021 and 2020, the loss allowance was assessed to be minimal.

One of the associates has a financial year end of 31 December and the consolidated financial statements are adjusted for the material transactions between 1 January and 31 March. All other associates have a financial year end of 31 March, which is coterminous with that of the Group.

The Group has discontinued the recognition of its share of losses of certain associates, namely Xocial Limited and Signeo Venture Limited because the share of losses of these associates exceeded the Group's interests in these associates and the Group has no obligation to take up further losses. The amounts of the Group's unrecognised share of losses of these associates cumulatively at the end of the year were HK\$3,109,000 (2020: HK\$3,109,000).

An associate has sustained losses for recent years. During the year, an impairment of HK\$588,000 (2020: HK\$1,510,000) (note 6) was recognised for the investments in associates in the consolidated statement of profit or loss based on the recoverable amount of Nil (2020: HK\$248,000), which has been determined based on a value-in-use calculation using cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by senior management covering a five-year period. The discount rate applied to the cash flow projection is 12% (2020: 15%).

應收聯營公司款項之結餘為無抵押、不計息及 按要求償還。應收聯營公司款項之結餘之賬面 金額與其公平價值相若。應收聯營公司款項並 無逾期金額的近期違約記錄。於二零二一年及 二零二零年三月三十一日的虧損撥備評估為不 重大。

一間聯營公司的財政年結日為十二月三十一日 及綜合財務報表已就於一月一日至三月三十一 日之重大交易作出調整。所有其他聯營公司之 財政年度年結日均為三月三十一日,與本集團 相符。

由於分佔若干聯營公司(即Xocial Limited及 Signeo Venture Limited)之虧損超過本集團於該 等聯營公司之權益,且本集團並無義務承擔進 一步虧損,故本集團已終止確認其分佔該等聯 營公司之虧損。本集團未確認分佔該等聯營公 司虧損之年末累計金額為3,109,000港元(二零 二零年:3,109,000港元)。

一間聯營公司於近年來持續錄得虧損。年內, 基於可收回金額零(二零二零年:248,000港元) 港元,於綜合損益表中就於聯營公司之投資確 認減值588,000港元(二零二零:1,510,000港 元)(附註6)(根據使用基於經高級管理層批准涵 蓋五年期間的財務預算的現金流量預測之使用 價值計算釐定)。現金流量預測所用的貼現率為 12%(二零二零年:15%)。



# **综合財務報表附註**

## 18. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued)

## 18. 於聯營公司之投資(續)

The following table illustrates the aggregate financial information of the Group's associates that are not individually material:

下表列示本集團個別並不重大之聯營公司之財 務資料總覽:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Share of the associates' gain/(loss) for the year	分佔聯營公司年內收益/(虧損)	139	(440)
Share of the associates' total comprehensive	分佔聯營公司全面收入/ (虧損)總額	120	(110)
income/(loss) Aggregate carrying amount of the Group's	本集團於聯營公司之	139	(440)
investments in the associates	投資賬面總額	7,732	248

## 19. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

#### 19. 透過損益按公平價值列賬之金融資 產

		Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Investment in convertible bonds	可換股債券投資	(a)	_	4,405
Listed equity investments	上市股本投資		2,547	12,919
Listed bond investments	上市債券投資	(b)	33,040	42,206
Equity investment traded over-the-counter	場外交易股本投資	(c)	9,375	-
Unlisted equity investments	非上市股本投資	(d)	3,222	20,309
Key management insurance contracts	主要管理人員保險合約	(e)	24,701	23,891
			72,885	103,730
Analysed for reporting purpose as:	就申報目的分類為:			
Current assets	流動資產		48,184	79,839
Non-current assets	非流動資產		24,701	23,891
			72,885	103,730

The above listed equity investments and listed bond investments were classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as they were held for trading.

The investment in convertible bonds and key management insurance contracts were mandatorily classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as their contractual cash flows are not solely payments of principal and interest. 上述上市股本投資及上市債券投資分類為透過 損益按公平價值列賬之金融資產,原因為該等 投資持作買賣。

可換股債券投資及主要管理人員保險合約強制 性分類為透過損益按公平價值列賬之金融資 產,原因為合約現金流量並不純粹為支付本金 及利息。



综合財務報表附註

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## 19. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (continued)

The unlisted equity investments and an equity investment traded overthe-counter were classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as the Group has not irrevocably elected to classify the unlisted equity investments and an equity investment traded over-thecounter at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Notes:

- (a) During the year ended 31 March 2017, the Group subscribed the convertible bonds issued by IE Limited ("IEL") with aggregate principals of approximately HK\$19,425,000 on 8 June 2016 and HK\$38,850,000 on 3 November 2016, respectively. The bonds were interest-bearing at a fixed rate of 4% per annum and repayable within two years since their respective issuance dates, which can be converted into common shares of IEL, at exercise prices of KRW500 and KRW819 per share, respectively, at any time after one year from their respective issuance dates. The convertible bonds issued by IEL were in default upon their respective maturity dates. During the year, management has assessed the fair values of the convertible bonds issued by IEL based on the valuation report performed by an independent valuer with reference to the available financial information of IEL and final price value from Credit Event Auction by Creditex. In the opinion of management, the fair value of the convertible bonds was minimal.
- (b) The listed bond investments have coupon rates ranging from 4.70% to 8.75 % (2020: 4.70% to 7.25%) per annum and maturity dates from 19 April 2021 to 28 September 2022 (2020: 4 April 2021 to 15 December 2022).
- (c) During the year, the Group further subscribed ordinary shares of Tooniplay Co., Ltd. ("Tooniplay"), which principally engaged in mobile game development business, at a consideration of US\$500,000 (equivalent to HK\$3,885,000). On 5 November 2020, Tooniplay was registered on the K-OTC market in South Korea, a platform for transaction of unlisted shares, and its shares commenced trading. Accordingly, the investment was classified as an equity investment traded over-the-counter in current year and classified as an unlisted equity investment in the prior year. As at 31 March 2020 and 2021, the Group held more than 20% equity interests in Tooniplay, which is an associate of the Group.

As this associate was held as part of the venture capital organisation's investment portfolio, it was carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at fair value. This treatment is permitted by HKAS 28 "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures" which allows investments held by venture capital organisations to be excluded from its scope where those investments are designated, upon initial recognition, as at fair value through profit or loss and accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 9, with changes in fair value recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the period of change.

(d) The Group has equity interests in Luxury Choice Investments Limited (which principally engaged in watch production and distribution business in Hong Kong), Global ESports Limited (which principally engaged in electronic sport team management and event management), Mad Runway Holdings Limited (which principally engaged in operation of an online fashion platform in Mainland China), Urban City Joint Stock Company (which principally engaged in e-commerce business in Vietnam) and Connectivity Ventures Fund, LP (which was an investment fund and principally invested in development of microchips business).

## **19. 透過損益按公平價值列賬之金融資** 產(續)

非上市股本投資及場外交易股本投資分類為透 過損益按公平價值列賬之金融資產,原因是本 集團並無不可撤銷地選擇將非上市股本投資及 場外交易股本投資分類為透過其他全面收入按 公平價值列賬。

附註:

- (a) 於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,本集團 認購由IE Limited(「IEL」)分別於二零一六年六月八 日及二零一六年十一月三日所發行本金總額分別 約19,425,000港元及38,850,000港元之可換股債 券。該等債券按固定年利率4厘計息,須於由各自 發行日期起計兩年內償還,並可於由各自發行日 期起計一年後之任何時間分別按行使價每股500 韓國及819韓國轉換為IEL之普通股。於彼等各自 之到期日,IEL發行之可換股債券違約。年內,管 理層已根據獨立估值師基於可得的IEL財務資料及 Creditex的信貸事件拍賣(Credit Event Auction)所 得之最終價值所編製的估值報告評估IEL發行之可 換股債券的公平價值。管理層認為,可換股債券
- (b) 上市債券投資的票面年利率介乎4.70%至8.75% (二零二零年:4.70%至7.25%),有效期自二零 二一年四月十九日至二零二二年九月二十八日(二 零二零年:二零二一年四月四日至二零二二年 十二月十五日)。
- (c) 年內,本集團進一步認購Tooniplay Co., Ltd. (「Tooniplay」,主要從事流動遊戲開發業務)的普通股,代價為500,000美元(相等於3,885,000港元)。於二零二零年十一月五日,Tooniplay在韓國場外市場(非上市股份的交易平台)註冊及其股份開始交易。因此,該投資於本年度被分類為場外交易股本投資及於去年被分類為非上市股本投資。於二零二零年及二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團持有Tooniplay超過20%股權,Tooniplay成為本集團之聯營公司。

由於該聯營公司乃作為創投組織之投資組合一部 分持有,故於綜合財務狀況表內按公平價值列 賬。此處理方式獲香港會計準則第28號[於聯營公 司及合營企業之投資」允許,該準則許可倘由創投 組織持有之投資於初始確認時已指定為透過損益 按公平價值列賬,並按照香港財務報告準則第9號 入賬,而其公平價值變動於產生變動期內之綜合 損益表確認,則將該等投資剔出其適用範圍。

(d) 本公司擁有Luxury Choice Investments Limited (主要在香港從事手錶製作及分銷業務)、Global ESports Limited (主要從事電子競技團隊管理及活 動管理)、Mad Runway Holdings Limited (主要在中 國內地從事經營線上時尚平台)、Urban City Joint Stock Company (主要在越南從事電子商務業務)及 Connectivity Ventures Fund, LP (為投資基金及主要 投資發展微芯片業務)的股權。

### **19. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS** (continued)

# 19. 透過損益按公平價值列賬之金融資 產(續)

於二零二一年三月三十一日,主要管理層保險合 (e) 約指與本集團及合營企業兩名主要管理人員有關 的投資型人壽保險計劃。投保總額為15,800,000 美元(約122,800,000港元)(二零二零年: 15,800,000美元(約122,800,000港元)),年度最 低保證回報率為2%。於二零二一年三月三十一 日,若干主要管理層保險合約7,990,000港元(二 零二零年:7,736,000港元)已質押以獲得授予本 集團的一般銀行融資。

> 於二零二一年三月三十一日,倘本集團退出保險 合約,則賬戶價值於扣除退保費340,000美元(約 2,642,000港元)(二零二零年:357,000美元(約 2,770,000港元))後將退還至本集團。退保費金額 随時間的推移而減少,而於合約簽訂的第19年開 始不再需要退保費。

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## 20. 存貨

21. 應收貿易賬款

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		НК\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Finished goods	製成品	33,736	82,678

## 21. TRADE RECEIVABLES

#### 2021 2020 二零二零年 二零二一年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 Trade receivables 應收貿易賬款 46,832 89.743 Impairment 減值 (11,946)(10,808)34,886 78,935

附註:(續)

(e) As at 31 March 2021, the key management insurance contracts represented life insurance plans with investment elements relating to two members of key management personnel of the Group and the joint venture. The total sum insured is US\$15,800,000 (approximately HK\$122,800,000) (2020: US\$15,800,000 (approximately HK\$122,800,000)) with an annual minimum guaranteed return of 2%. Certain key management insurance contract of

As at 31 March 2021, if the Group withdrew from the insurance contracts, the accounts value, net of surrender charges of US\$340,000 (approximately HK\$2,642,000) (2020: US\$357,000 (approximately HK\$2,770,000)), would be refunded to the Group. The amount of the surrender charges decreased over time and was no longer required from the 19th year of contract conclusion onwards.

# Notes: (continued)

HK\$7,990,000 (2020: HK\$7,736,000) was pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group as at 31 March 2021.

# **20. INVENTORIES**



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## 21. TRADE RECEIVABLES (continued)

The Group's trading terms with customers vary with the type of products supplied. Invoices are normally payable within 30 to 45 days of issuance, except for well-established customers, where the terms are extended to over 60 days. For customer-specific and highly specialised items, deposits in advance or letters of credit may be required prior to the acceptance and delivery of the products. Each customer has a maximum credit limit. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables and has a credit control policy to minimise credit risk. A credit committee consisting of senior management and the directors of the Company has been established to review and approve large customer credits. In view of the aforementioned and the fact that the Group's trade receivables relate to a large number of diversified customers, there is no significant concentration of credit risk. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances. Trade receivables are non-interest-bearing.

An ageing analysis of the trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date and net of loss allowance, is as follows:

## 21. 應收貿易賬款(續)

本集團與客戶訂立之交易條款視乎供應之產品 類別而有所不同。賬款通常須於發票發出後30 至45天內支付,惟已建立長久業務關係之客戶 之賬期則可延至超過60天。有關客戶特別指 定及極為專門之項目,在接納訂單及交付產品 之前可能須預付按金或開立信用證。每名客戶 均設定信貸上限。本集團致力對其未收回之定 收款重實施嚴格控制,並制定信貸管制政策, 以盡量編成之信貸委員會已告成立,以及董事組成之信貸委員會已告成立,以及審閱及 批核客戶大額信貸。鑑於上文所述,以及本集 關,因此並無重大集中信貸風險。本集團並未 就該等結餘持有任何抵押品或其他信貸提升 物。應收貿易賬款不計利息。

基於發票日期並扣除虧損撥備,於報告期間結 束時之應收貿易賬款之賬齡分析如下:

34,886

		<b>2021</b> 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		— <b></b>	—————————————————————————————————————
		千港元	千港元
Within 1 month	1個月內	11,079	35,125
1 to 2 months	1至2個月	3,573	24,995
2 to 3 months	2至3個月	376	3,643
3 to 12 months	3至12個月	15,456	14,811
Over 12 months	超過12個月	4,402	361

78,935

The movements in the loss allowance for impairment of trade 應收貿易賬款之減值虧損撥備變動如下: receivables are as follows:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
At beginning of year	年初	10,808	11,490
Impairment/(reversal of impairment) losses,	減值/(減值撥回)虧損,		
net (note 6)	淨額(附註6)	1,138	(580)
Amounts written off as uncollectible	作為不可收回款項撇銷	-	(100)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	_	(2)
At end of year	年末	11,946	10,808

# 綜合財務報表附註 31 March 2021 一 一 一 年 二 日 二 十

## 21. TRADE RECEIVABLES (continued)

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments with similar loss patterns (i.e., by customer type and rating). The calculation reflects the probability-weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's trade receivables using a provision matrix:

#### As at 31 March 2021

# 21. 應收貿易賬款(續)

於各報告日期使用撥備矩陣進行減值分析,以 計量預期信貸虧損。撥備率乃基於具有類似虧 損模式的多個客戶分部組別的逾期日數計算(即 按客戶類型和評級)。該計算反映了概率加權結 果、貨幣時間價值以及於報告日期可獲得的關 於過往事件、當前狀況及未來經濟狀況預測的 合理及可支持資料。

下表載列使用撥備矩陣分析的有關本集團應收 貿易賬款的信貸風險的資料:

#### 於二零二一年三月三十一日

					<b>t due</b> 〕期		
		Current 即期	Less than 1 month 少於一個月	1 to 3 months 一至三個月	Over 3 months 三個月以上	<b>12 months</b> 十二個月	Total 合計
Expected credit loss rate Gross carrying amount (HK\$'000) Expected credit losses (HK\$'000)	預期信貸虧損率 賬面總值(千港元) 預期信貸虧損(千港元)	0.22% 11,064 24	0.99% 3,545 35	1.29% 4,479 58	4.12% 15,868 653	94.11% 11,876 11,176	25.51% 46,832 11,946

As at 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日					日	
					t due 〕期		
			Less than	1 to 3	Over		
		Current	1 month	months	3 months	12 months	Total
		即期	少於一個月	一至三個月	三個月以上	十二個月	合計
Expected credit loss rate	預期信貸虧損率	0.16%	0.12%	0.76%	1.52%	96.67%	12.04%
Gross carrying amount (HK\$'000)	賬面總值(千港元)	35,181	25,026	3,671	15,040	10,825	89,743
Expected credit losses (HK\$'000)	預期信貸虧損(千港元)	56	31	28	229	10,464	10,808



**综合財務報表附註** 

## 22. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

## 22. 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Prepayments Deposits and other receivables Impairment allowance	預付款項 按金及其他應收款項 減值撥備	23,400 20,501 (4,946)	23,870 18,783 (5,016)
		38,955	37,637
Portion classified as non-current: Prepayments and deposits	分類為非流動之部分: 預付款項及按金	(23,910)	(23,968)
Current portion	流動部分	15,045	13,669

Deposits and other receivables mainly represent rental deposits, deposits with suppliers and loan receivables. An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date by applying a loss rate approach with reference to the historical loss record of the Group. The loss rate is adjusted to reflect the current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions, as appropriate. The loss rate applied for where there are no comparable companies and the balances were in default as at 31 March 2021 was 100% (2020: 100%) on the gross other receivables of HK\$4,946,000 (2020: HK\$5,016,000) before impairment allowance. The Group assessed the loss allowance for deposits and other receivables of HK\$15,555,000 (2020: HK\$13,767,000) under the application of HKFRS 9 was insignificant.

按金及其他應收款項主要指租賃按金、供應商 按金及應收貸款。於各報告日期,本集團採用 虧損率法並參考本集團的過往虧損記錄進行 減值分析。虧損率將於適當時候作出調整以 反映當前狀況及對未來經濟狀況的預測。於 二零二一年三月三十一日,在無可資比較公 司及結餘違約的情況下,就其他應收賬款總 額(扣除減值撥備前)4,946,000港元(二零二零 年:5,016,000港元)採用之虧損率為100%(二 零二零年:100%)。本集團評估,應用香港 財務報告準則第9號時,按金及其他應收款項 15,555,000港元(二零二零年:13,767,000港 元)的虧損撥備微乎其微。

The movements in the loss allowance for impairment of other receivables are as follows:

其他應收款項之減值虧損撥備變動如下:

		<b>2021</b> 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		— <u> </u>	—
		千港元	千港元
At beginning of year	年初	5,016	8,917
Reversal of impairment (note 6)	減值撥回(附註6)	-	(3,901)
Amounts written off as uncollectible	作為不可收回款項撇銷	(70)	
At end of year	年末	4,946	5,016

The financial assets included in the above balances that were not impaired relate to receivables for which there was no recent history of default or past due amounts. As at 31 March 2021 and 2020, the loss allowance was assessed to be minimal.

計入上述並無減值結餘之金融資產與近期並無 拖欠記錄或逾期款項之應收款項有關。於二零 二一年及二零二零年三月三十一日,虧損撥備 被評估為微乎其微。



综合財務報表附註

# 23. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND TIME DEPOSITS

## 23. 現金及等同現金項目及定期存款

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結存	123,678	85,762
Deposits with other financial institutions	於其他金融機構之存款	620	1,985
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及等同現金項目	124,298	87,747

At the end of the reporting period, the cash and bank balances of the Group denominated in Renminbi ("RMB") amounted to approximately HK\$448,000 (2020: HK\$308,000). The RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short term time deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short term time deposit rates. The balances are deposited with creditworthy banks and other financial institutions with no recent history of default.

# 24. TRADE PAYABLES, DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND ACCRUED EXPENSES

於報告期間結束時,本集團以人民幣(「人民 幣」)計值之現金及銀行結存約為448,000港元 (二零二零年:308,000港元)。人民幣不可自由 兑換為其他貨幣,然而,根據中國內地之外匯 管理條例及結匯、售匯及付匯管理規定,本集 團可透過獲授權進行外匯業務之銀行將人民幣 兑換為其他貨幣。

存放於銀行之現金根據銀行之每日存款利率, 按浮動利率賺取利息。短期定期存款介乎一日 至三個月不等,乃視乎本集團之即時現金需 要而定,並按各自之短期定期存款利率賺取利 息。結存乃存放於信譽良好之銀行及近期並無 拖欠記錄之其他金融機構。

## **24.** 應付貿易賬款、已收按金及應計費 用

		<b>2021</b> 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		—————————————————————————————————————	—≪—≪+ HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Trade payables	應付貿易賬款	4,990	21,626
Deposits received	已收按金	2,357	1,534
Accrued expenses	應計費用	21,268	20,320
		28,615	43,480



**综合財務報表附註** 

## 24. TRADE PAYABLES, DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND ACCRUED EXPENSES (continued)

# 24. 應付貿易賬款、已收按金及應計費 用(續)

An ageing analysis of the trade payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the payment due date, is as follows:

根據付款到期日,於報告期間結束時之應付貿 易賬款之賬齡分析如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade payables:	應付貿易賬款:		
Current	即期	437	17,225
1 to 30 days	1至30日	-	697
31 to 60 days	31至60日	76	15
Over 60 days	超過60日	4,477	3,689
		4,990	21,626
The trade payables are non-inter between 30 and 90 days.	est-bearing and are normally settled	<b>4,990</b> 應付貿易賬款乃不計息,一般於 算。	

# **25. CONTRACT LIABILITIES**

25. 合約負債

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
<i>Short-term advances received from customers</i> Sale of products	<i>預收客戶短期款項</i> 銷售產品	36,410	5,785
Contract liabilities include short-term advan- semiconductor and consumer products. At liabilities amounted to approximately HK\$16	1 April 2019, contract	合約負債包括為提供半導體及》 收客戶的短期款項。於二零一 合約負債約為16,298,000港元	九年四月一日,

liabilities amounted to approximately HK\$16,298,000. The increase/ decrease in contract liabilities in 2021 and 2020 was mainly due to the increase/decrease in short-term advances received from customers in relation to the sale of products at the end of the year. 合約負債包括為提供半導體及消費者產品而預 收客戶的短期款項。於二零一九年四月一日, 合約負債約為16,298,000港元。二零二一年及 二零二零年的合約負債增加/減少乃主要由於 年末就銷售產品預收客戶的短期款項增加/減 少。





## 26. INTEREST-BEARING BANK BORROWINGS

# 26. 附息銀行借款

			2021 二零二一年			2020 二零二零年	
		Effective annual interest			Effective annual interest		
		rate 實際年利率	<b>Maturity</b> 到期日	<b>HK\$′000</b> 千港元	rate 實際年利率	Maturity 到期日	HK\$'000 千港元
Current Import and trust receipt loans – unsecured	<b>流動</b> 進口及信託收據貸款一無抵押	_	-	-	2.37%-3.13%	2020	97,811
					202		2020
					二零二一 <sup>4</sup> HK\$'00 千港ラ	0	零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Analysed into: Bank loans repayable within or demand	5	身: ≅內或按要求償還 2銀行貸款	L -				97,811

All the Group's bank borrowings bore interest at floating rates at the end of the reporting period. The carrying amounts of the Group's interest-bearing bank borrowings approximate to their fair values.

## 27. FINANCIAL GUARANTEE OBLIGATION

During the year, the Group has provided financial guarantees to joint ventures in relation to the bank lending facilities granted to these joint ventures, and the Group will make payments to reimburse the lenders upon failure of the guaranteed entity to make payments when due. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over the guarantees.

The Group does not provide financial guarantees except for limited circumstances. All guarantees are approved by the Board of Directors.

The financial guarantee contracts are measured at the higher of the ECL allowance and the amount initially recognised less the cumulative amount of income recognised. The ECL allowance is measured by estimating the cash shortfalls, which are based on the expected payments to reimburse the holders (i.e. the banks) for a credit loss that it incurs less any amounts that the Group expects to receive from the debtor (i.e. the joint ventures). The amount initially recognised representing the fair value at initial recognition of the financial guarantees was based on the valuation from an independent valuer engaged by the Group. The method used in determining the fair value of these guarantees was by reference to the recovery rate and key financial ratio of the guaranteed entity.

本集團之所有銀行借款乃按報告期末的浮動利 率計息。本集團之附息銀行借款之賬面金額與 其公平價值相若。

## 27. 財務擔保責任

年內,本集團就合營企業獲授之銀行貸款信貸 向該等合營企業提供財務擔保,倘受擔保之實 體在到期時未能還款,本集團將向貸方償付貸 款。本集團並未就該等擔保持有任何抵押品或 其他強化信貸條件。

除個別情況外,本集團不提供財務擔保。所有 擔保均已獲得董事會批准。

財務擔保合約乃按預期信貸虧損撥備及初步確 認金額減已確認收入之累計金額(以較高者為 準)計量。預期信貸虧損撥備乃按現金短缺之 估計計量,其乃根據補償持有人(即銀行)就所 產生信貸虧損之預期款項,減任何本集團預期 從債務人(即合營企業)收取之任何金額計算。 初步確認金額為初步確認財務擔保時之公平價 值,乃根據本集團聘請之獨立估值師之估值釐 定。用於釐定此等擔保公平價值之方法乃參考 受擔保實體之回收率及主要財務比率作出。



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# 27. FINANCIAL GUARANTEE OBLIGATION (continued)

The credit exposure of the financial guarantee contracts is classified as stage 1. During the year, there were no transfers between stages.

# **28. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES**

The movements in deferred tax liabilities during the year are as follows:

## 27. 財務擔保責任(續)

財務擔保合約之信貸風險獲分類至第一級。年 內,概無於級間的轉撥。

# 28. 遞延税項負債

年內,遞延税項負債之變動如下:

		Revaluation of properties 物業重新估值 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日	14,157
Deferred tax charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss during the year	年內扣除自綜合損益表之 遞延税項(附註9)	
(note 9)		113
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	28
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日及 二零二零年四月一日	14,298
Deferred tax charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss during the year	年內扣除自綜合損益表之 遞延税項(附註9)	
(note 9)	网友省	94
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(26)
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	14,366

The Group has estimated tax losses arising in Hong Kong of HK\$600,220,000 (2020: HK\$540,916,000) that are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which losses arose. The Group also has unrecognised tax losses arising elsewhere of HK\$22,996,000 (2020: HK\$27,579,000) that will expire during 2021 to 2026 (2020: 2020 to 2025) for offsetting against future taxable profits. Deferred tax assets in respect of these losses have not been recognised as they have arisen in subsidiaries that have been loss-making for some time and, in the opinion of the directors, it is not considered probable that sufficient future taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised.

At 31 March 2021, there was no significant unrecognised deferred tax liability (2020: Nil) for taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings of the Group's subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.

There are no income tax consequences attaching to the payment of dividends by the Company to its shareholders.

本集團於香港產生之估計税項虧損600,220,000 港元(二零二零年:540,916,000港元),可無 限期用作抵銷錄得虧損之公司之未來應課税溢 利。本集團亦於其他地方產生之未確認税項虧 損為22,996,000港元(二零二零年:27,579,000 港元),將於二零二一年至二零二六年(二零二 零年:二零二零年至二零二五年)到期,可用作 抵銷未來應課税溢利。並無就該等虧損確認遞 延税項資產,因該等虧損乃由已錄得虧損一段 時間之附屬公司產生,且董事並不認為將可能 有充足之未來應課税溢利以供税項虧損抵銷。

於二零二一年三月三十一日,就本集團之附屬 公司、聯營公司或合營企業未匯出盈利之應付 税項而言,並無重大未確認遞延税項負債(二零 二零年:無)。

本公司不會因向其股東派付股息而產生所得 税。



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29. SHARE CAPITAL

**Shares** 

**29.**股本 股份

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised: 2,000,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	法定: 2,000,000,000股每股面值 0.10港元之普通股	200,000	200,000
lssued and fully paid: 908,663,302 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	已發行及繳足: 908,663,302股每股面值 0.10港元之普通股	90,866	90,866

Details of the share option schemes of the Company and the subsidiaries and the share options issued under these schemes are included in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements.

## **30. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES**

### Share option scheme adopted by the Company

The Company operates a share option scheme (the "AV Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Eligible participants of the AV Scheme include the Company's directors, including the Independent Non-executive Directors, other employees of the Group, suppliers of goods or services to the Group, customers of the Group, any person or entity that provides research, development or technological support to the Group, any non-controlling interests in the Company's subsidiaries, any advisor or consultant to any area of business or business development to the Group and any other group or class of participants who have contributed or may contribute by way of joint venture, business alliance or other business arrangements to the Group. The AV Scheme became effective on 3 August 2012 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from that date.

The maximum number of unexercised share options currently permitted to be granted under the AV Scheme is an amount equivalent, upon their exercise, to 30% of the ordinary shares of the Company in issue at any time. The total number of ordinary shares which may be issued upon exercise of all share options to be granted under the AV Scheme (excluding any which have lapsed) and any other schemes of the Company must not, in aggregate, exceed 10% of the ordinary shares of the Company in issue as at the date of the adoption of the AV Scheme. The maximum number of shares issuable under share options to each eligible participant in the AV Scheme within any 12-month period is limited to 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time. Any further grant of share options in excess of this limit is subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting. 本公司及附屬公司之購股權計劃及根據該等計 劃發行之購股權詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 30。

# **30.** 購股權計劃

## 本公司採納之購股權計劃

本公司設立一項購股權計劃(「AV計劃」),旨在 向對本集團之成功營運作出貢獻之合資格參與 者提供獎勵及回報。AV計劃之合資格參與者 包括本公司董事(包括獨立非執行董事)、本集 團其他僱員、為本集團提供貨品或服務之供應 商、本集團客戶、為本集團提供貨品或服務之供應 技術支援的任何人士或實體、本公司附屬公司 之任何非控股權益、本集團任何業務領域或業 務發展之顧問或諮詢人及透過合營企業、業務 聯盟或其他業務安排對本集團曾經或可能作出 貢獻的任何其他組別或類別的參與人士。AV計 劃於二零一二年八月三日生效,除非被取消或 修訂,否則將於該日起計10年內有效。

現時允許根據AV計劃授出之尚未行使購股權獲 行使時可認購之股份數目,最多不得超過相等 於本公司於任何時間之已發行普通股之30%之 數額。根據AV計劃及本公司任何其他計劃將予 授出之所有購股權(不包括任何已失效者)獲行 使時可予發行之普通股總數,合共不得超過本 公司於採納AV計劃日期已發行普通股之10%。 AV計劃之每名合資格參與者於任何十二個月期 間內行使購股權時可獲發行之最高股份數目, 僅限於本公司於任何時間之已發行股份之1%。 倘進一步授出超過該限額之購股權,則須於股 東大會上取得股東批准。



**综合財務報表附註** 

# 30. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (continued)

**Share option scheme adopted by the Company (continued)** Share options granted to a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or to any of their associates, are subject to approval in advance by the Independent Non-executive Directors. In addition, any share options granted to a substantial shareholder or an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company, or to any of their associates, in excess of 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time or with an aggregate value (based on the price of the Company's shares at the date of grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, within any 12-month period, are subject to shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting.

The offer of a grant of share options may be accepted within 28 days from the date of the offer, upon payment of a nominal consideration of HK\$1 in total by the grantee. The exercise period of the share options granted is determinable by the directors, and commences after the vesting period and ends on a date which is not later than the expiry date of the AV Scheme.

The exercise price of share options is determinable by the directors, but may not be less than the higher of (i) the Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares on the date of offer of the share options; and (ii) the average Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of the offer.

Share options do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

At the end of the reporting period, the Company had no outstanding share options and no share options granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed under the AV Scheme (2020: Nil).

At the date of approval of these consolidated financial statements, the Company had no outstanding share options under the AV Scheme.

#### Share option schemes adopted by subsidiaries

On 5 August 2013, 830 Lab Limited (the "830 Lab") adopted a share option scheme (the "830 Lab Scheme"). Under the 830 Lab Scheme, 830 Lab may grant options to any of its full-time employees and directors and any eligible persons as defined therein to subscribe for the respective ordinary shares of 830 Lab.

On 1 February 2021, Whizoo Media Limited (the "Whizoo Media") adopted a share option scheme (the "Whizoo Media Scheme"). Under the Whizoo Media Scheme, Whizoo Media may grant options to any of its full-time employees and directors and any eligible persons as defined therein to subscribe for the respective ordinary shares of Whizoo Media.

# 30. 購股權計劃(續)

## 本公司採納之購股權計劃(續)

向本公司董事、最高行政人員或主要股東或彼 等之任何聯繫人授出購股權,須取得獨立非執 行董事之事先批准。此外,倘於任何十二個月 期間內向本公司主要股東或獨立非執行董事或 彼等之任何聯繫人授出之任何購股權超過本公 司於任何時間之已發行股份之0.1%,或總值 (根據本公司股份於授出日期之價格計算)超過 5,000,000港元,則須於股東大會上取得股東事 先批准。

授出購股權之要約可於要約日期起計28日內接納,接納時承授人須繳付合共1港元之象徵式代 價。已授出購股權之行使期乃由董事釐定,於 歸屬期後開始,並於不遲於AV計劃屆滿日期之 日子結束。

購股權之行使價由董事釐定,但不得少於:(i) 本公司股份於購股權要約日期在聯交所之收市 價:與(ii)本公司股份於緊接要約日期前五個交 易日在聯交所之平均收市價兩者中之較高者。

購股權並無賦予持有人收取股息或於股東大會 上表決之權利。

於報告期間結束時,本公司於AV計劃項下概無 尚未行使購股權和已授出、行使、註銷或失效 的購股權(二零二零年:無)。

於批准該等綜合財務報表當日,本公司於AV計 劃項下概無尚未行使購股權。

### 附屬公司採納之購股權計劃

於二零一三年八月五日,830 Lab Limited(「830 Lab」)採納購股權計劃(「830 Lab計劃」)。根據 830 Lab計劃,830 Lab可向其任何全職僱員及 董事以及830 Lab計劃所界定之任何合資格人士 授出購股權,以認購相應之830 Lab普通股。

於二零二一年二月一日,Whizoo Media Limited (「Whizoo Media」)採納購股權計劃(「Whizoo Media計劃」)。根據Whizoo Media計劃, Whizoo Media可向其任何全職僱員及董事以及 Whizoo Media計劃所界定之任何合資格人士授 出購股權,以認購相應之Whizoo Media普通 股。



### 30. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (continued)

830 Lab Scheme

30. 購股權計劃(續)

### 附屬公司採納之購股權計劃(續)

830 Lab計劃

The following share options were outstanding under the 830 Lab Scheme during the year:

Share option schemes adopted by subsidiaries (continued)

年內,於830 Lab計劃項下未行使之購股權如下:

31 March 2021 二零二一年三月三十一日

			Nun	nber of share opt 購股權數目	ions			_		
Name or category of participant 参與者姓名 或類別	At 1 April 2020 於二零二零年 四月一日	Granted during the year 於年內授出	Lapsed during the year 於年內失效	Exercised during the year 於年內獲行使	Cancelled during the year 於年內註銷	Expired during the year 於年內屆滿	At 31 March 2021 於二零二一年 三月三十一日	Date of grant of share options 購股權 授出日期	Exercise period of share options 購股權 之行使期 (both dates inclusive) (包括首尾兩天)	Exercise price of share options 購股權之 行使價 HK(\$ per share 每股港元
Director of 830 Lab and the Company 830 Lab及本公司之董事 So Chi Sun Sunny 蘇智榮	220,000	-	-	-	-	-	220,000	5 August 2013 二零一三年八月五日	6 September 2015 to 5 August 2023 二零一五年九月六日 至 二零二三年八月五日	8.0
Employees of 830 Lab 830 Lab之僱員	15,000	-	-	-	-	-	15,000	5 August 2013 二零一三年八月五日 	6 September 2015 to 5 August 2023 二零一五年九月六日 至 二零二三年八月五日	8.0
Total 合計	235,000	-	-	-	-	-	235,000	_		

 Note: The vesting period of the share options is from the date of grant until the commencement of the exercise period.
 附註:購股權之歸屬期為授出日期至行使期開始之期 間。



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## 30. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (continued)

Share option schemes adopted by subsidiaries (continued) 830 Lab Scheme (continued)

## 30. 購股權計劃(續)

附屬公司採納之購股權計劃(續) 830 Lab計劃(續)

		2021		202	
		二零二- Weighted	-#	二零二 Weighted	苓牛
		average	Number	average	Number
		exercise price	of options	exercise price	of options
		加權平均行使價	購股權數目	加權平均行使價	購股權數目
		HK\$	<b>'000</b>	HK\$	'000
		港元	千份	港元	千份
		per share		per share	
		每股		每股	
At beginning and end of year	年初及年末	8.0	235	8.0	235

The fair value of the share options granted during prior year was HK\$12,453,000, which was fully recognised by the Group in prior years since all share options granted had been vested during prior years.

At the end of the reporting period, 830 Lab had 235,000 share options outstanding under the 830 Lab Scheme. The exercise in full of the outstanding share options would, under the present capital structure of 830 Lab, result in the issue of 235,000 additional ordinary shares of 830 Lab and additional share capital of 830 Lab of HK\$1,880,000 (before issue expenses).

At the date of approval of these consolidated financial statements, 830 Lab had 235,000 share options outstanding under the 830 Lab Scheme, which represented approximately 33.1% of 830 Lab's shares in issue as at that date.

於過往年度授出之購股權之公平價值為 12,453,000港元,由於全部已授出購股權已於 過往年度歸屬,因此本集團於過往年度悉數確 認有關公平價值。

於報告期間結束時,830 Lab於830 Lab計劃項 下之尚未行使購股權數目為235,000份。在830 Lab現時之股本架構下,悉數行使尚未行使之購 股權將導致須額外發行235,000股830 Lab普通 股,並產生1,880,000港元之830 Lab額外股本 (扣除發行開支前)。

於批准該等綜合財務報表當日,830 Lab於 830 Lab計劃項下之尚未行使購股權數目為 235,000份,相當於830 Lab於該日已發行股份 約33.1%。



## 30. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (continued)

### Share option schemes adopted by subsidiaries (continued) Whizoo Media Scheme

The following share options were outstanding under the Whizoo Media Scheme during the year:

# **30. 購股權計劃**(續)

## 附屬公司採納之購股權計劃(續)

#### Whizoo Media計劃

年內,於Whizoo Media計劃項下未行使之購股 權如下:

31 March 2021 二零二一年三月三十一日

			Nu	mber of share opt 購股權數目	ions			_		
Name or category of participant 參與者姓名 或類別	At 1 April 2020 於二零二零年 四月一日	Granted during the year 於年內授出	Lapsed during the year 於年內失效	Exercised during the year 於年內獲行使	Cancelled during the year 於年內註銷	Expired during the year 於年內屆滿	At 31 March 2021 於二零二一年 三月三十一日	Date of grant of share options 購股權 授出日期	Exercise period of share options 購股權 之行使期 (both dates inclusive) (包括首尾兩天)	Exercise price of share options 購股權之 行使價 HK\$ per share 每股港元
Employees of Whizoo Media and total Whizoo Media之僱員及 合計	-	300	-	-	-	-	300	1 February 2021 二零二一年二月一日	2 February 2023 to 1 February 2031 二零二三年二月二日 至 二零三一年二月一日	121.66

Note: The vesting period of the share options is from the date of grant until the commencement of the exercise period.

Note: The vesting period of the share options is from the date of grant until the date of grant until

		2021	1
		二零二-	一年
		Weighted	
		average	Number
		exercise price	of options
		加權平均行使價	購股權數目
		HK\$	<b>'000</b>
		港元	千份
		per share	
		每股	
At beginning of year	年初	N/A	_
		不適用	
Granted during the year	年內授出	121.66	0.3
At end of year	年末	121.66	0.3



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# **30. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (continued)**

### Share option schemes adopted by subsidiaries (continued) Whizoo Media Scheme (continued)

The fair value of the share options granted during the year was HK\$22,000 (HK\$74.6 each) (2020: Nil), of which the Group recognised non-controlling interests of HK\$2,000 (2020: Nil) during the year ended 31 March 2021.

The fair value of equity-settled share options granted during the year was estimated as at the date of grant using a binomial model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The following table lists the inputs to the model used:

## 30. 購股權計劃(續)

## <mark>附屬公司採納之購股權計劃</mark>(續) Whizoo Media計劃(續)

於過往年度授出之購股權之公平價值為22,000 港元(每份74.6港元)(二零二零年:無),其中本 集團於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度確 認非控股權益2,000港元(二零二零年:無)。

年內已授出股權結算購股權之公平價值乃於授 出日期使用二項式模式,經計及已授出購股權 之條款及條件而估計。下表列示模式中所使用 的輸入數據:

> **2021** 二零二一年

Dividend yield (%)	股息收益率 (%)	-
Expected volatility (%)	預期波幅 <b>(%)</b>	84.717
Risk-free interest rate (%)	無風險利率(%)	0.677
Expected life of options (year)	購股權預期年期(年)	10

The expected life of the options is not necessarily indicative of the exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility was determined by using the historical volatility of comparable companies' share prices corresponding to the terms of options from the valuation date, which may also not necessarily be the actual outcome.

No other feature of the options granted was incorporated into the measurement of fair value.

At the end of the reporting period, Whizoo Media had 300 share options outstanding under Whizoo Media Scheme. The exercise in full of the outstanding share options would, under the present capital structure of Whizoo Media, result in the issue of 300 additional ordinary shares of Whizoo Media and additional share capital of Whizoo Media of HK\$36,000 (before issue expenses).

At the date of approval of these consolidated financial statements, Whizoo Media had 300 share options outstanding under the Whizoo Media Scheme, which represented approximately 3.0% of Whizoo Media's shares in issue as at that date. 購股權之預期年期不一定表明可能出現的行使 模式。預期波幅乃使用對應購股權年期自估值 日期起可資比較公司股價而釐定,亦不一定是 實際結果。

概無已授出購股權的其他特徵納入公平價值之 計量中。

於報告期間結束時,Whizoo Media於Whizoo Media計劃項下之尚未行使購股權數目為300 份。在Whizoo Media現時之股本架構下,悉數 行使尚未行使之購股權將導致須額外發行300股 Whizoo Media普通股,並產生36,000港元之額 外股本(扣除發行開支前)。

於批准該等綜合財務報表當日,Whizoo Media 於Whizoo Media計劃項下之尚未行使購股權數 目為300份,相當於Whizoo Media於該日已發 行股份約3.0%。

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## **31. RESERVES**

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 87 to 88 of the consolidated financial statements.

## 32. DEEMED DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

During the current year, E-gogo Holdings Limited, a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Group before 2 November 2020, entered into subscription agreements with E-GoGo Limited and Signeo Design International Limited, which are wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Group, and three independent third parties, pursuant to which E-GoGo Limited and three independent third parties agreed to participate in capital injection in E-gogo Holdings Limited. Prior to the capital injection, the Group held 69% equity interest in E-gogo Holdings Limited, which has a wholly-owned subsidiary, namely PT Egogo Hub Indonesia. After the completion of the capital injection on 2 November 2020, the Group retained 49.375% equity interest in E-gogo Holdings Limited and has lost control over E-gogo Holdings Limited. The transaction was accounted for as a deemed disposal of subsidiaries and the 49.375% equity interest in E-gogo Holdings Limited was accounted for as investments in associates.

## 31. 儲備

本集團本年度及以往年度之儲備金額及有關變 動呈列於綜合財務報表第87頁至第88頁之綜合 權益變動表。

## 32. 視作出售附屬公司

於本年度, E-gogo Holdings Limited(於二零二 零年十一月二日前為本集團的一間非全資附屬 公司)與本集團全資附屬公司E-GoGo Limited 及Signeo Design International Limited,以及三 名獨立第三方訂立認購協議,據此,E-GoGo Limited及三名獨立第三方同意參與向E-gogo Holdings Limited注資。於注資之前,本集團 持有E-gogo Holdings Limited的69%股權,而 E-gogo Holdings Limited有一間全資附屬公司 PT Egogo Hub Indonesia。於二零二零年十一 月二日完成注資後,本集團仍保留其於E-gogo Holdings Limited的49.375%股權但喪失對 E-gogo Holdings Limited的控制權。該交易已 按視作出售附屬公司入賬及於 E-gogo Holdings Limited的49.375%股權按於聯營公司的投資入 脹。

> 2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000

		千港元
		1/8/0
Net assets disposed of:	已出售淨資產:	
Property, plant and equipment and right-of-use	物業、廠房及設備及使用權資產(附註12)	
assets (note 12)		1,196
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及等同現金項目	1,561
Trade receivables	應收貿易賬款	2,406
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	預付款項、按金及其他應收款項	1,840
Due from a fellow subsidiary	應收一間同系附屬公司款項	105
Other payables and accrued expenses	其他應付款項及應計費用	(1,799
Due to a fellow subsidiary	應付一間同系附屬公司款項	(1,829
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(1,079
		2,401
Exchange fluctuation reserve	匯兑波動儲備	108
Fair value of investments retained upon disposal	出售時所保留投資之公平價值	(7,433
Gain on deemed disposal of subsidiaries (note 6)	出售附屬公司之收益(附註6)	4,924



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# 32. DEEMED DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

An analysis of the net outflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the disposal of subsidiaries is as follows.

# 32. 視作出售附屬公司(續)

有關出售附屬公司的現金及等同現金項目之流 出淨額分析如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元
Cash and bank balances disposed of and net outflow of cash and cash equivalents	已出售現金及銀行結存以及 有關出售附屬公司的現金及	
in respect of the disposal of subsidiaries	等同現金項目之流出淨額	(1,561)

## 33. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF 33. 綜合現金流量表附註 CASH FLOWS

### **Major non-cash transactions**

- (a) During the year, the increase in investments in joint ventures amounting to HK\$30,345,000 (2020: the decrease in investments in joint ventures amounting to HK\$2,859,000) was attributable to the recognition of financial guarantee obligation of HK\$112,542,000 (2020: HK\$102,494,000) and the derecognition of financial guarantee obligation of HK\$82,197,000 (2020: HK\$105,353,000).
- (b) During the year, the Group had non-cash additions to right-ofuse assets and lease liabilities of HK\$257,000 and HK\$257,000 (2020: HK\$5,049,000 and HK\$5,049,000), respectively, in respect of lease arrangements for buildings.

# Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities 2021

### 主要非現金交易

- (a) 於年內,於合營企業之投資增加 30,345,000港元(二零二零年:合營企業 投資減少2,859,000港元),乃由於確認財 務擔保責任112,542,000港元(二零二零 年:102,494,000港元)及終止確認財務 擔保責任82,197,000港元(二零二零年: 105,353,000港元)所致。
- (b) 年內,本集團就樓宇租賃安排的使用權 資產及租賃負債的非現金添置分別為 257,000港元及257,000港元(二零二零 年:5,049,000港元及5,049,000港元)。

#### 融資活動所產生之負債變動 二零二一年

		Interest-bearing bank borrowings 附息銀行借款 HK\$'000 千港元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2020	於二零二零年四月一日	97,811	6,712
Changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量變動	(102,298)	(2,836)
Revision of a lease term arising from a change	租賃不可撤銷期間變動產生		
in the non-cancellable period of a lease	之租賃期修改	-	(2,526)
New leases	新租賃	-	257
Interest expense	利息開支	794	177
Interest paid classified as operating cash flows	分類為經營現金流量之已付利息	-	(78)
Interest paid classified as financing cash flows	分類為融資現金流量之已付利息	(794)	(99)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	4,487	38
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	_	1,645



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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDAT CASH FLOWS (continued)	ED STATEMENT OF 33.	綜合現金流量表附註(綱	<b>复</b> )
Changes in liabilities arising fro (continued)	m financing activities	融資活動所產生之負債變	動(續)
2020		二零二零年	
		Interest-bearing bank borrowings	Finance lease payables/lease liabilities 應付融資租賃
		附息銀行借款 HK <b>\$</b> ′000 千港元	款項/租賃負債 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日	72,366	4,243
Changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量變動	31,186	(2,549
New leases	新租賃	-	5,049
Interest expense	利息開支	3,492	27
Interest paid classified as operating cash flows	分類為經營現金流量之已付利息	- (2, 402)	(78
Interest paid classified as financing cash flows Exchange realignment	分類為融資現金流量之已付利息 匯兑調 整	(3,492) (5,741)	(19) (3
		(5,741)	(5
At 21 March 2020		07.011	C 71
At 31 March 2020 <b>Total cash outflow for leases</b> The total cash outflow for leases included in of cash flows is as follows:	於二零二零年三月三十一日 n the consolidated statement	97,811 <b>租賃現金流出總額</b> 計入綜合現金流量表之租賃 下:	6,712 現金流出總額如
Total cash outflow for leases		<b>租賃現金流出總額</b> 計入綜合現金流量表之租賃 下: <b>2021</b>	現金流出總額如 2020
Total cash outflow for leases The total cash outflow for leases included i		<b>租賃現金流出總額</b> 計入綜合現金流量表之租賃 下: 2021 <b>二零二一年</b>	現金流出總額如 2020 二零二零年
Total cash outflow for leases The total cash outflow for leases included i		<b>租賃現金流出總額</b> 計入綜合現金流量表之租賃 下: 2021 <b>二零二一年</b> HK\$'000	現金流出總額如 2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000
Total cash outflow for leases The total cash outflow for leases included i		<b>租賃現金流出總額</b> 計入綜合現金流量表之租賃 下: 2021 <b>二零二一年</b>	現金流出總額如 2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000
<b>Total cash outflow for leases</b> The total cash outflow for leases included i of cash flows is as follows:		<b>租賃現金流出總額</b> 計入綜合現金流量表之租賃 下: 2021 <b>二零二一年</b> HK\$′000 千港元	現金流出總額如 2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Total cash outflow for leases The total cash outflow for leases included i	n the consolidated statement	<b>租賃現金流出總額</b> 計入綜合現金流量表之租賃 下: 2021 <b>二零二一年</b> HK\$'000	現金流出總額如 2020 二零二零年
<b>Total cash outflow for leases</b> The total cash outflow for leases included i of cash flows is as follows: Within operating activities	n the consolidated statement 計入經營活動	<b>租賃現金流出總額</b> 計入綜合現金流量表之租賃 下: 2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,656	現金流出總額如 2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元 3,414 2,742
<b>Total cash outflow for leases</b> The total cash outflow for leases included i of cash flows is as follows: Within operating activities	n the consolidated statement 計入經營活動 計入融資活動	<b>租賃現金流出總額</b> 計入綜合現金流量表之租賃 下: 2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,656 2,935	現金流出總額如 2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元 3,414
Total cash outflow for leases The total cash outflow for leases included i of cash flows is as follows: Within operating activities Within financing activities	n the consolidated statement 計入經營活動 計入融資活動 <b>34.</b> ngent liabilities not provided	相賃現金流出總額 計入綜合現金流量表之租賃 下: 2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,656 2,935 4,591	現金流出總額如 202( 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元 3,414 2,742 6,156
Total cash outflow for leases The total cash outflow for leases included i of cash flows is as follows: Within operating activities Within financing activities CONTINGENT LIABILITIES At the end of the reporting period, conti	n the consolidated statement 計入經營活動 計入融資活動 <b>34.</b> ngent liabilities not provided	租賃現金流出總額         計入綜合現金流量表之租賃:         下:         2021         二零二一年         HK\$'000         千港元         1,656         2,935         4,591            交然負債         於報告期間結束時,於綜合財	現金流出總額如 2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元 3,414 2,745 6,156
Total cash outflow for leases The total cash outflow for leases included i of cash flows is as follows: Within operating activities Within financing activities CONTINGENT LIABILITIES At the end of the reporting period, conti	n the consolidated statement 計入經營活動 計入融資活動 <b>34.</b> ngent liabilities not provided	租賃現金流出總額         計入綜合現金流量表之租賃:         下:         2021         二零二一年         HK\$'000         千港元         1,656         2,935         4,591         或然負債         於報告期間結束時,於綜合財         備之或然負債如下:         2021         二零二一年	現金流出總額如 202 二零二零年 HK\$'00 千港戸 3,41 2,74 6,15 務報表內未作摺 202 二零二零年
Total cash outflow for leases The total cash outflow for leases included i of cash flows is as follows: Within operating activities Within financing activities CONTINGENT LIABILITIES At the end of the reporting period, conti	n the consolidated statement 計入經營活動 計入融資活動 <b>34.</b> ngent liabilities not provided	租賃現金流出總額         計入綜合現金流量表之租賃:         下:         2021         二零二一年         HK\$'000         千港元         1,656         2,935         4,591         或然負債         於報告期間結束時 · 於綜合財         備之或然負債如下:         2021         二零二一年         HK\$'000	現金流出總額如 202 二零二零年 HK\$'00 千港戸 3,41 2,74 6,15 務報表內未作摺 202 二零二零年 HK\$'00
Total cash outflow for leases The total cash outflow for leases included i of cash flows is as follows: Within operating activities Within financing activities CONTINGENT LIABILITIES At the end of the reporting period, conti	n the consolidated statement 計入經營活動 計入融資活動 <b>34.</b> ngent liabilities not provided	租賃現金流出總額         計入綜合現金流量表之租賃:         下:         2021         二零二一年         HK\$'000         千港元         1,656         2,935         4,591         或然負債         於報告期間結束時,於綜合財         備之或然負債如下:         2021         二零二一年	現金流出總額如 202( 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元 3,414 2,742 6,156
Total cash outflow for leases The total cash outflow for leases included i of cash flows is as follows: Within operating activities Within financing activities CONTINGENT LIABILITIES At the end of the reporting period, conti	n the consolidated statement 計入經營活動 計入融資活動 <b>34.</b> ngent liabilities not provided s are as follows:	相賃現金流出總額 計入綜合現金流量表之租賃: 下: 2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 干港元 1,656 2,935 4,591 成然負債 於報告期間結束時・於綜合財 備之或然負債如下: 2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 干港元	現金流出總額如 202 二零二零年 HK\$'00 千港戸 3,41 2,74 6,15 務報表內未作摺 202 二零二零年 HK\$'00



综合財務報表附註

#### 31 March 2021 二零二一年三月三十一日

#### 34. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (continued)

As at 31 March 2021, the bank lending facilities granted to joint ventures subject to cross-guarantees given to the banks by the Group were utilised to the extent of approximately HK\$6,306,296,000 (2020: HK\$5,909,591,000). For the financial guarantees provided to joint ventures in relation to the bank lending facilities granted, the Group has recognised the financial guarantee obligation amounting to HK\$73,646,000 (2020: HK\$43,301,000) as a liability as at 31 March 2021 which was disclosed in note 27 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **35. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

(a) In addition to the transactions detailed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following material transactions with related parties during the year:

#### 34. 或然負債(續)

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團就合營企 業獲授之銀行貸款信貸提供交互擔保予銀行, 已使用約6,306,296,000港元(二零二零年: 5,909,591,000港元)。對於就合營企業獲授之 銀行貸款信貸而提供之財務擔保,本集團已 於二零二一年三月三十一日將財務擔保責任 73,646,000港元(二零二零年:43,301,000港 元)確認為負債,詳情於綜合財務報表附註27披 露。

#### 35. 有關連人士交易

(a) 除該等綜合財務報表其他部分詳述之交易 外,本集團於年內與有關連人士進行了以 下重大交易:

		Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$′000 千港元
Joint venture: Dividend income	合營企業: 股息收入	(i)	81,585	69,930
Associates:	聯營公司:	(::)	4 2 2 0	
Sale of products Purchase of products	銷售產品 購買產品	(ii) (ii)	4,370 320	-
Service income Service expenses	服務收入 服務費用	(iii) (iii)	116 21	-

Notes:

- (i) The dividends declared by the joint venture of the Group were for the interim dividends for the six months ended 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019 and the year-end dividends for the years ended 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019.
- (ii) The sale to and purchase from associates were made at prices and terms mutually agreed between the parties.
- (iii) The service income received from associates and service expenses paid to an associate were made at prices and terms mutually agreed between the parties.

## (b) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group

The Group's key management personnel are the Executive Directors of the Company, and further details of their emoluments are included in note 8(b) to the consolidated financial statements.

附註:

- (i) 本集團一間合營企業所宣派之股息乃就截至二零 二零年六月三十日及二零一九年六月三十日止 六個月之中期股息及就截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日及二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度宣 派之年終股息。
- (ii) 聯營公司的銷售及購買乃按訂約方共同協定的價 格及條款進行。
- (iii) 已收聯營公司服務收入及已付一間聯營公司服務 費用乃按訂約方共同協定的價格及條款進行。

#### (b) 本集團主要管理人員之補償

本集團之主要管理人員為本公司之執行董 事,有關彼等酬金之進一步詳情載於綜合 財務報表附註8(b)。



#### **36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY**

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

#### 2021

**Financial assets** 

#### 36. 金融工具之分類

各類別金融工具於報告期間結束時之賬面金額 如下:

综合財務報表附註 31 March 2021 \_零\_-年三月三十一日

二零二一年 金融資產

		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 透過損益按公平價值 列賬之金融資產				
			Designated as such upon initial	Mandatorily	Financial assets at amortised	
			<b>recognition</b> 於初步 確認時指定	designated 強制指定	cost 按攤銷成本列賬 之金融資產	Total 合計
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Due from associates	應收聯營公司款項	18	_	-	987	987
Trade receivables	應收貿易賬款	21	-	-	34,886	34,886
Financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and	計入預付款項、按金及 其他應收款項之金融資產					
other receivables		22	-	-	15,555	15,555
Financial assets at fair value	透過損益按公平價值列賬					
through profit or loss	之金融資產	19	37,298	35,587	-	72,885
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結存	23	-	-	123,678	123,678
Deposits with other financial	於其他金融機構之存款					
institutions		23	-	-	620	620
			37,298	35,587	175,726	248,611
Financial liabilities			金麗	融負債		

			Financial liabilities at amortised cost 按攤銷成本列賬
			之金融負債
		Notes	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元
Trade payables	應付貿易賬款	24	4,990
Deposits received	已收按金	24	2,357
Financial liabilities included in accrued expenses	計入應計費用的金融負債	24	13,038
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	14	1,645
Financial guarantee obligation	附息銀行借款	27	73,646
			95,676



**综合財務報表附註** 

#### 36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (continued)

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period are as follows: (continued)

#### 2020 Financial assets

36. 金融工具之分類(續)

各類別金融工具於報告期間結束時之賬面金額 如下:(續)

二零二零年 **金融資產** 

			Financial assets through pro 透過損益按 列賬之金	ofit or loss 公平價值		
			Designated		Financial	
			as such		assets at	
			upon initial	Mandatorily	amortised	
			recognition 於初步	designated	cost 按攤銷成本列賬	Total
			確認時指定	強制指定	之金融資產	合計
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Due from associates Trade receivables	應收聯營公司款項	18 21	-	_	115	115
Financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and	應收貿易賬款 計入預付款項、按金及 其他應收款項之	21	-	_	78,935	78,935
other receivables Financial assets at fair value	金融資產 透過損益按公平價值列賬之	22	-	-	13,767	13,767
through profit or loss	金融資產	19	48,605	55,125	_	103,730
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結存	23	-	-	85,762	85,762
Deposits with other financial institutions	於其他金融機構之存款	23	_	_	1,985	1,985
			48,605	55,125	180,564	284,294

#### **Financial liabilities**

金融負債

			Financial liabilities at amortised cost 按攤銷成本列賬 之金融負債
		Notes	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元
Trade payables	應付貿易賬款	24	21,626
Deposits received	已收按金	24	1,534
Financial liabilities included in accrued expenses	計入應計費用的金融負債	24	16,954
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	14	6,712
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	附息銀行借款	26	97,811
Financial guarantee obligation	財務擔保責任	27	43,301

187,938



综合財務報表附註

## 37. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

## **37.** 金融工具公平價值及公平價值等級 架構

The carrying amounts and fair values of the Group's financial instruments, other than those with carrying amounts that reasonably approximate to fair values, are as follows:

本集團金融工具(賬面金額與公平價值合理地相 若者除外)之賬面金額及公平價值如下:

		Carrying amounts 賬面金額		Fair v 公平	
		2021	2020	2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年	二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Financial assets	金融資產				
Financial assets at fair value	透過損益按公平價值列賬之				
through profit or loss	金融資產	72,885	103,730	72,885	103,730
Non-current deposits	非流動按金	1,932	1,992	1,932	1,992
		74,817	105,722	74,817	105,722
Financial liabilities	金融負債				
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	1,645	6,712	1,645	6,712

Management has assessed that the fair values of cash and cash equivalents, amounts due from associates, trade receivables, financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables (other than non-current deposits), trade payables, interest-bearing bank borrowings and financial guarantee obligation approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.

The Group's finance department headed by the finance manager is responsible for determining the policies and procedures for the fair value measurement of financial instruments. The finance manager reports directly to the chief financial officer and the audit committee. At each reporting date, the finance department analyses the movements in the values of financial instruments and determines the major inputs applied in the valuation. The valuation is reviewed and approved by the chief financial officer. The valuation process and results are discussed with the audit committee twice a year for interim and annual financial reporting. 管理層評定,現金及等同現金項目、應收聯營 公司款項、應收貿易賬款、計入預付款項、按 金及其他應收款項之金融資產(非流動按金除 外)、應付貿易賬款、附息銀行借款及財務擔保 責任之公平價值與其賬面金額相若,主要由於 該等工具均於短期內到期。

本集團由財務經理統領之財務部門負責釐定計 算金融工具公平價值之政策及程序。財務經理 直接向首席財務總監及審核委員會匯報。財務 部門於各報告日期分析金融工具價值之變動, 並釐定估值中使用之主要輸入值。首席財務總 監審閱並批准估值。審核委員會則一年兩度為 中期及年度財務申報事宜討論估值過程及結 果。



**综合財務報表附註** 

#### 37. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

The fair values of non-current deposits and lease liabilities have been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates currently available for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities. The Group's own non-performance risk for lease liabilities as at 31 March 2021 was assessed to be insignificant.

The fair values of listed equity, bond investments and an equity investment traded over-the-counter measured as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are based on guoted market prices. The fair values of unlisted equity investments measured as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss have been estimated with reference to multiples of comparable listed companies, such as the average of the enterprise value to sales ratio ("EV/Sales") or issued prices of recent transactions. The fair values of investments in convertible bonds measured as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss have been estimated with reference to the available financial information and final price value from Credit Event Auction by Creditex. The fair values of key management insurance contracts classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are based on the account values less surrender charges, quoted by the vendors. The directors believe that the estimated fair values resulting from the valuation technique, which are recorded in the consolidated statement of financial position, and the related changes in fair values, which are recorded in profit or loss are reasonable, and that they were the most appropriate values at the end of the reporting period.

## **37.** 金融工具公平價值及公平價值等級 架構 (續)

金融資產及負債之公平價值以有關工具於自願 交易方(而非強迫或清盤銷售)當前交易下之可 交易金額入賬。下列方法及假設乃用於估算公 平價值:

非流動按金及租賃負債之公平價值乃使用具類 似條款、信貸風險及餘下到期日之工具之現時 利率將預期未來現金流量貼現而計算。於二零 二一年三月三十一日,本集團因租賃負債而產 生之違約風險被評定為並不重大。

透過損益按公平價值列賬之計量為金融資產的 上市股本、債券投資及場外交易股本投資之公 平價值乃根據所報市價計算。透過損益按公平 價值列賬之計量為金融資產的非上市股本投資 之公平價值乃參考可資比較上市公司之倍數 (例如平均企業價值對銷售額(「企業價值/銷售 額」)比率或近期交易的發行價估算。透過損益 按公平價值列賬之計量為金融資產之可換股債 券投資之公平價值已參考可得公開財務資料及 Creditex的信貸事件拍賣(Credit Event Auction) 所得之最終價值估算。分類為透過損益按公平 價值列賬之金融資產的主要管理人員保險合約 之公平價值乃依照賬戶價值減退保費用(由賣方 報價)計算。董事相信,以估值技術得出之估計 公平價值(於綜合財務狀況表記錄)及公平價值 之相關變動(於損益記錄)均為合理,並為報告 期間結束時最合適之價值。



#### 綜合財務報表附註 31 March 2021 二零二一年三月三十一日

#### **37. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF** FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Below is a summary of significant unobservable inputs to the valuation of financial instruments together with a quantitative sensitivity analysis as at 31 March 2021 and 2020:

#### 37. 金融工具公平價值及公平價值等級 架構(續)

金融工具估值於二零二一年及二零二零年三月 三十一日之重大不可觀察輸入值連同定量敏感 度分析概述如下:

	Valuation technique 估值技術	Significant unobservable input 重大不可觀察輸入值	Value 數值	Sensitivity of fair value to input 公平價值對輸入值之敏感度
Unlisted equity investments classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 非上市股本投資,分類為透過損益 按公平價值列賬之金融資產	Market comparable companies 市場可資比較公司	EV/Sales 企業價值/銷售額	0.35x to 3.04x (2020: 0.44x to 1.15x) 0.35倍至3.04倍 (二零二零年: 0.44倍至 1.15倍)	5% increase (decrease) in EV/Sales multiple would result in increase (decrease) in fair value by HK\$16,000 (2020: HK\$ HK\$634,000) 企業價值/銷售額比率上升(下降)5%將導致公平價 值上升(下跌)16,000港元(二零二零年: 634,000 港元)
		Marketability discount 可銷售性折讓	15.8% (2020: 15.8%) 15.8% (二零二零年: 15.8%)	5% increase (decrease) in the marketability discount would result in decrease (increase) in fair value by HK\$10,000 (2020: HK\$2,592,000) 可銷售性折讓上升(下降)5%將導致公平價值下跌 (上升)10,000港元(二零二零年: 2,592,000港元)
		Minority discount 少數股東權益折讓	25.10% (2020: 22.00%) 25.10% (二零二零年 : 22.00%)	5% increase (decrease) in the minority discount would result in decrease (increase) in fair value by HK\$18,000 (2020: HK\$2,468,000) 少數股東權益折讓上升(下降)5%將導致公平價值下 跌(上升)18,000港元(二零二零年: 2,468,000 港元)
		Discount rate 貼現率	17.00% (2020: 16.52%) 17.00% (二零二零年 : 16.52%)	5% increase (decrease) in the discount rate would result in decrease (increase) in fair value by HK\$42,000 (2020: HK\$1,940,000) 貼現率上升(下降)5%將導致公平價值下跌(上升) 42,000港元(二零二零年: 1,940,000港元)
		Terminal growth rate 永久増長率	3.00% (2020: 3.92%) 3.00% (二零二零年: 3.92%)	5% increase (decrease) in the terminal growth rate would result in increase (decrease) in fair value by HK\$4,000 (2020: HK\$2,050,000) 永久增長率上升(下降)5%將導致公平價值上升(下 跌)4,000港元(二零二零年:2,050,000港元)



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#### 37. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

## **37.** 金融工具公平價值及公平價值等級 架構(續)

	Valuation technique 估值技術	Significant unobservable input 重大不可觀察輸入值	Value 數值	Sensitivity of fair value to input 公平價值對輸入值之敏感度
Investment in convertible bonds classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 於分類為透過損益按公平價值列賬 的金融資產的可換股債券的投資	Market comparable companies 市場可資比較公司	Final price value from Credit Event Auction by Creditex Creditex的信貸事件 拍賣(Credit Event Auction)所得之最終 價值	0% (2020: 7%) 0% (二零二零年 : 7%)	5% increase in final price value from Credit Event Auction by Creditex would result in increase in fair value by HK\$3,146,000 (2020: HK\$3,146,000) 5% decrease in final price value from Credit Event Auction by Creditex would result in decrease in fair value by nil (2020: HK\$3,146,000) Creditex的信貸事件拍賣(Credit Event Auction)所得之 最終價值上升5%將導致公平價值上升3,146,000 港元 (二零二零年: 3,146,000港元) Creditex的信貸事件拍賣(Credit Event Auction)之最 終價值下降5%將導致公平價值下降零(二零二零 年: 3,146,000港元)
Key management insurance contracts classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 主要管理人員保險合約,分類為透 過損益按公平價值列賬之金融資 產	N/A 不適用	Account values 賬戶價值	HK\$27,343,000 (2020: HK\$26,661,000) 27,343,000港元 (二零二零年: 26,661,000港元)	5% (2020: 5%) increase (decrease) in account values would result in increase (decrease) in fair value by HK\$1,367,000 (2020: HK\$1,333,000) 賬戶價值上升(下降)5%(二零二零年: 5%)將導致 公平價值上升(下跌)1,367,000港元(二零二零年: 1,333,000港元)
يت ب		Surrender charges 退保費用	HK\$2,642,000 (2020: HK\$2,770,000) 2,642,000港元 (二零二零年: 2,770,000港元)	5% (2020: 5%) increase (decrease) in surrender charges would result in decrease (increase) in fair value by HK\$132,000 (2020: HK\$139,000) 退保費用上升(下降)5%(二零二零年:5%)將導致 公平價值下跌(上升)132,000港元(二零二零年: 139,000港元)



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#### 37. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### Fair value hierarchy

The following tables illustrate the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's financial instruments:

#### Assets measured at fair value:

#### As at 31 March 2021:

## **37.** 金融工具公平價值及公平價值等級 架構(續)

#### 公平價值等級架構

下表列示計算本集團金融工具公平價值之等級 架構:

按公平價值計量之資產:

於二零二一年三月三十一日:

	Fair value measurement using 計量公平價值時使用		
	Significant	Significant	Quoted prices
	unobservable	observable	in active
	inputs	inputs	markets
	重大不可觀察	重大可觀察	活躍市場
	輸入值	輸入值	之報價
Total	(Level 3)	(Level 2)	(Level 1)
合計	(第三層)	(第二層)	(第一層)
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元

Financial assets at fair value through	透過損益按公平價值列賬				
profit or loss	之金融資產	44,962	_	27,923	72,885

As at 31 March 2020:

於二零二零年三月三十一日:

		Fair value measurement using 計量公平價值時使用			
		Quoted prices in active	Significant observable	Significant unobservable	
		markets 活躍市場	inputs 重大可觀察	inputs 重大不可觀察	
		之報價	輸入值	輸入值	
		(Level 1) (第一層)	(Level 2) (第二層)	(Level 3) (第三層)	Total 合計
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK <b>\$'000</b> 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	透過損益按公平價值列賬 之金融資產	55,125	_	48.605	103.730



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#### 37. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### 37. 金融工具公平價值及公平價值等級 架構(續) 公平價值等級架構(續)

#### Fair value hierarchy (continued)

#### Assets measured at fair value: (continued)

年內,第三層內公平價值計量之變動如下:

按公平價值計量之資產:(續)

The movements in fair value measurements within Level 3 during the year are as follows:

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		40.605	54 630
At beginning of year	年初	48,605	54,638
Total losses recognised in profit or loss	於損益確認之虧損總額	(14,027)	(16,863)
Purchases	購買	5,633	8,692
Transferred from Level 2	自第二層轉出	_	3,881
Transferred to Level 1	轉入第一層	(14,093)	-
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	1,805	(1,743)
At end of year	年末	27,923	48,605

The Group did not have any financial liabilities measured at fair value as at 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020.

During the year, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and a financial asset of HK\$14,093,000 was transferred from Level 3 into Level 1 since the financial asset was traded over-the-counter during the year and the fair value of it was based on the quoted market prices. There were no transfers into or out of Level 3 for financial liabilities. In the prior year, a financial asset of HK\$3,881,000 was transferred from Level 2 into Level 3 since the financial asset was purchased by the Group in year 2019 and the fair value of it was based on the recent investment cost in that year and no recent transaction was noted for such financial asset and the fair value of it was determined based on significant unobservable inputs. 於二零二一年三月三十一日及二零二零年三月 三十一日,本集團概無任何按公平價值計量之 金融負債。

年內,第一及第二層公平價值計量之間並無轉 移,惟金額為14,093,000港元的金融資產自第 三層轉入第一層,乃由於金融資產於年內在場 外交易及其公平價值乃以所報市價為基礎。概 無金融負債轉入或轉出第三層。於上個年度, 金融資產3,881,000港元自第二層轉入第三層, 乃由於金融資產由本集團於二零一九年購入及 其公平價值乃以於該年毒的當時投資成本為基 礎及該金融資產並無近期交易及其公平價值乃 基於重大不可觀察輸入數據釐定。



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#### 37. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

Assets for which fair values are disclosed:

As at 31 March 2021:

**37.** 金融工具公平價值及公平價值等級 架構 (續)

公平價值等級架構(續) 披露公平價值之資產:

於二零二一年三月三十一日:

Fair value measurement using 計量公平價值時使用

	Significant	Significant	Quoted prices
	unobservable	observable	in active
	inputs	inputs	markets
	重大不可觀察	重大可觀察	活躍市場
	輸入值	輸入值	之報價
Total	(Level 3)	(Level 2)	(Level 1)
合計	(第三層)	(第二層)	(第一層)
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元

Non-current deposits 非流動按金 – – **1,932** 

As at 31 March 2020:

於二零二零年三月三十一日:

1,932

			Fair value measurement using 計量公平價值時使用			
		Quoted prices in active markets	Significant observable inputs	Significant unobservable inputs		
		活躍市場 之報價	重大可觀察 輸入值	重大不可觀察 輸入值		
		(Level 1) (第一層)	(Level 2) (第二層)	(Level 3) (第三層)	Tota 合言	
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'00( 千港元	
Non-current deposits	非流動按金	_	_	1,992	1,992	



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#### 37. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### Fair value hierarchy (continued)

Liabilities for which fair values are disclosed:

As at 31 March 2021:

37. 金融工具公平價值及公平價值等級 架構(續) 公平價值等級架構(續)

披露公平價值之負債:

於二零二一年三月三十一日:

Fair value measurement using 計量公平價值時使用

		計	計量公平價值時使用			
		Quoted prices	Significant	Significant		
		in active	observable	unobservable		
		markets	inputs	inputs		
		活躍市場	重大可觀察	重大不可觀察		
		之報價	輸入值	輸入值		
		(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	Total	
		(第一層)	(第二層)	(第三層)	合計	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
Loose liebilities	和任白库		4 645		1 6 4 5	
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	-	1,645	-	1,645	

As at 31 March 2020:

於二零二零年三月三十一日:

			Fair value measurement using 計量公平價值時使用		
		Quoted prices in active	Significant observable	Significant unobservable	
		markets 活躍市場	inputs 重大可觀察	inputs 重大不可觀察	
		之報價 (Level 1)	輸入值 (Level 2)	輸入值 (Level 3)	Total
		(第一層)	(第二層)	(第三層)	合計
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	_	6,712	_	6,712



#### 38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise interest-bearing bank borrowings, lease liabilities, cash and bank balances and deposits with other financial institutions. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as trade receivables and trade payables, which arise directly from its operations. The Group is also exposed to market price risk in respect of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and market price risk. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

#### **Interest rate risk**

The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's interest-bearing bank borrowings with floating interest rates.

The Group's funding policy is to use short term interest-bearing debts to finance its working capital requirements and interest-bearing debts over one year or internally generated resources to finance its capital investments. The Group borrows mainly at floating interest rates. Interest-bearing debts over one year will only be considered for capital investments under favourable market conditions.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax (through the impact on floating rate borrowings).

#### 38. 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要金融工具包括附息銀行借款、租 賃負債、現金及銀行結存以及於其他金融機構 之存款。該等金融工具之主要用途乃為本集 團營運集資。本集團有其他多項金融資產及負 債,例如應收貿易賬款及應付貿易賬款,均自 本集團營運直接產生。本集團亦因透過損益按 公平價值列賬之金融資產而面臨市價風險。

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本集團金融工具所產生之主要風險為利率風 險、外幣風險、信貸風險、流動資金風險及市 價風險。董事會檢討及協定有關管理各風險之 政策,現概述如下。

#### 利率風險

本集團因市場利率變動而面臨之風險主要與本 集團按浮動利率計息之附息銀行借款有關。

本集團之資金政策為以短期附息債務撥付其營 運資金需要,並以一年以上之附息債務或內部 產生資源撥付其資本投資。本集團之借款主要 按浮動利率計息。僅會在有利之市況下就資本 投資考慮一年以上之附息債務。

下表列示本集團的除税前溢利在所有其他變量 保持不變的情況下,對利率的合理可能變動的 敏感度(通過對浮息借貸的影響)。

		Increase/ (decrease) in basis points 基點 增加/(減少)	Increase/ (decrease) in profit before tax 除税前溢利 增加/(減少) HK\$'000 千港元
2020	二零二零年		
Hong Kong dollars	港元	100	(980)
Hong Kong dollars	港元	(100)	980

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk as at 31 March 2021 is considered to be minimal.

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團面臨的利 率風險極小。



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#### 38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

#### Foreign currency risk

The Group has no significant foreign currency risk because its business is principally conducted in Hong Kong and most of the transactions are denominated in Hong Kong dollars or United States dollars. Since the Hong Kong dollar is pegged to the United States dollar, the Group's exposure to foreign currency risk is considered to be minimal.

#### **Credit risk**

The Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy third parties and associates. It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis and the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant.

#### Maximum exposure and year-end staging

The table below shows the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Group's credit policy, which is mainly based on past due information unless other information is available without undue cost or effort, and year-end staging classification at the end of the reporting period. The amounts presented are gross carrying amounts for financial assets.

#### As at 31 March 2021

#### 38. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 外幣風險

本集團並無重大外幣風險,因其主要於香港經 營業務,其大部分交易亦以港元或美元計值。 由於港元與美元掛鈎,故本集團所面臨之外幣 風險被視為微不足道。

#### 信貸風險

本集團只與經認可而信譽可靠之第三方及聯營 公司進行買賣。本集團之政策為所有有意以信 貸條款進行買賣之客戶均須經過信貸核實程 序。此外,應收款項結餘乃按持續基準監察, 而本集團所面臨之壞賬風險並不重大。

#### 最大風險及年末階段

下表列示以本集團信貸政策為基準的信貸質素 以及所面臨的最大信貸風險,該信貸政策乃主 要以逾期資料(毋須投入過多成本或精力即可得 之其他資料除外)及報告期末的年末階段分類。 所呈列金額為金融資產之賬面總金額。

#### 於二零二一年三月三十一日

		12-month ECLs 12 個月預期 信貸虧損	Lifetime ECLs 全期預期信貸虧損			
		Stage 1 階段1 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 2 階段2 HK\$′000 千港元	Stage 3 階段3 HK\$′000 千港元	Simplified approach 簡化法 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$′000 千港元
Trade receivables*	應收貿易賬款*	_	_	_	46,832	46,832
Due from associates	應收聯營公司款項					
– Not yet past due	一尚未逾期	987	-	-	-	987
Financial assets included in prepayments,	於預付款項、按金及其他應收					
deposits and other receivables	款項內列賬之金融資產					
– Normal**	一正常**	15,555	-	-	-	15,555
– Doubtful**		-	-	4,946	-	4,946
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結存					
– Not yet past due	一尚未逾期	123,678	-	-	-	123,678
Deposits with other financial institutions	於其他金融機構之存款					
– Not yet past due	一尚未逾期	620	-	-	-	620
		140,840	-	4,946	46,832	192,618





#### 38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

### Credit risk (continued)

Maximum exposure and year-end staging (continued)

As at 31 March 2020

#### 38. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### <mark>信貸風險(續)</mark> 最大風險及年末階段(續)

於二零二零年三月三十一日

		12-month ECLs 12 個月預期 信貸虧損	ECLs 12 個月預期 Lifetime ECLs			
		Stage 1 階段1 HK <b>\$</b> '000 千港元	Stage 2 階段2 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 3 階段3 HK <b>\$</b> '000 千港元	Simplified approach 簡化法 HK <b>\$</b> '000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables* Due from associates	應收貿易賬款* 應收聯營公司款項	-	_	_	89,743	89,743
<ul> <li>Not yet past due</li> <li>Financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables</li> </ul>	一尚未逾期 於預付款項、按金及其他應收 款項內列賬之金融資產	115	-	-	_	115
– Normal**	一正常**	13,767	-	-	-	13,767
– Doubtful**	一呆賬**	-	-	5,016	-	5,016
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結存					
– Not yet past due	一尚未逾期	85,762	-	-	-	85,762
Deposits with other financial institutions	於其他金融機構之存款					
– Not yet past due	一尚未逾期	1,985	-	-	-	1,985
		101,629	-	5,016	89,743	196,388
	ne Group applies the simplified ap In the provision matrix is disclosed ments.				貿易賬款採用簡 ↓披露於綜合財	
** The credit quality of the financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables is considered to be "normal" when they are not past due and there is no information indicating that the financial assets had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. Otherwise, the credit quality of the financial assets is considered to be "doubtful".		資產的 無資料	的信貸質素於其 A表明金融資產	其他應收款項內 未逾期時被視為 自初步確認起的 融資產的信貸質	「正常」,概 ]信貸風險有	

Further quantitative data in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade receivables are disclosed in note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

有關本集團因應收貿易賬款而面臨之信貸風險 之進一步定量分析數據乃於綜合財務報表附註 21披露。



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#### 38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

#### Liquidity risk

The Group aims to maintain sufficient cash and credit lines to meet its liquidity requirements. The Group finances its working capital requirements through a combination of funds generated from operations and bank borrowings.

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows:

#### 38. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 流動資金風險

本集團的目標是持有充足現金及信貸額度,滿 足其流動資金需求。本集團通過結合經營產生 的資金與銀行借貸為其營運資金需求撥付資 金。

本集團之金融負債於報告期間結束時按訂約未 貼現付款之到期資料如下:

			<b>2021</b> 二零二一年		
		Within 1 year or	More than 1 year but less than	More than 2 years but less than	
		on demand 一年內或	<b>2 years</b> 一年以上	<b>5 years</b> 兩年以上	Total
		按要求償還	中	個 少 於 五 年	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Trade payables	應付貿易賬款	4,990	-	-	4,990
Deposits received	已收按金	2,357	-	-	2,357
Financial liabilities included in	計入應計費用的金融負債				
accrued expenses		13,038	-	-	13,038
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	929	574	270	1,773
Guarantees given to banks in connection with facilities granted	就授予合營企業之信貸 提供予銀行之擔保(附註34)				
to joint ventures (note 34)		6,306,296	-	-	6,306,296
		6,327,610	574	270	6,328,454





#### **38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES**

AND POLICIES (continued)

## 38. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

Liquidity risk (continued)

流動資金風險(續)

			2020		
			二零二零年		
			More than	More than	
		Within	1 year but	2 years but	
		1 year or	less than	less than	
		on demand	2 years	5 years	Total
		一年內或	一年以上	兩年以上	
		按要求償還	但少於兩年	但少於五年	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Trade payables	應付貿易賬款	21,626	-	-	21,626
Deposits received	已收按金	1,534	-	-	1,534
Financial liabilities included in	計入應計費用的金融負債				
accrued expenses		16,954	-	-	16,954
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	3,672	2,437	800	6,909
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	附息銀行借款	97,811	-	-	97,811
Guarantees given to banks in	就授予合營企業之信貸				
connection with facilities granted	提供予銀行之擔保(附註34)				
to joint ventures (note 34)		5,909,591	_	_	5,909,591
		6,051,188	2,437	800	6,054,425

#### Market price risk

Market price risk is the risk that the fair values of equity securities decrease as a result of changes in the levels of equity indices and the value of individual securities. The Group is exposed to market price risk arising from individual equity investments and key management insurance contracts classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (note 19). Most of the Group's listed equity investments are listed on the Stock Exchange and were valued at quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period.

The market equity index for the Stock Exchange, at the close of business of the nearest trading day in the year to the end of the reporting period, and their respective highest and lowest points during the year are as follows:

#### 市價風險

市價風險為股本指數及個別證券價值水平之變 動導致股本證券公平價值下降之風險。本集團 因個別股本投資及分類為透過損益按公平價值 列賬之金融資產之主要管理人員保險合約(附註 19)而面臨市價風險。本集團大部分上市股本投 資乃於聯交所上市,並按於報告期間結束時所 報之市價計算估值。

於最接近報告期間結束時之年內交易日營業時 間結束時,於聯交所之市場股本指數,以及彼 等各自之年內最高及最低點數如下:

		31 March 2021	High/low 2021	31 March 2020	High/low 2020
		二零二一年 三月三十一日	二零二一年	二零二零年 三月三十一日	
Hong Kong - Hang Seng Index	香港-恒生指數	28,578	31,085/22,930	23,175	30,157/21,696



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#### 38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

#### Market price risk (continued)

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to every 5% change in the fair values of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and key management insurance contracts with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax, based on their carrying amounts at the end of the reporting period.

#### 38. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 市價風險(續)

下表列示在所有其他變數維持不變之情況下, 按報告期間結束時之賬面金額計算,透過損益 按公平價值列賬之金融資產及主要管理人員保 險合約之公平價值每變動5%,本集團除税前溢 利之敏感度。

In average /

			Increase/
		Carrying	decrease in profit
		amount	before tax
		amount	除税前溢利
		賬面金額	增加/減少
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
2021	二零二一年		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Key management insurance contracts classified as financial assets at fair value through	透過損益按公平價值列賬之金融資產 分類為透過損益按公平價值列賬之 金融資產之主要管理人員	48,184	2,409
profit or loss	保險合約	24,701	1,235
			Increase/
			decrease
		Carrying	in profit
		amount	before tax 除税前溢利
		賬面金額	增加/減少
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
2020	二零二零年		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Key management insurance contracts classified as financial assets at fair value through	透過損益按公平價值列賬之金融資產 分類為透過損益按公平價值列賬之 金融資產之主要管理人員	79,839	3,992
profit or loss	並融員進之主委官珪八頁 保險合約	23,891	1,195



#### 38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

#### **Capital management**

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise the shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Group is required to comply and has complied with certain capital requirements set out in the bank lending facilities. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by the total capital. The Group's policy is to maintain the gearing ratio at less than 75%. Net debt includes trade payables, lease liabilities and interest-bearing bank borrowings, less cash and cash equivalents and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss included in current assets. Capital represents total equity.

The gearing ratios as at the end of the reporting periods are as follows:

#### 38. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 資本管理

本集團資本管理之主要目標是保障本集團持續 經營之能力,並維持穩健之資本比率,以支持 其業務及爭取最大之股東價值。

综合財務報表附註

本集團根據經濟狀況之轉變管理其資本結構及 作出調整。本集團或會藉着調整向股東派發之 股息、向股東發還資本或發行新股以保持或調 整資本結構。本集團須遵守並已遵守銀行貸款 信貸所載之若干資本規定。於截至二零二一年 三月三十一日及二零二零年三月三十一日止年 度,本集團管理資本之目標、政策或程序概無 轉變。

本集團利用資本負債比率(債務淨額除以資本總額)監察資本。本集團之政策乃將資本負債比 率維持於75%以下。債務淨額包括應付貿易賬 款、租賃負債及附息銀行借款,減計入流動資 產的現金及等同現金項目及透過損益按公平價 值列賬之金融資產。資本指權益總額。

於報告期間結束時之資本負債比率如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$′000 千港元
Trade payables	應付貿易賬款	4,990	21,626
Lease liabilities	和賃負債	1,645	6,712
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	附息銀行借款	-	97,811
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	減:現金及等同現金項目	(124,298)	(87,747)
Less: Financial assets at fair value through	減:透過損益按公平價值列賬之		
profit or loss included in current assets	金融資產計入流動資產	(48,184)	(79,839)
Net cash	現金淨 額	(165,847)	(41,437)
Total capital	資本總 額	1,425,009	1,180,997
Gearing ratio	資本負債比率	<b>N/A</b> 不適用	N/A 不適用



綜合財務報表附註 31 March 2021 二零二一年三月三十一日

#### **39. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY**

#### 39. 本公司之財務狀況表

Information about the statement of financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

有關本公司財務狀況表於報告期間結束時之資 料如下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產		
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	117	126
Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之投資	655,368	616,443
Total non-current assets	非流動 資產總值	655,485	616,569
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產		
Due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	982	851
Prepayments	預付款項	301	199
Financial assets at fair value through	透過損益按公平價值列賬		
profit or loss	之金融資產	-	2,840
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及等同現金項目	846	1,116
Total current assets	流動資 產總值	2,129	5,006
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債		
Accrued expenses	應計費用	8,363	5,724
Financial guarantee obligation	財務擔保責任	73,646	43,301
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額	82,009	49,025
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債淨額	(79,880)	(44,019)
Net assets	資產淨值	575,605	572,550
	權益		
EQUITY Issued capital	<b>惟益</b> 已發行股本	90,866	90,866
Reserves (note)	居備(附註)	484,739	90,866 481,684
			,
Total equity	權益總額	575,605	572,550





## 39. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (continued)

#### 39. 本公司之財務狀況表(續)

Note:

A summary of the Company's reserves is as follows:

附註:

本公司之儲備概述如下:

		Share premium account 股份溢價賬 HK\$'000 千港元	Capital redemption reserve 股本贖回儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Retained profits 保留溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日	429,719	16,142	9,440	455,301
Total comprehensive income for the year Dividend paid	年內全面收入總額 已派股息	-		44,556 (18,173)	44,556 (18,173)
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日及 二零二零年四月一日	429,719	16,142	35,823	481,684
Total comprehensive income for the year Dividend paid	年內全面收入總額 已 派股息		- -	34,858 (31,803)	34,858 (31,803)
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	429,719	16,142	38,878	484,739

In accordance with the Companies Law (2004 Revision) of the Cayman Islands, the Company's share premium account is distributable in certain circumstances.

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised

40. APPROVAL OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

for issue by the Board of Directors on 25 June 2021.

**STATEMENTS** 

根據開曼群島公司法(二零零四年修訂法),本 公司之股份溢價賬在若干情況下可予分派。

#### 40. 綜合財務報表之批准

本綜合財務報表已於二零二一年六月二十五日 獲董事會批准及授權刊發。



# List of Investment Properties 投資物業清單 31 March 2021 =零=-年三月三十一日



Address	Approximate gross areas	Lot number	Lease expiry	Effective equity interest to the Group 本集團應佔	Usage
地址	概約總面積	地段編號	租約到期日	實際股權	用途
HONG KONG 香港					
Flat 302, 3/F, Block G, Telford Gardens, No. 33 Wai Yip Street, Kowloon Bay, Kowloon 九龍九龍灣偉業街33號德福花園G座3樓302室	603.00 sq.ft.	NKI 5744	2047	100%	Residential
	603.00平方呎	NKI 5744	二零四七年	100%	住宅
MAINLAND CHINA 中國內地					
Units A-D, 25/F, Noble Center, 1006 Fu Zhong San Road, Futian District, Shenzhen City, Guangdong Province 廣東省深圳市福田區福中三路1006號 諾德中心25樓A至D室	1,000.77 sq.m.	N/A	2053	100%	Office
	1,000.77平方米	不適用	二零五三年	100%	辦公室
The whole of 28th Floor, Tower One, Neptune Center, Gaoxin District, Chengdu City, Sichuan Province	1,088.42 sq.m.	N/A	2048	100%	Services apartments
四川省成都市高新區海洋中心一期28樓整樓	1,088.42平方米	不適用	二零四八年	100%	服務式公寓
SINGAPORE 新加坡					
37 Orange Grove Rood, #04-11, Orange Grove Residences, Singapore	185.00 sq.m.	N/A	Freehold property	100%	Residential
	185.00平方米	不適用	永久業權物業	100%	住宅

